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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXV NO. 96 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 24 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Role Of Nazis In Italo-Austrian Plans

"Systematisation" Of Danube Valley

Schuschnigg-Mussolini Talks

Both Dictators Agree On Shelving Hapsburg Restoration Issue

AUSTRO-ITALIAN CO-OPERATION

Dictators Brush Aside Differences

VENICE, April 23.

Dr. Schuschnigg in a three-hour conversation with Signor Mussolini is understood to have declared that Austria will continue to collaborate in the Rome Protocols without change provided that Italian foreign policy is unchanged.

Austria did not wish to join an Italo-German bloc or counter bloc against Germany and desired friendship with all her neighbours.

It is understood that Schuschnigg accepted Mussolini's pledge that the restoration of Otto is at present inopportune but Mussolini accepted Austrian case that restoration is an internal Austrian question.

The two dictators on these lines brushed aside recent divergences. It is opined that shelving of restoration will reassure Germany and relieve tension between Austrian Government and Nazis.

It is stated there is no question of bringing Czechoslovakia into Rome Protocols.—Reuter.

SECOND AND FINAL TALK

VENICE, April 23.

The second and final conversation between Signor Mussolini and Dr. Schuschnigg occurred this morning. The keynote of the meetings was 'cordiality', state both the delegations. To-night Dr. Schuschnigg leaves.

STRICT POLICE GUARD

Strict precautions were taken to protect the Dictators. Squads of Carabineers marched and countermarched throughout the night round about Danielli Hotel, where Dr. Schuschnigg stayed. The police and plain clothes men stood at street corners and landing stages "scrutinising passersby in narrow streets and canal banks. The police launches darted about the lagoon. Meanwhile such secrecy surrounded Signor Mussolini that few knew where he slept. Probably, he was aboard the Yacht "Aurora", which lay off the shore guarded by two destroyers.

VISIT TO GERMAN LINER

During the interval in the talks this morning, Signor Mussolini visited the German cruising liner 'Milwaukee', anchored in lagoon with hundreds of German tourists aboard, where he was welcomed by the shipping company's representative "on his first visit to German soil."—Reuter

SYSTEMATISATION OF DANUBE VALLY

VENICE, April 23.

Perfect identity of views between Sgr. Mussolini and Dr. Schuschnigg is recorded in a communique issued at the conclusion of the Venice talks.

The communique refers to "the systematisation of the Danube Valley, and declares that this cannot be usefully conceived or put into practice without the participation of Germany.

It adds that the Chancellor and Sgr. Mussolini fully examined the economic relations between the two countries and stressed the important contribution early in the economic reconstruction of Austria, by an intensive exchange of Italo-Austrian goods.—Reuter.

CASE AGAINST CONGRESSMEN

Charge Of Obstruction Of Traffic And "Not Orderly" Conduct

CALCUTTA, April 23.

Mr. J. K. Biswas, Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, today began the hearing of a case in which Hemanta Kumar Bose and sixteen other Congress workers are prosecuted under the Calcutta Police Act on charges of contravening the directions given orally by Sergeants D. Mills and Curvey on the afternoon of March 28 when they were not orderly in conduct as constituting an Assembly in Cornwallis Street between 6 and 6-20 p.m., of making a disturbance of the peace, and of obstructing pedestrians and vehicular traffic in spite of repeated warnings. The accused are also charged with disorderly conduct by shouting at the top of their voices and creating a disturbance.

The Court Inspector, Mr. Bannerjee, opened the case for the Crown.

NO ORDERS FROM ABOVE.

Sergeant D. Mills corroborated the prosecution story. Cross-examined by Mr. N. N. Basu, the defence pleader, the witness said he did not receive any order from the Commissioner of Police prohibiting the public from uttering "Bande Mataram" and other national cries. He did not think that the carrying of flags was prohibited.

Did you ask them to stop shouting "Bande Mataram",

"I did order them to move away, especially when they were waving flags in a frantic manner."

Sergeant Curvey gave corroborative evidence.

The accused, when questioned said they would file a written statement.

Hearing was adjourned to May 4.—A. P.

MORE ARRESTS AT DOHAD

DOHAD, April 23.

In addition to the arrest of six Congress Socialists including Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya and Mr. Dinker Mehta, eight other Congress Socialists have been arrested to-day in connection with the demonstrations against the Honble Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister of the Government of Bombay.

Among the persons arrested later are Mr. Niru Desai, Mr. Navalkishore Parikh, Mr. Jaswant Thakore and Mr. Jayant Parikh. —United Press.

(Earlier Reports on page 20.)

FRONTIER POLICY CONDEMNED

Azad Muslim Party's Sympathy For Tribesmen

NEW DELHI, April 23.

To protest against the "repressive" policy of the Government in the Frontier tribal areas a procession was taken out and a public meeting held this evening under the auspices of the Azad Muslim Party, Delhi.

Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A., presided and the speakers included Maulanas Ahmed Said and Abdul Majid.

Speeches were made strongly condemning the Government policy in Waziristan and other tribal areas and a resolution was passed protesting against the methods adopted by the Government to restore peaceful conditions there and expressing sympathy with the tribesmen.—A. P.

OFFICIAL VERSION

SIMLA: April 23.

Official intimation received by the Government of India shows that a riot occurred in Behror village, Alwar State, on the evening of April 21. The police had to open fire resulting in 14 killed and 42 wounded.

Major C. G. Prior, Prime Minister of Alwar, immediately proceeded to the scene of the occurrence to hold an enquiry. The situation is now quiet. It is believed the Prime Minister will also issue an official statement as soon as possible.—A. P.

ROOT OF ALWAR TROUBLE

Firing Sequel To Alleged Mob Resistance To Police

NEW DELHI, April 23.

A report received here from Rewari, about forty miles from Alwar border confirm the news of police firing in Bahror in Alwar State.

It is stated that violent resistance was offered by a Muslim mob to a Hindu procession necessitated the firing by the police resulting in death of a dozen persons mostly Hindus including one policeman. About thirty were severely injured and removed to Alwar State Hospital, where six are lying in a precarious condition.

It appears that the relation between Hindus and Muslims were strained owing to the ban which had been imposed on the Tazia procession during Mohurrum. Now Muslims objected to Hindus' taking procession throughout the route wherefrom the Tazias were not yet removed.

Military and a large posse of police has proceeded to the spot from Alwar.—United Press.

Political Control Of Waziristan Assumed By G. O. C.-in-Chief (N. C.)

Faqir Of Ipi Continues Anti-Government Propaganda

SIMLA: April 23.

The following 'communique' has been issued:

Under orders of the Government of India, the General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Northern Command, assumed political control of Waziristan and of the tribal areas on the Waziristan Border under the control of the Deputy Commissioner, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan Districts from noon on April 22.

Twenty shots were fired at a covering party of our troops near the Razmak landing ground, on the afternoon of April 22. No casualties are reported.

M. K. JIRGA.

The Faqir of Ipi continues his anti-Government propaganda and addressed a meeting of the tribesmen at Arsalkot yesterday. The Mahsud Khaisora Jirga was held at Sarweki, South Waziristan, yesterday, in connection with the recent attack on a youth at the Waziristan scouts post at Tiarza, north of Wana, which has recently been reported. The Jirga expressed a desire for peace. Urmarkhel, which was one of the Mahsud sections involved, were ordered to produce seven hostages by April 26, while Nekzankhel and Kikarai sections, who were also involved, have handed over two hostages as earnest of good faith.

There are no incidents to report from South Waziristan, though gangs are abroad in Sorragha and Jandola areas looking for opportunities for mischief.—A. P.

(Khaisara Valley in South Waziristan referred to above, which is in the Mahsud territory, should not be confused with the Khaisora Valley in North Waziristan which lies in Wazir territory.)

Madras Ministry's Solicitude For Electorate

CHARGE OF BETRAYAL AGAINST CONGRESS

Independence Not Feasible: But They Want New Act Embodying Dominion Status

OOTACAMUND, April 23.

A lengthy statement embodying the policy and programme of the Council of Ministers has been issued.

Solicitude For Electorate

The statement at the outset refers to the Congress election manifesto and adds that the people voted for the Congress hoping that their promises will be fulfilled. By not accepting office the Congress betrayed the electorate and the Ministry feels it their duty to tell the country that independence is not feasible at present, when they are not in a position to maintain and defend independence against foreign aggression.

They Want Dominion Status

They are in favour of Full Responsible Government and Dominion Status and promise to do everything in their power to achieve this as early as possible.

REPLACE INDIA ACT

The statement adds that the Government of India Act, 1935, must be replaced by an act embodying this demand. It will be their aim to utilise their experience by working the Act to discover the inherent defects of the Act.

No Assurance

The Madras Ministers are strongly of the opinion that the Governors could not give any assurance to any party in the Legislatures. On the other hand, they feel confident that traditions and conventions can be so built up as to make special powers nugatory by disuse.

"PROHIBITION IS IMPRACTICABLE"

The programme includes reduction of land tax to the extent of Rs. 75 lakhs yearly, giving a relief of 25 per cent. in tax for heavily taxed lands and up to 18 per cent in the case of other wet and garden lands, relief of rural indebtedness by utilising borrowed funds of one crore of rupees, free elementary education which will be compulsory in certain areas, improvement of live stock, particularly in villages by the provision of a number of breeding bulls, development of communications, marketing facilities, encouragement of industries, rural reconstruction and creation of a network of rural dispensaries and travelling physicians to provide every village with medical relief.

The statement adds the question of further reduction of scales of pay for new entrants will be examined. A Committee will be immediately appointed to go into the question of the land revenue system with a view to revising it."

PROHIBITION IMPRACTICABLE

Regarding Prohibition the statement says that Prohibition is impracticable but the Ministry proposes to close down a number of toddy and arrack shops.

CONGRESS WHIPS TAKE SIGNATURE OF LEGISLATORS

MADRAS, April 23.

The Congress Whips in the Madras Legislature have completed taking signatures from the members of the Legislatures expressing their want of confidence in the present Ministry and have forwarded the same to the Leader of the Congress Party in the Legislature.

Non-Congress M. L. A.'s Also Join

It is understood that some non-Congress members have also signed in the declaration of want of confidence in the Ministry.—United Press.

CONGRESS LEAGUE RAPPROCHEMENT

U. P. Muslim Leaders' Move For Unity

LUCKNOW, April 23.

The Associated Press learns on good authority that sincere attempts are being made to bring together the Congress and the Muslim League.

Prestige, it is stated, to some extent, stands in the way of a meeting of the prominent leaders of either party and with a view of bridging this gulf, peace-makers have already started work. It appears there is a genuine desire on the part of the leaders of both the parties to come together.

TERMS FOR JOINING CONGRESS

The view is expressed that Mr. Jinnah's well-known fourteen points will not form a condition precedent to Muslims joining the Congress, in view of the existence of the Communal Award. If, however, the League joins hands with the Congress it will be on condition that the League will gone ally accept the Congress policy and programme except that Muslims should be given religious and social liberty.—A. P.

TIRADE AGAINST CONGRESS

Bhai Paramanand's Gratuitous Advice For Giving Up Agitation

LAHORE, April 23.

"The present constitutional deadlock interests me because it concerns the Hindu provinces. I firmly believe that the Congress agitation in the past twelve years has borne fruit in the shape of Communal Award and the safeguards provided in the Government of India Act", said Bhai Permanand M.L.A., commenting on the assurance controversy.

"If the Congress, whether under the guidance of Pandit Jawaharlal or Gandhiji again resorts to another struggle of that nature, it would make the opposition of Hindus still worse. It is simply humiliating for the Congress to go and beg for an assurance from the Governors in the face of the Constitution".

Bhai Permanand added that although he had always believed the Congress struggle to be a wild goose chase, he would like to make a clear distinction between the Congress as a body agitation and the Congress taking up the work of administration. "I feel a strong impulse in me to support the Congress, if it decides to give up fruitless agitation and takes upon itself the widest possible publicity to the good of the country."—A.P.

Jawahar Confined To Bed

But Attends To Congress Work Despite Doctor's Advice

Will Visit Burma Unless Physically Unfit: Story Of Visit To England Denied

(From Our Special Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, April 23.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has not had any temperature for the last two or three days but he is still confined to bed. The Pandit is very weak and has so far lost 14 lb. in weight. Despite his failing health the Pandit devotes considerable time to routine matters connected with his office as President of the Congress and maintains his correspondence up to date, not heeding to the doctors' strict injunction to the contrary.

It is stated that the Pandit had been suffering from intestinal fever since the Delhi Convention last month. Notwithstanding considerable medical attention, the fever has been persistent, the Pandit getting temperature by off and on.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has been advised to take complete rest for at least a month in some health resort, but he is determined to carry out his Burma tour programme early next month, unless he is physically unfit to undertake the tour.

Enquiries made in responsible quarters go to show that there is no truth in the report appearing in the Press that the Pandit is to proceed to England in the near future. On the other hand, it appears the Pandit feels that the present political situation in the country demands the presence of all the Congress leaders in India.

MAHATMA BACK AT WARDHA

Will Leave For Allahabad On Sunday

WARDHA: April 23.

Mahatma Gandhi and his party arrived here from Hudli by Bombay Mail and proceeded to Sheogan.

Gandhiji accompanied by his secretaries will leave for Allahabad in connection with the Congress Working Committee meeting on Sunday morning by the Grand Trunk Express.

Dr. Khare will join him at Nagpur.—A. P.

Kasturbhai Lalbhai Going To England

AHMEDABAD: April 23.

Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai is leaving for Bombay to-night and is sailing for England to take part as an adviser to the Government of India in the trade negotiations with the United Kingdom.—A. P.

CALCUTTA JUTE STRIKE GATHERS FORCE

CALCUTTA, April 23.

The Jute Mills strike is still spreading. Workers of the Hukumchand Jute Mills of Naihati abstained from working yesterday morning. The Khurdah Jute Mills have also joined the strike.

It is now estimated that about one lakh and twenty-three thousand workers are idle in this connection.—A.P.

FRONTIER MINISTERS' SALARIES

PESHAWAR: April 23.

The Governor has fixed the Frontier Ministers' salaries at Rs. 2,000 each and the Speaker's Rs. 1,000. It is recalled that under the Montford Reforms the Executive Councillor and the Minister each received Rs. 3,500. The same budget has apparently been divided among the three Ministers and the Speaker.—A. P.

SARDAR PATEL BACK IN CITY

Will Leave For Allahabad To-day

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Congress arrived in Bombay on Friday morning after a tour in Karnatak. He attended the Gandhi Seva Sangh meeting at Kumri village and later went on a two-days' tour in Dharwar District. He is leaving Bombay by thfie Calcutta Mail on Saturday for the Congress Working meeting at Allahabad.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, member of the Working Committee, also leaves by the same train.

The President of the Nagpur Municipality, it is understood, has granted Dr. Khare's request for the use of the Town Hall to hold the Congress M.L.A.'s Convention on the first week of May as also the proposed "Parallel Assembly session".—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
Low-Cost Advertisements
INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile" "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel" "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week...25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement. All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No..... "The Bombay Chronicle". Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No..... "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Anglo-Indian landlord wishes to correspond with an educated girl with a view to matrimony. Apply Box 8137, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a suitable match for an educated, handsome Agarwal boy (19) of a respectable rich family engaged in business. Apply Box No. 8138, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a suitable Hindu of independent means to marry an educated, vegetarian, Kanarese speaking virgin of about 21 years age Write to Box No. 8131, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced teacher Christian or Madrasi for a boy of 5th Std. in Bombay suburb. Apply Box No. 8153, "Bombay Chronicle."

Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed—To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Tropical Insurance Co., Hornby Road, Fort. (5321).

Wanted—Applications for the post of an Organiser on salary basis. Apply to the Branch Secretary, Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., Chowta Bridge, Surat. (7989)

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 1st May, 1937 for the posts of Professor (Lecturer) in (1) Gujarati, (2) Persian, (3) Ardhamagadhi, (4) History and Economics and for the posts of Demonstrators in Biology, Physics, Chemistry (preferably an M.Sc., with Inorganic Chemistry) and a duly qualified Physical Instructor, to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (5219).

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Accountant from 6-30 p.m. to 8-30 p.m. daily. Apply with minimum salary, New Jack Printing Works, 75, Apollo Street, Fort. (8146)

Wanted Assistants in carding, spinning, sizing and weaving departments also departmental clerks for night work. Apply to Box No. 8139, "Bombay Chronicle."

The Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd. Applications are invited for the post of the Secretary of the Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd. Pay Rs. 650—25—1,000 per mensem with provident fund provision. Cash security Rs. 3,000. Applicants should be below 40 years of age and must be graduates in Law or Commerce or Accountancy with previous experience of administrative and business management in a recognised co-operative institution, or a joint stock bank or other commercial concern, of standing. The application should specify the nature of the appointment held in such institutions or concerns, remuneration received and other particulars as well as other special qualifications of the applicant. Persons satisfying the conditions mentioned above and possessing knowledge of money-market and investments and knowledge of Tamil and Telugu will be preferred. Applications together with testimonials, if any, should be sent to reach the Secretary, Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., Luz, Mylapore, Madras on or before the 22nd May 1937. The candidate selected may be required to join duty on 1st July 1937 or such other date as may be fixed, and may, if found necessary, be required to serve on probation for six months before confirmation. 5312.

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Young Hindu, now unemployed, seeks position as Manager or Secretary to any gentleman or in industrial or publicity department of any State. Write to G. P. Vaishnava, care Excise Inspector S. Sharma, Bareilly City, U. P.

Experienced Economics Graduate Teacher, now unemployed, is desirous of getting a job as teacher, librarian or office assistant on a nominal salary anywhere. Good references. Apply K. V. Subbaratnam, B.A., top floor, Narayan Bldg., Nigaum Road, Bombay, 14.

Qualified graduate in Medicine and Surgery, Now Unemployed, seeks position with any firm dealing in medical products. Willing to serve as medical representative in Deccan. Write to K. L. Sethi, M.B.B.S., 1056 Halderguda, Hyderabad, Deccan.

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master, Now Unemployed, desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk, Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedji Daruvala, Opp. Podders Blocks, Meher Vila, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine, Now Unemployed seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Marine First Class Engineer, with extra qualifications and experience, Now Unemployed, desires job on land or with a shipping concern. Excellent references. Terms reasonable. Please reply to K. P. Ghandy, New Bombay-Agra Road, Thana.

Experienced Indian Now Unemployed seeks engagement. Thorough in Accounts, Correspondence in fact every aspect of modern business. P. N. Sarma, Jayasinh Building, Sir Bhalchandra Road, Bombay 14.

Well qualified textile canvasser with six years experience, Now Unemployed seeks position with Textile firm or manufacturer. Willing to represent in Mysore State on reasonable terms. Good references. Please write to N. Sethu Ram, C/o. A. K. Kothanda Rama Iyer, High School, Tiptur.

One Perfectly Efficient in Paper, Stationery, Printers' requirements and machinery, Now Unemployed, seeks employment as canvasser or manager in any office trading in the lines. Applicant's experience extends over 20 years. Can give best references. Reasonable salary acceptable. Please write to K. S. Krishna Rao, 25|27, Elavia Bldg., Opp. Prabhath Mills, Tardeo, Bombay.

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Double Graduate Hindu, now unemployed, seeks responsible post as Guardian, tutor, secretary or in judicial department. Write to B. J. Jain, Partabgarh (Rajput Agency), Rajputana.

Young and experienced Cashier Now Unemployed wants position as accountant. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar.

Experienced Young Man Now Unemployed, desires part or full time position. Knows thoroughly general office work. Willing to accept living wage. Write to R. V. Deshpande Bhagwat Boarding and Lodging 63, Kandewadi, Bombay, 4.

Smart Young Man With Twelve years experience in general office and canvassing and salesmanship Now Unemployed, seeks situation. Willing to accept living wage. Please write to J. Fernandez, B.D.D. Block No. 15, Room No. 20, DeLisle Road, Lower Parel, Bombay.

15 years experience in printing, business, Hindu Now Unemployed, seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvassers, write to G. V. Bhagwat Bhagirathi Bldg. No. 2 Block No. 7 Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay 7.

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts, Now Unemployed, is prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan, C|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay.

Young, experienced undergraduate, well up in English, knowing typewriting and independent correspondence, Now Unemployed, seeks immediate situation as assistant in watch shops, medical shops or anywhere on most reasonable salary. Please write to: K. Naga Jois, C|o South Indian Lodge, Faredoon Terrace, Matunga, Bombay, 19.

An experienced Advocate with 10 years' secretarial experience, Now Unemployed, seeks immediately any suitable position such as Private Secretary to any Chief, or Police Prosecutor, or Judicial or Revenue Officer in any Native State or office assistant. Good references. Please write to V. C. Satoskar, Cadel Road, Dadar, Bombay No. 14.

An efficient teacher of High School classes, with best testimonials, Graduate in History, Economics, and Politics, L.T., trained in Geography, experienced journalist of over 10 years, widely travelled All-India-round, Now Unemployed seeks an employment, willing to accept a reasonable salary. Please apply to: M. Kattiah, Linden House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

Energetic and hard-working young man with 15 years of allround and practical experience as Chief Godown-keeper, Head Clerk, Agent, Shipping, Export, Import, Telegrams, Independent Correspondent Now Unemployed, seeks like situation or any responsible post on reasonable pay. Best references as to character, ability, furnished from influential businessmen of the place. Please apply P. S. Money, c|o P. R. Swaminatha Iyer, 'Krishna Nivas,' Vatsaraj Lane, Matunga.

Well trained Chauffeur able to handle Morris, Chevrolet, De Soto etc., now unemployed, seeks position of a driver. Will accept reasonable salary. Write to Eruch A. Irani, Uranwalla St., Khorshed Buldg., Grant Road, Bombay.

Young Parsee Now Unemployed, seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Please write to S. R. Lala, c|o Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club, Esplanade Maidan, Bombay.

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages, Now Unemployed, seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

Competent, Energetic and Young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club, Now Unemployed, seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to:—K. D. Karanjia, Minocher Block, 6, Mehla Patel Agiari Street, Grant Rd., Bombay.

12. TO BE LET.

Hormasji Adenwalla Road, Dadar, opposite Customs Officers' Quarters. Four flats, new building. Five rooms, Gas. Two garages. Apply E. N. Kharegat, 16, Alexandra Road, Gamdevi. (8141).

To be let for vegetarian Hindus— airy, well-ventilated excellent blocks and rooms newly painted at Hanuman Terrace, Tara Temple Lane, Lamington Road. Also shops and godowns at reasonable rent. Inquire on premises 8|42.

To Let: Matheran: "Olympia House", near Race Course, fully furnished bungalow. Four big bedrooms, attached bath and dressing rooms with running piped water; big hall and dining room; grand verandah commanding beautiful view; kitchen; store room; servants' quarters. Suitable for large families. Plan can be inspected by previous appointment. Apply Dara Kooka, Chhoi Silk Mill Office, 361, Hornby Road, Opp: Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay. 8092.

To Let: Premises Suitable for Factories at Mahim, Sion, Kurla, admeasuring about 13,000, 9,000 and 45,000 sq. yds. respectively with or without structures. Rent reasonable. Apply Dara Kooka, Chhoi Silk Mill Office, 361, Hornby Road, Opp: Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay. 8093.

Ideal residence, third and upper floors with a terrace in Girgaum Back Road, fascinating accommodation, fitted with all modern conveniences. Commanding magnificent view, every room open on all sides. Rent tempting. Unique opportunity for a large family. Apply Krishnarao Raghoba, 6, Khota's Oart, Girgaum Back Road. (8110)

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

Santa Cruz, Beasant Street, Anklesarias blocks of 4 and 3 rooms, rent 25 and 22. (8147).

To Let first floor, Collect House, Oliver Road, Apollo Reclamation in front of Port Trust Garden. Four bed rooms with bath rooms attached. Drawing and dining rooms. Apply landlord, fourth floor. (8150).

To Let—Excellent situation, eminently fitted for shop which was lately occupied by Marcks and Co., now by Hoar and Co., at Esplanade Road, from 1st May 1937. Apply Secretary, Haji Zenal Abedin Shirazee Trust, No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort. (8014).

20. OFFICES TO LET.

Portion of Office room, in Kothari Mansion. Apply D. E. Mistry, Architect, opposite G.P.O. (8136).

24. GARAGES TO LET.

Spacious garages for motorcars now available on the top of Altamount Road. Rent per day one rupee. If taken up by month Rs. 25. Apply Box No. 8144, "Bombay Chronicle."

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

At Poona, "Ford" Standardsedan, bought last month. Very slightly used. Owner wishing to buy a larger Car. Inspection at Silver Jubilee Motors, Ltd., 12, Arsenal Road, Poona. Offers invited. (8132).

44. MEDICAL.

Hernia Wonderful Cure by Outward application. Thousands cured radically. Apply for particulars: H. C. Roy, 118, Upper Circular Rd., Calcutta. 5283.

50. PATENT MEDICINES

Ladies who move about in decent society are requested to keep their heads absolutely clear of all lice. It is considered a bad form to scratch your heads vigorously in presence of strangers. The best remedy so far invented is a Patent known as "Nissex" and obtainable from all Chemists and Druggists in the Bazaar. If your Chemist does not stock this effective preparation tell him to obtain the same from the Distributing Depot of the famous injection "Transpulmin." (8145).

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

"Conch Shell" Right side means wealth, all kinds of happiness Ponchaji Wimbridge, Slater Road, Grant Road. (8008)

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Public School Education has proved the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. 5257.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

The Mutual Life Assurance Corp., Ltd., paying unheard annual bonus Rs. 62-8 on Whole Life and Rs 60 on Endowment per Rs. 1,000 requires Chief District Agents everywhere on liberal commission and handsome allowance. Persons experienced and can guarantee business need apply Post Box No. 50, Baroda. (5237).

87. ASTROLOGERS

Free! Life Reading or 5 questions— 9 annas. Fortune Guide Re. 1|- stamps. Birth details. Sri Saraswathi Book Depot, Chamarajnagar (Mysore State). (8125).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

For Sale—Six shop cupboards and four show-cases, all new. Excellent for show-room, stores or restaurant. Apply K. R. Mantri, D J R. Trust Building, Gamdevi, Bombay. (8152).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements. Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

SALE
HOAR & CO.
Gentlemen's Outfitters
Esplanade Road

There is still a wide Selection. Geve Swim Suits at Rs. 5 each.
SPORT SHIRTS, GOLF STOCKINGS, STOCKS UNDERWEAR. SLIPOVERS, ETC., ETC.
Beautiful Selection of Harris and other Tweeds and worsteds.
ALL AT BARGAIN PRICES
Your opportunity is now Limited
(5267)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for posts of Sub-Inspector in the Bombay City Police Force. Full particulars as regards qualifications, course of training, etc. will be found in this Office Notice No. 5179/177, dated the 17th April, 1937, published on page 1025 of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, of the 22nd Instant.

Intending applicants should forward their applications so as to reach this office on or before the 15th May, 1937, giving all the particulars called for in the aforesaid notice.

No application which does not give the required particulars will be considered.

A. J. W. SANSON.
Dy. Commissioner of Police, Divisions.
Head Police Office.
Bombay, 22nd April, 1937. 5315.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY COMPANY.
(Incorporated in England by Special Act of Parliament).

NOTICE

Regrading line and providing additional waterways between miles 35 and 45 on Broach-Jambusar-Kavi Railway.

SEALED TENDERS in English are invited for the construction of the above works and will be received in the Office of the Executive Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Baroda, before 17-00 hours on 3rd May, 1937. The covers containing tenders should be superscribed "Tender for regrading line, etc., on B. J. K. Railway." Tenders will be opened in the office of the Executive Engineer, Baroda Division, on 4th May, 1937 at 12-00 hours.

2. Tender forms, Instructions, Specification, plans and other documents can be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Baroda between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. on any working day. Copies of the tender forms can be obtained on payment of Rs. 2.

3. Tenderers must deposit 10 per cent of the tendered amount as earnest money. In the case of successful tenderer, the amount will be retained as Security Deposit for the due fulfilment of the contract. No interest will be allowed on the Security Deposit.

4. The Security Deposit shall be forfeited if the successful Tenderer fails to comply with any of the conditions contained in the documents referred to in para 2 above.

5. In the event of the successful Tenderer failing to sign the contract within 14 days of presentation of the same to him, it shall be lawful for the Railway Company to cancel the contract and to forfeit the Security Deposit.

6. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

M. W. BRAYSHAY,
Agent,
B. B. & C. I. Railway.
Bombay, 20th April, 1937. 5307

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

On behalf of our client Mr. MERWANJI JAMSHEDJI ANTIA, Notice is hereby given that his wife Bai Goolcher has left his protection since the 23rd day of December, 1936, and that our client will not be responsible for any debts or liabilities incurred by her.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1937.

ARDESHIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Merwanji Jamshedji Antia. 5324

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 426 of 1937.

E. P. MODY, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, a Share and Stock Broker, carrying on business at Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff
versus
VASSANJI HARIDAS RANCHHODAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Banganga Road, Walkeshwar, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

To
VASANJI HARIDAS RANCHHODAS.

The Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has filed this suit against you under Rule 2 of Order 37 of the Code of Civil Procedure to recover from you the sum of Rs. 2,691-14-0 for balance of loss in the business in shares done by you through the plaintiff for February, 1937, settlement and interest and costs and you are hereby summoned to cause an appearance to be entered for you within ten days from the date hereof in default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for the said sum of Rs. 2691-14-0 and interest and costs.

If you cause an appearance to be entered for you, the plaintiff will thereafter serve upon you a summons for judgment at the hearing of which you will be entitled to ask the Court for leave to defend this suit.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1937.

UNVALA AND CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys. 5325

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY INFORMED that the firm of Gamnaji Tarachand, carrying on business as merchants and commission agents at 221, Vadgadi, has been dissolved from the month of Maha S.Y. 1992.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1937.

KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Attorneys for Vajechand Devaji, a partner in the firm of Gamnaji Tarachand. 5322

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NADARSHAW CAWASJI MEHTA, BAI JERBAI CAWASJI MEHTA and BAI BANUBAI SORABJI BHUMGARA, the Executor and Executrices of the last Will of the late Mr. Cowasji Dinshaw Mehta have contracted to sell to our client the under-mentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of mortgage, sale, charge, lien, trust, lease, possession, gift, inheritance, bequest or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Second Floor, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise our client's purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground together with the messuage or bungalow outhouses garage Mali's shed and well standing thereon, situate at St. Paul's Road, Saja Danda, Bandra in the Bombay Suburban District and in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 2224 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 195 Pot No. 11 and Non-Agricultural Survey No. 354 and assessed by the Bandra Municipality under No.1A Chimbai and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of the late Augustus Pereira, on or towards the West by St. Paul's Road, on or towards the North partly by the property of the late Augustus Pereira and partly by the property of T. Fernandes and on or towards the South by the compound wall, Mali's quarter and stable of the adjoining property of the said vendors.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1937.

SURVEYOR & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys. 5318.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God, of Great Britain Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Last Will and Testament of GULAMHUSEIN ALLOOBHOY MOORAJ, GOOLAM HOOSAIN ALLOOBHOY MOORAJ of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, a landed Proprietor at the time of his death, residing at 53, Pydhownie Road, Khadak, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

(1) Bai KESARBAI, widow of Gulamhusein Alloobhoy Mooraj and (2) Bai KULSUMBAI, daughter of the said Gulamhusein Alloobhoy Mooraj, both of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at 53, Pydhownie Road, Khadak, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 23rd day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty seven and in the First year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary
And Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 23rd day of April, 1937.
Messrs. DIVECHA & THAKORE,
Petitioners' Attorneys. 5323

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Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 386 of 1936.
TRIBHOVANDAS MOTILAL & others ..... Plaintiffs
Vs.
BHIKHUBHAI RAVCHAND & others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Preliminary Decree and Decretal Order of Reference to Commissioner of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date the 12th day of October, 1936. Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debt legacies or liabilities affecting the estate of Sha Dipchand Nalchand deceased who died at Nasik, on or about the 12th day of February, 1918, are hereby required to file affidavit of such claims in writing in the English language in my Office within one calendar month from the date hereof and the said claimants are required to specify their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities if any held by them or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefits of the said order. Each Affidavit of claim must be accompanied by a Court-fee Stamp of Rupees Two for filing the same. I hereby fix 12 Noon on Tuesday the 22nd day of June, 1937, in my office for adjudicating upon the said claims.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1937.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
5316.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KAHANDAS KISHORDAS PATEL has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, maintenance, marriage expenses, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION AS CONTAINED IN THE SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground admeasuring about 402 sq. yards or thereabouts situate on and being plot No. 121 at the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipal Corporation with the messuage, tenements, or dwelling house standing thereon in the city and island and registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded, on or towards the North by a 40 ft. Road on or towards the South by Plot. No. 13 of the Bombay Municipality (Improvements), on or towards the East by Plot No. 122 of the Bombay Municipality (Improvement) and on or towards the west by a 40 feet Road and bearing new Survey No. 7/843 and Cadastral Survey No. 322/10 of Matunga Division and is annexed by Municipality of Bombay under F. Ward No. 7512 (2) and Street No. 1079 A.

Dated this 23rd day of April, 1937.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
5319.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & Co.
Telephone No. 24927.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890 sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 30th day of April, 1937, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at G. I. P. Railway, Wadi Bunder, Unclaimed Goods Office, the Unclaimed Goods including:—

Cotton seed, wheat, rice, moog, bajree, jawari, G. N. Seeds, hirda, chillies, sugar, earth, cotton, cement, gunny, motor tyres, bamboo matting, seal wire, empty tins, barrels, casks, drums, ghee, muramba, bangles, tea, slates, shoes, soap, haberdesherry, bangles, udbatti, safety matches, medicines, locks, chapal, iron bars, looms, personal luggage, tarpaulin rags, and pieces, rope pieces, crates of chimney, etc.

TERMS: 50 per cent deposit or full amount and balance to be paid and delivery to be taken on or before 8th May, 1937

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of C. Rogers Esquire and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co.. of complete Flat Furniture, Zula Cabinet, Hall Clock, Remington portable typewriter, Zunda Cabinet, Godrej & Milner Safes, Steel Cabinet, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Roll top table, Chesterfield sets, etc.

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KALYAN, DISTRICT THANA.

SALE WILL BE HELD ON SITE.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and assignee of the estate and effects of Shamji Gokul, Insolvent, and with the consent of Hansubal, widow of Naranji Jivraj, the Mortgagee, and in pursuance of the Order of the Bombay High Court made in its Insolvency Jurisdiction on the 17th day of MARCH, 1937, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 8th MAY, 1937 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises the right, title and interest of the said Insolvent and of the said Mortgagee in the undermentioned immovable property.—

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Kalyan within the Municipal and City Survey Limits and Registration Sub-District, Kalyan, District Thana, bearing City Survey No. 3346, Survey No. 262, Hissa No. 4, admeasuring about 13 Gunthas and 31 sq. yds. (that is about 1605 sq. yds.) together with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon and assessed under Municipal Lane No. 51 and bounded as follows:—On or towards the East by a Road beyond the compound wall, on or towards the West by the land and house of Chhotalal Girdhar bearing Survey No. 262, Hissa No. 6, on or towards the South beyond the compound wall by the land of Bohra Esoofalli bearing Survey No. 262, Hissa No. 5, on or towards the North by the house and land of Pragji Purshottam bearing Survey No. 262, Hissa No. 3.

For further particulars please apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & Co.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF MODERN STYLE FURNITURE GRAMOPHONE ETC., THE PROPERTY OF HON. MR. JUSTICE K. W. BARLEE, AND OTHERS.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 25th April, 1937, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "Criss Mill" Narayen Dabholker Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable modern-style household furniture specially made-to-order by well-known makers such as sliding dining tables, sideboards, dinner wagons, chairs, Drawing room Chesterfield suites, Gramophone, show cases, cabinets, wooden and iron bed-steads, almyrahs, writing bureau, Dressing Chests of drawers, Triple mirrored Lady's Dressing Tables, Teapoys, centre tables, book-stands, Persian carpets, G. E. C. Refrigerator, glass crockery and plated ware, etc., etc.

Catalogues are ready and the property is on view.

BENNETT & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY at the corner of Doctor Street and Bapty Road, on SATURDAY, the 1st May, 1937, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises under instructions from Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwalla, Attorneys for Mr. Zia Mohommad Shaikh Tyabali Mulla Habibulla, the Executor of the late Mr. Shaikh Tyabali Mulla Habibulla.

All those two pieces of quit and ground rent land admeasuring about 143-1|9 sq. yds. together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate at the corner of Bapty Road and Doctor Street, bearing Collector's New Nos. 8576 New Survey Nos. 4222 4225 and New Cadastral Survey No. 4220 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward Nos 7093-7094 and Street Nos. 63|71 and 30-32-34.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Rustomji and Ginwalla, Attorneys for the Executor, 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

CITY OUTRAGE

Election Sequel

BOMBAY, Friday.

Enmity incurred during the last Assembly Elections between two factions of Muslims is stated to be the motive for a fatal attack on Mohomed Esmail by a party of Muslims at Mutton Street, last night.

Abdul Hussein Sk. Maiboob and eleven others were arrested early this morning by Dongri Police on a charge of stabbing Mohomed Esmail who succumbed to his injuries. Last night at about 9 p.m. Esmail was suddenly set upon and stabbed.

It is stated that papers found on Esmail revealed a state of keen rivalry between himself and one Abid Warasali for some time, and both of them had made complaints and counter-complaints.

For further enquiries, the Magistrate remanded all the suspects in custody till May 7 at the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Names of the accused are:—Mohomed Hussein Sk. Maiboob, Abdul Gafoor Bahadur, Rashid Ahamed Hakim Ahmed, Akbarali Avidali, Jumma Nisar, Mr. Esmail Alijan, Ali Razak Inayatkhan, Abdul Rahman Abdul Gaffoor, Abdul Ahamed, Abid Warasali, Karim alias Bando Mohomed and Mohomed Esmail.

At the inquest Syyad Usman Syyad stated that the deceased was employed in an Iron dealer's shop. He lived in Taher Manzil at Duncan Road. Witness had seen him alive last about four days ago when the deceased had gone to see his wife, who was ill.

In February last, the deceased had told him that he had a quarrel with one Abid Warasalli over votes. Last night at 10 p.m. he received information that the deceased had been stabbed in Chor-Bazzar, and had been taken to the J. J. Hospital. Witness went there and saw his dead body in a hack-victoria.

The inquest has been adjourned to May 7.

A verdict of accidental death was returned to-day, by the Bombay Coroner's Jury, at the inquest on the body of C. A. Shivrama-Krishna Iyer (20), who died yesterday in the J. J. Hospital, following his fall from a local train at Reay Road Station.

Mr. S. D. Joshi, a guard in the G. I. P. Railway, stated that, on the 21st April at about 1-57 p.m. just as his train left the Reay Road Station, the deceased went up running and tried to get into the moving train. A porter shouted out to him not to get into the moving train, but the deceased did not heed him. He caught the handle bar of a carriage, lost his balance and fell down between the train and the platform, and as a result sustained injuries. Witness stopped the train and found him lying unconscious. He was immediately removed to Hospital.

The inquest was held to-day on the body of a woman named Vithabai Narayan (19), residing at Sun Mill Lane, Parel.

Yesterday while she was cooking food on the Primus stove and sat with her back to the stove her sari caught fire. She shouted out, her sister heard her cries and went up to see what the matter was with her. She put out the flames. She was soon removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, but she soon after died.

The jury returned a verdict of death caused by shock from extensive burns accidentally sustained from a Primus stove.

The Prewention of Gambling Squad arrested six persons during the course of two raids carried out last night in the north of Bombay.

Latiff Ebrahim and Abdulla Ali Mahomed who were arrested at Koliwada, Dharavi were bailed out till 5th May.

Shankar Pandoo who was arrested on the 2nd floor of B. D. D. Chawl No. 18B, was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 200 cash Rs. 50 till the 29th instant.

Jajanneth Pandurang and Laxman Narayan arrested at the letter place were ordered to be released on bail in a sum of Rs. 50 (cash Rs. 15) till the 29th instant at the Dadar Police Court.

Ramachandra Dadaji also arrested at the latter place was bailed out till the same date.

Ash Lane off Gokhale Road, Dadar, was the scene of a serious fracas early last night.

It was stated that one Francis Pedroo, residing at Haji Abubaker, Usman's Wadi, who was taking rest on a bench outside his house was suddenly set upon and knifed by two persons. Delai Kunjappa and Ayapu Shankar.

It was stated that while the second accused kicked him and assaulted him with blows, Kunjappa stabbed him in the back near the left shoulder.

The efforts of Francis to grapple with the two men resulted in a further incise wound on the palm of his right hand.

Francis Padroo was admitted in the K. E. M. Hospital for treatment.

Both the accused were ordered to be released on bail at the Dadar Police Court in a sum of Rs. 100. (cash Rs. 75) till the 30th inst.

Punjab Ministers' Salaries

LAHORE, April 23.

A Gazette Extraordinary announces that the Punjab Ministers' Salaries Act, 1937, has received the approval of the Governor of the Punjab under section 75 of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The Act provides for the salary of the Premier at Rs. 42,000 a year, and for each of the other Ministers at Rs. 36,000 a year along with a furnished house for each of the Ministers and an allowance at the rate of Rs. 6,000 per year for the Premier and Rs. 3,600 per annum for each of the other Ministers.—United Press.

GOLD AND SILVER WORKERS' UNION

The annual general meeting of the Gold & Silver Workers' Union was held on Monday, 19th April, at 4-0 p.m. at the Hira Baug Hall, under the presidentship of Com. Wadekar.

After the execution of the preliminary work, the Gen. Secretary Com. Mahimkar read the first annual report of the activities and work of the Union. Com. L.G. Kamatekar then introduced a resolution for the election of the members and office-bearers of the Managing Committee of the Union for the next year.

The following names were agreed upon by the general body:

President: N. T. Wadekar; Vice-Presidents: S. K. Murudkar and G. H. Malekar; Gen.-Secy.: J. S. Mahimkar; Secretaries: A. R. Vedpathak, D. G. Mohare, M. R Karekar; Treasurer: M. P. Vedpathak; Members: L. G. Kamatekar, D. B. Samuel, R. V. Narvekar, M. N. Bhurke L. N. Mankame. V. G. Kelkar, B. K. Pandit R. R. Pednekar, K. J. Pandit, S. G. Godambe, G. B. Vedpathak G. R. Vernekar, Tapoo Narayan, R. S. Lotlikar, B. V. Belvankar, G. N. Musadkar.

The meeting adopted the following Demands Resolution introduced by Com. J. S. Mahimkar:

(1) Increase in the wages (2) According as there is an increase in wages there should be a corresponding increase in the salaries of the servants (3) Eight hour day (4) Full pay holiday on every Sunday. (5) Minimum salary of Rs. Forty-five (6) Maintenance wages for apprentices (7) Agitation for securing the benefits of the Charity Fund (8) Restoration of the cut in wages introduced by merchant firms, in the name of Charity Fund.

Coms. Dhole, Parab and Pendase addressed the meeting.

The President in his concluding remarks emphasised the urgent need of establishing similar Unions in the various industrial centres of the Presidency. He further said that the Union was making vigorous efforts to secure their chief demand for a full pay holiday on every Sunday.

ALLEGED DEFALCATION IN DADAR CO-OPERATIVE BANK

Mr. M. V. Sardeshmukh, Hon. Secretary Dakshini Brahmins' Co-operative Urban Bank, Dadar, writes:—

It is alleged that there has been some defalcation in the Dadar Co-operative Banking Society and that the case is under investigation. My Bank, viz., the Dadar Branch of the Dakshini Brahmins' Co-operative Urban Bank, Ltd., Bombay, being also situated at Dadar, many enquiries are being wrongly addressed to me as to whether the alleged defalcation took place in my Bank. In order therefore, that the public may not be in doubt, I shall feel highly obliged to you by your kindly informing the public through the columns of your esteemed paper that the alleged defalcation has nothing to do with the Dadar Branch of the Dakshini Brahmins' Co-operative Urban Bank, Ltd., Bombay.

ROADS AND WEIGHT OF MOTOR VEHICLES

Is It Wise To Put Restrictions?

The Representative in India of the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, Ltd., writes:—

Announcements have recently appeared in the Press to the effect that the Government of India are suggesting that the gross laden weight of Motor Vehicles using extra—Municipal Roads should be limited to 4 1/2 or 5 tons, and Provincial Governments are being asked for their opinions with regard to this proposal. The reason given by the Government of India for making the proposal is that an extension of the use of the heavier vehicles in the future is expected, and that it is felt that measures should be taken to prevent Road Maintenance Costs from rising as a result.

In putting forward their proposal, the Government have first of all made the mistake of assuming that a vehicle weighing say 8 tons laden must necessarily do more damage to a road than one weighing say 4 tons. This is not so. Everything depends upon the way the vehicles are loaded, the springing, the tyre equipment, and, last but by no means least, upon the speed at which the vehicles travel. Thus a complete changeover of the traffic from vehicles weighing 4 tons to those of 8 tons (laden) providing of course that the road foundations are not affected, might result in no increase of road maintenance costs whatever.

WOULD CHECK MOTOR TRANSPORT

Then again, the Government proposal must be objected to, because it would tend to check the natural development of Motor Transport. The trend of all forms of transport throughout the world is to utilise heavier and speedier vehicles. This trend is not confined to Motor Transport only. One has only to look back over the last half century to see how it has been general in every form of mechanised transportation—ships, railways, tramways, and aircraft. A uniform maximum, such as is proposed by the Government, would simply restrict development to a low and uneconomical standard.

It is an axiom that, as far as possible, roads should be made to suit the highway traffic and not vice versa.

No one would wish to run heavy vehicles over roads which are incapable of carrying them; but there is a vast mileage of roadway in existence in India, including most of the Trunk Road System, which has been built for, and is fully capable of carrying, greater maximum loads than 5 tons. Much of the money which has been spent in preparing these roads, building the bridges, etc., would be wasted if larger and probably more economical transport is prohibited from running on them.

Also, it is unscientific to fix limits according to gross vehicle laden with weight alone. The gross laden weight may be the limit so far as culverts and bridges are concerned, but for roads the limits for all vehicles should be laid down according to Wheel Load, and separate weight limits fixed for: (a) pneumatic tyred wheels, (b) solid rubber tyred wheels, (c) wooden or iron wheels.

It is suggested that these should be in the ratio of about 3:2:1. By adopting limits of wheel weight multi-wheeled vehicles and trailers could operate where it might not be possible if the gross laden weight is taken as the limit.

Finally, one of the reasons given by the Government of India for proposing the weight restriction is that speeds are difficult to control. On the other hand, it is admitted by all that speed of motor vehicles is one of the factors connected with road damage. In view of the fact that Speed Governors are in general use in Europe and America, it would appear that speed control is by no means out of the question. The Government of India should most certainly undertake the control of speed before venturing upon a policy of weight restriction.

APPOINTMENT OF NEW PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATE

Police Court Bar To Protest

BOMBAY, Friday.

"The Bombay Chronicle" learns that Mr. K. J. Khambata, Solicitor and Advocate of the High Court, has been appointed to act as a Presidency Magistrate from Monday next, in place of Mr. I. N. Mehta, who is going on two months' leave.

Mr. Khambata, who had a brilliant academic career, is well-known in the High Court, where he has been practising as an Advocate for the past eleven years.

The appointment has caused considerable perturbation among the legal practitioners of Bombay Police Courts and was the subject of excited comment in the Bar Libraries to-day. The appointment is criticised as anotner instance of the Government, on the recommendation of the Chief Justice, passing over the Police Court practitioners in making appointments to the Magisterial Bench.

In the present instance, it is understood, the Chief Presidency Magistrate had recommended the names of two gentlemen practising in the Police Court Bar for the appointment, but the Chief Justice reiterated the view that, it was not desirable that practitioners in the Police Court should be appointed as Magistrates.

It is understood that the Esplanade Police Court Bar Association will convene a meeting to protest against this appointment in particular and the studied ignoring of their claims in general.

HEALTH and BEAUTY of WOMEN

by Dr. J. PIERON (Paris)

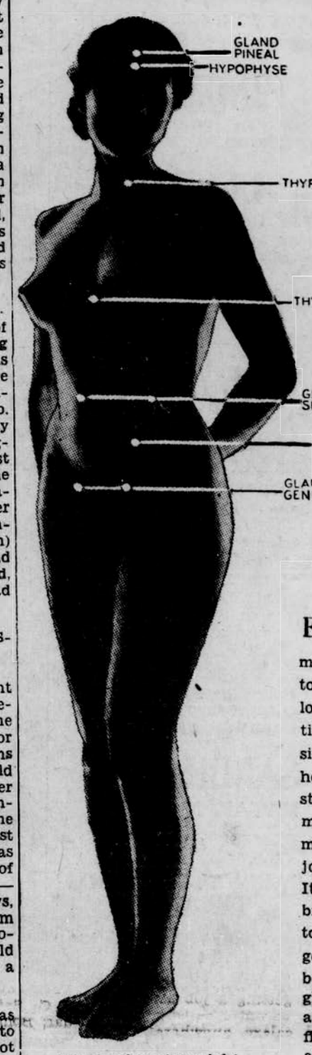

Illustration Copyright

These Glands control your intelligence, Brain Power and Vitality

This Gland controls Growth and Shape of the body.

This Gland controls the Heart and Circulation of Blood.

This Gland controls the action of the kidneys—regulates blood pressure

This Gland controls Digestion of Food and Sugar and promotes appetite.

This important Gland controls Growth and Development of Sex-Vitality and Manly Vigour.

EVERY INTELLIGENT

man or woman must be inquisitive to know as to why some people look old and weak at a comparatively young age, while others, possibly much older, still enjoy robust health, full physical and mental strength? Why is it that some women look old, while others much more in years, look pretty, and enjoy excellent physique and health? It is only during recent years that biological researches have revealed to us the factors which control and govern our entire life. Inside our body there are a number of small glands which constantly produce and send into the bloodstream fluids called Hormones. There are about nine important glands situated at different parts of the body, as shown in the figure. Each gland produces a specific Hormone controlling a particular part and action of our various organs.

So long as the glands are working properly, health, beauty and strength are normal. If one or more glands become inactive the whole gland system gets disturbed causing various complaints such as rundown health, loss of vitality, premature old-age, sleeplessness, wrinkles, grey hair, weak nerves, weak heart, weak brain and memory. The glands may become weak and inactive owing to various causes; the most common of which are over-work, effect of tropical climate, long illnesses, mal-nutrition and excessive habits. Happily, we can bring back the glands to their normal activity by supplying to the body a combination of important Hormones with certain other substances necessary for maintenance of health and vigour. The isolation of Hormones and their combination is an extremely difficult process which accounts for the high price of good quality Hormon preparations. The so-called cheap Hormone preparations are, therefore, ineffective and liable to cause more harm than good.

The most scientifically prepared, fully standardized and effective Gland-Hormon preparation has been made by the late Prof. Dr. Lahusen of Germany. This preparation, sold under the well known name "Okasa," enjoys popularity throughout the world. It is the only Hormon preparation which has obtained highest International recognition at all World Medical Exhibitions, "Grand Prix" with Gold Medals at Paris 1928, "Cross of Merit" with Gold Medals, Florence (Italy) 1929, highest "Diploma of Distinction" with Gold Medals, London 1932.

To MEN, Okasa is indeed a blessing. It restores lost vitality, removes nervousness, banishes depression and debility, strengthens the heart, the brain and all-vital organs of the body.

To WOMEN Okasa gives back their physical charm and beauty, that surge of life and buoyancy which is their chief characteristic. By its use early symptoms of old-age such as wrinkles, grey hair and other female complaints are banished.

Traffic Regulations In The City

Mr. C. H. Reynolds, Deputy Commissioner of Police, has just issued a booklet entitled "Traffic Regulations in the City" which should be in the hands of every motorist.

It is generally pleaded by the motorists when placed before Magistrates that they did not know the various rules regarding traffic regulations. This book would dispel all the ignorance. It contains rules regarding parking of the cars, halting of vehicles, prohibition of parking, one way streets and round about, etc., how many persons, again, are acquainted with regulations regarding cinemas? This book contains these regulations and also gives useful information about cyclists, bullock and hand-carts, exercising of horses and conveying of wild animals in the streets of Bombay. The price of the book is only annas four and it can be had from the Government Book Depot at Charni Road, or Superintendent of Police, Motor Vehicles Department, Head Police Office.

KOHINOOR
CINEMA: DADAR (B.B.)
PRESENTS:
GREAT SERIAL
UNDER SEA-KINGDOM
IN 2 INSTALMENTS
1st from SAT., 24th to TUES. 27th.
2nd from WED. 28th to FRI. 30th.
TIMING as USUAL

Commencing To-day
RANJIT'S
DOLLS OF CLAY
A JAYANT DESAI
Production
Starring:
MADHURI
and
E. BILLIMORIA
WEST END
TALKIES

THE 9-DAY FETE
D'MONTE PARK, BANDRA, to be opened by H. E. The Governor of Bombay at 6 p.m. on Sat., 24th April. Grounds open to public at 6-45 p.m. on Sat., 24th, other days at 5 p.m. Proceeds for Industrial Education.
GALA OPENING DANCE, 24th APRIL—9-30 p.m. to 4-30 a.m. CORNAGLIA'S "BLUE DANUBIANS" and "SPOTLIGHTS" Dance BANDS.
Advance Booking—Gent. Re. 1
At the door —Gent. Rs. 2
Ladies Free.
Table—Re. 1.
Another Big Dance on 2nd MAY. The Taj Band—NEW MAYFAIR SERENADERS (by kind permission of the Taj Mahal Hotel)
Gent. Rs. 2; Lady Ans. 8;
Table Re. 1.
WHIST DRIVE DANCE on 28TH APRIL.
CONTRACT BRIDGE TOURNAMENT:
Starting on SUNDAY, 25th April.
Hundreds of Attractions:
Fairy land of twinkling lights. Daily change of Bands, Japanese Garden Maze, Fancy Fair, Amusements, Bandra Talkies, East Indian Village, Aquarium, Scientific Exhibition (Blushing Lady, Eternal Flame, Burning Water, Cold Flame, Treasure Hunt), Laugh Magnet, Moving Wax Models, etc., etc.
LA ROOS, the Great Magician, Dr. Gheewalla and Prof. Stevens; Physical Culture displays by Sarkari, Charna, P. D. Markar troupe, Shapur, Prof. Talwalkar, E. I. Marathi and Concanim concerts, etc.

FIFTH MERITORIOUS WEEK
AMERICANS
who saw this picture during the last week opine that—
IT IS THE BEST INDIAN PICTURE that can easily stand in comparison with any Hollywood-HIT.
NEW THEATRES LTD.'S
Marvel of Motion Picture Art
The PRESIDENT
The PRESIDENT
Photographed & Directed By:—Sjt. NITIN BOSE.
Starring:—
SAIGAL
*KAMLESH KUMARI, *LEELA DESAI, *NAWAB, *JAGDEESH, B.A. *DEOBALA, ETC.
Time:—5-15, 8, 10-45. Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.
THE **KRISHNA**
TALKIES ::: DUBASH THEATRE.

BANDRA TALKIES
D'MONTE PAVILION
PERRY ROAD.
COMMENCING TO-NIGHT
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
in
MODERN TIMES
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 9-15 P.M.

HINDMATA
TALKIES: VINCENT ROAD, IS PROUD TO PRESENT—
DEVDAS
"New Theatres" Talkie Super
Dancing and Singing on the Stage
Starring: SAIGAL, JAMUNA.
Daily as Usual
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

PLAZA
(Foot of Tilak Bridge, DADAR).
PRESENTS
DEOKI BOSE'S
GREATEST ART-CREATION
SONHERA SAMSAR
Starring: GULHAMID & RAMPYARI
A "EAST INDIA" PRODUCTION
Music Direction:—K. C. DEY, the Blind Singer.
Daily at 5, 7-45 & 10-30 p.m.
Matinee on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-15 p.m.

Under the Patronage of
HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAR OF BARODA
GANDHARVA
NATAK MANDALI
AT
BALIWALA GRAND THEATRE
TO-DAY (Saturday, the 24th April) AT 4 P. M.
MRITCHHAKATIK
TO-MORROW (Sunday, the 25th April), AT 3-30 P. M.
EKACH PYALA
Booking daily at the THEATRE from 8 to 11 a m. and 5 to 8 p.m.
Book your Seats in Advance to AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT.

SOHRAB MODI'S
GREAT TRIUMPH...

ATMA TARANG
now enters into its
6th GLORIOUS WEEK
at
MINERVA TALKIES
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.
BENEFIT PERFORMANCES
The proceeds of all the four shows of Sunday, the 25th April, 1937 (to-morrow), will be given to Feroze Dastur in appreciation of his excellent performance and exquisite music in
ATMA TARANG

BOMBAY WOMEN'S HOCKEY LEAGUE

Bombay City Beat Bombay Gymkhana

BOMBAY, Friday.

Playing in the Women's Hockey League, at the Association Ground on Friday evening, the Bombay City Ladies defeated the Bombay Gymkhana Ladies by 2 goals to nil.

The defeat of the Gymkhana Ladies was due a great deal to the fact that they played three short throughout and were also without the services of Mrs. Lloyd, their crack centre-forward.

The winners scored both their goals in the first ten minutes, Miss Mayhew, their centre-forward netting the first while Miss R. Hall, the inside-left was responsible for the second. Both these goals were the outcome of accurate passes by Miss C. D'Souza, Bombay City's right-wing, who distinguished herself with her clever solo runs, finishing them nicely with timely centres.

The Bombay City tried hard to increase their margin but the Gymkhana defence held out their attacks successfully, and there was no further scoring in the remaining period.

THE RESULT:

BOMBAY CITY	2 goals
BOMBAY GYMKHANA	Nil

THE TEAMS WERE:

BOMBAY CITY: E. Peat; J. Moore and L. Lynn; L. Gay, V. Wynne and B. Gay; C. D'Souza, R. Crowley, D. Mayhew, R. Hall and M. Cohen.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA: Bartley and Wright; Palmer and Parry; B. Scarlett, Winchester, Elting and P. Scarlett.

UMPIRES: Messrs O. Ernst and Read.

Nadkarni Football Tournament

COLABA NEW RANGERS TROUNCED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Friday's game, in the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament, at the Cooperage, was entirely a one-side affair, the Dewjee's Kanara XI had things as they wished and beat Colaba New Rangers by a huge margin of ten goals to nil.

Kailaschandra Saligram Shukla, a boy aged 15 years, fair in colour and strongly built, with a mark on the left side of his head, and residing at 68-70, Borah Bazar St., Bombay, left the Saitan Chowki School, Parel, on the 23rd November last, and has not since returned home. Anyone who will bring him home or give intimation of his whereabouts will be suitably rewarded by his guardian.

Sole Agents:
PATANWALA, LTD., Bombay 3.

WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Lahore Y. M. C. A. Wins Aga Khan Cup

(BY "LOOKER ON")

The premier hockey festival of Western India, I mean, of course, the Aga Khan Tournament, came to a close on Monday last. For the first time in recent history, both the local favourites the Customs and the Lusitanians—were out of the picture at an early stage of the tournament, which no doubt robbed the tournament a good deal of its interest for local hockey fans. Surprisingly enough, both the teams were eliminated by two local sides. The B. E. S. T. Sports Club got the better of the All-India champions by a snap goal in the very first round of the Tournament proper. It was really a tragic fate for the team which honourably held the Aga Khan Cup for five years during the last half a dozen years! Over-confidence or under-estimation of their opponents or whatever else might be the cause of their downfall, the Customs have learnt an excellent lesson that they must always try to produce their best form irrespective of the strength of their opponents. Lucky though they were against the holders, the B. E. S. T. could not survive their encounter with the Y. M. C. A. from Lahore who disposed of them by the substantial margin of 4 goals to one.

CITY ARMED POLICE

The Lusitanians were beaten by the City Armed Police by the odd goal in three also in the first round. The Policemen were the only side to uphold the prestige of Bombay hockey. It was really very creditable of them to enter the penultimate stage of the tournament after vanquishing such formidable sides as the Kirkee Ordinance and the Paraders from Lahore, besides the Lusitanians. Ultimately they succumbed to the Bangalore Indians. But before they acknowledged defeat they administered a terrible shock to the visitors. Despite the fact that Bangalore gained the initial advantage of a brace of goals scored within eight minutes from the start, they succeeded not only in wiping out the deficit, but were on the point of winning the match. Two penalty bullies were awarded in their favour. If one of them had proved fruitful, the Police might have figured in the final. That was, however, not to be. In the replay the Bangalore Indians emerged victorious by the only goal of the match. Great credit is due to the Policemen for their daring displays all throughout.

POOR QUALITY

The B. B. and C. I. Railway and the Karachi Goans excited plenty of enthusiasm among the local fans. Being fitted against one another in the third round, the Railwaymen were ousted by a solitary goal. The Goans in their turn were thrown out by the Lahore Y. M. C. A., the ultimate champions. Barring the final match in which the Bangalore Indians and the Young Men from Lahore were engaged, and the few others mentioned above, the tournament in general produced hockey of a fairly inferior type hardly worthy of a leading tournament in the country. No wonder, therefore, that the tournament was not as well supported by the public as it deserved. I should not be at all surprised if I were told that the Bombay Gymkhana made little or no profit out of this year's show.

AN EYE-OPENER

It must not, however, be supposed that the local hockey fans have lost their interest in the tournament. The final match showed that they could be always relied upon to rise to the occasion. It was one of the biggest crowds that even turned out at the Azad Maidan to witness a hockey final. They were as enthusiastic as ever. The fact is that they are a discerning lot who always look for the right staff. The hockey which the finalists produced was of a genuine classical character, and there was little to choose between the two rival teams.

It was an eye-opener to the communalists who maintain that there could be no interest in a fight which had no communal basis. Here were two teams without any semblance of communal colour. They had no local touch even. Still the fans thronged in their thousands and supported the belligerents with as much gusto as if they belonged to one or the other section of the crowd. It was clearly in evidence that their displays more than anything else had caught the imagination of the local fans which was mainly responsible for their divided support. It, therefore, devolves upon those who preside over the destiny of local sports to give up their old-fashioned ideas about communal sport and engage their attention in building up cosmopolitan teams and tournaments. That way alone lies the salvation of our country.

THE CUP WINNERS

The Y. M. C. A. from Lahore won the Cup. Every body will agree that they thoroughly deserved their victory. They were superb in their stickwork, attractive in their positional play, clever and ingenuous in their strategy, and brilliant in their target shooting. As a team they would take a lot of beating anywhere in India. In Mahomed Latif, they have a centre forward of exceptional ability. The fact that he claimed ten of the sixteen goals scored by the Young Men shows what a fine marksman he is. Their inside-right, Harbail Singh, impressed me very much for the way he initiated attacking expeditious. Caleb, their skipper and pivot, was the most hardworking man of the side. He was every where to be found—whether in assisting the raiding operations or in relieving the pressure from the opposite camp. Rambhajan Singh at left back was a tower of strength whose defensive tactics left his opponents agape. Yussuf, their custodian, was marvellous at times, but was rather prove to gallery-play,. I heartily congratulate the Y. M. C. A. for carrying the trophy to Lahore after the lapse of seventeen years.

CLEAN HOCKEY

The Bangalore Indians, the runners-up, really deserve commiserations for their narrow defeat in the finals. The score of a solitary goal against them indicates that if all their players were in the best of conditions they might have lowered the colours of the northern invaders. Kalyan Singh their veteran captain and centre half, played with a temperature on and Blandley their bright inside right, had a strained muscle. Although they were very much handicapped on these accounts they put up a most creditable show. As a matter of fact they had a larger share of the bombardment than their conquerors. Selvamuthu and Muthuraj were particularly conspicuous in the firing line. Muthuraj was perhaps the fastest and most helpful winger in the whole tournament. Shanmugam and Radha were a fair of backs as sound and impenetrable and the Chinese Wall, while Howell in goal was a very reliable custodian. Above all the Bangalore Indians, like their rivals from the North, played clean and attractive hockey which was undoubtedly responsible for their increasing popularity with the crowd. Let us hope both these teams will return next year to make the tournament a greater success.

UMPIRING

Before I conclude, I must say a word or two about the umpiring. Generally speaking, it was far below the Bombay standard. Even the experienced ones were not up to the mark. Evidently they were not in sufficient practice. This is hardly excusable when they were out to supervise games in a first class Tournament. I yield to none in my appreciation of their thankless task. But they must also remember that any mistake on their part, especially in a knock-out tournament is likely to cut short the career of the affected team through no fault of their own. There have been occasions when the rules were not correctly interpreted. This is a serious blot on the referees. The other day the Whistling Fraternity patted themselves on the back for their meritorious services in the cause of hockey in Bombay. I do not grudge them their self-adulation. The unfortunate part of it is this that up country teams are carrying away poor impressions of the umpires. If the umpiring is worse in Calcutta, how is it that the best teams in the land prefer to play there and leave Bombay severely alone? There must be something radically wrong both with the umpiring as well as the management of the tournament. Unless these complaints are removed soon, the fate of the Aga Khan Tournament is sealed as a premier tournament.

India Govt. Actuary Dead

NEW DELHI, April 23.

Death occurred of Mr. N. Mukherji, Actuary of the Government of India at 6 p.m. to-day. Mr. Mukherji, who was ailing for the last two months became worse yesterday. The funeral takes place to-night.—A. P.

TO KEEP COOL & ENJOY SUMMER
Join
DIVADKARS'
Kashmir Tour
(8th May to 6th June 1937)
Unique facilities at moderate charge.
Full details on application:
P. S. DIVADKAR & CO.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS, BOMBAY.

THE EXCELSIOR To-day and To-morrow at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

A GREAT COMEDIAN IN HIS GREATEST ROLE
EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
AND
GENEVIEVE TOBIN
The Man in the Mirror
A J.H. Production
HIS REFLECTION TAUGHT HIM HOW TO ENJOY LIFE—GAY! AMUSING!

THIS WEEK
SWASHBUCKLING DRAMA OF A SOLDIER OF FREEDOM
who fought his way to victory
East India Film Co. (Calcutta)
Noor-e-Wahadut
Most daring Drama of Love & War.
Starring:—
MAZAHARKHAN
Miss PATIENCE COOPER
Miss LALITA DEVI
PAHELWAN, KANIJ &
Miss AZURIE.
THE GLOBE
TALKIES.
Time: 5-15, 8 & 10-45.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays at 2-45

NOTHING SO EXQUISITE HAS YET BEEN PRODUCED
REMARK—THOSE WHO ENJOY PRABHAT'S
TUKARAM
Directed By:—
V. DAMLE &
S. FATEHLAL
Starring:—
V. PAGNIS
GOURI & Others.
IN
20th WEEK at CENTRAL
DAILY AT 5-15, 8, 10-45 P.M. MATINEE AT 2-30 P.M. ON SATURDAY, SUNDAY & HOLIDAYS.
SPECIAL MATINEE for LADIES & CHILDREN ON TUESDAYS & THURSDAYS AT 2-30 P.M.

HOSPITAL EXPANSION IN CITY

Proposed Addition Of 106 New Beds In K. E. M. Hospital

GOVERNOR'S APPEAL FOR HELP

Lord Brabourne, the Governor of Bombay, presided over the annual meeting of the General Committee of the Fund, at the Secretariat on Friday.

At the outset His Excellency remarked that he was glad to note that the Bombay Municipal Corporation were embarking on a scheme of Hospital expansion, proposing to add 106 new beds to the K. E. M. Hospital, Bombay.

"The addition of those new beds will go a long way," he continued, "towards relieving suffering and sickness amongst the poor of Bombay City."

"As stated by Sir Byramjee in his speech," he added, "the contribution from the Governor's Hospital Fund to the Municipal Corporation, Bombay, in respect of the additional beds proposed to be provided by the latter, will practically wipe out the balance available in the Fund, and the Committee will then have to face a difficult decision namely, is the Fund to be wound up or carried on?"

APPEAL TO PHILANTHROPISTS.

Continuing he said: "If the latter decision is arrived at, it will be necessary for all of us to make strenuous efforts to increase the money available. I am sure that, with the return of these more prosperous times, the charitably-minded public of Bombay would as in the past, contribute generously towards the provision of a larger number of hospital beds in Bombay City."

Before thanking the members of the Committee, he observed:—I may state, for the information of the members assembled here, that, since the date on which I last presided at the annual general meeting of the Fund in April 1934, 50 additional beds have been opened in Government hospitals in Bombay from the funds contributed by the Hospital Maintenance Fund Committee and the Royal Western India Turf Club, to whom our sincere thanks are due."

Sir Byramjee Jeejeebhoy referring to a scheme of making up the balance, appealed for more funds.

With a vote of thanks to the President, the meeting came to a close.

Two Killed In Clash Of Parties

CALICUT, April 23.

Two bodies were brought here for post mortem examination following a clash between two parties of Tiyyas in a village in Ernad Taluk over the cultivation of paddy. Lathis and knives were freely used in the clash resulting in injuries to several.—A. P.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Sud 14, 1993
Muslim: Safar 12, 1305
Parsi: Avan 21, 1306
Hightide: 11-33 23-21
Lowtide: 5-01 17-25
Sunrise: 6h 14m
Sunset: 6h 58m

S. S. Strathmore sails on Express Voyage to London at 2 p.m.

Results of I.Com. and B.Com. Exams. 2 p.m.

S. S. Comorin with mails for London due to sail at 1 p.m.

Monday, April 26.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

FLAG SALUTATION IN 'A' WARD

The monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed in the 'A' Ward Congress Committee Office to-morrow (Sunday).

BAHUJAN-VIHAR

Sjt. Jamiatram Pandya will give a talk on Buddha's Teaching in Gujarati on Sunday the 25th instant at 8-30 a.m. at Bahujan-Vihar, Poibawdi, Parel.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDENS

The band of the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Railway Regiment (A.F.I.) will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, Byculla to-day (Saturday) commencing from 9 to 11 p.m. (S.T.)

'C' WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Managing Council of 'C' Ward District Congress Committee and Volunteer Committee will be held to-day at 8 p.m. and 9 p.m. (S.T.) respectively at the Committee Office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road.

MONTHLY FLAG SALUTATION

Under the auspices of the B. P. C. C., the monthly Flag Salutation ceremony will be performed at the Congress House on Sunday, the 25th instant at 8 a.m. (S.T.)

SHARE BROKERS' MEETING

An informal meeting of the Share Brokers will be held to-day at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Association Hall to discuss the question of Tata Steel Co's steps of abruptly closing their Transfer Books from 3rd May, 1937, by a very short notice and to take steps to request the Company to alter the dates after the settlement.

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered mails for Australia per s.s. 'Moruonbay' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 27th instant.

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s.s 'Querimba' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Monday the 26th instant

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore, and Japan per s.s. 'Toyama Maru' via Karachi and Tuticorin will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 24th instant.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"The Man in the Mirror" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"This'll make you Whistle". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"The Flying Hostess" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Under Two Flags". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sing me a Love Song" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Dolls of Clay" Daily at usual time.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"Noor-e-Wahadut" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jagat Kesari" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Begunah". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Under Sea-Kingdom" Daily at usual time.
HINDMATA—"Devdas". Time as usual Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Sonhera Sansar" Daily at 5 7-45 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 p.m.
KRRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

HARIJAN SPORTING CLUB

A meeting of the Harijan Sporting Club will be held to-day at 9 p.m. at Carrol Road, Parel, under the presidency of Mr. Narayanrao S. Kajrolker to celebrate "Hanuman Jayanti."

EDUCATION SOCIETY'S SCHOOL

The prize distribution ceremony of this school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-45 p.m. in the compound of the King George English School, Hindu Colony, Dadar. Dr. D. G. Abhyankar will preside.

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ

Harikatha Kalakshepam "Bibhishana Sharanagathi" will be performed by Sreeman Venkatachala Sastrigal of Palghat from 5 to 7 p.m. and musical entertainment—Veena solo—will be given by Srimati Lalitha Venkataram (Radio Fame) with suitable accompaniment 9 to 11 p.m. to-day.

BHULESHWAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Under the auspices of Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, a monthly Flag Salutation ceremony will be performed on Sunday at 7-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Committee Office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi, Sjt. Motichand G. Kapadia, will hoist a flag. Members, workers and volunteers are requested to be present.

REGAL

Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

MIRTHFUL MASQUERADE!

There's a limit to the silver in a Spoon—the temperature in June—the glamour of the Moon—but there isn't any limit to—the laughs in "This'll Make You Whistle."

Also BRITISH MOVIETONE News by Air.

Mr. Pranjivan Harjivandas, a well-known share broker, of Messrs Manmohandas Nemidas and Co., is proceeding to England by S.S. "Strathmore" today, for studying conditions obtaining in English markets.

Big Blaze At Sewree

DAMAGE TO HALF LAKH WORTH COTTON REPORTED

Stock worth about half a lakh of rupees was damaged by fire and water in a conflagration at Sewree Cotton Green on Friday night.

The fire originated in an open godown with a corrugated roofing in which cotton bales worth about Rs. 2 lakhs belonging to Messrs. Bhagwandas Tarachand were stored. The fire alarm was sounded the moment the watchman saw smoke issuing from the godown but by the time the Fire Brigades came on the scene the flames were raging with fury and over a hundred bales were aflame. It took the Fire Brigades over half an hour to bring the fire under control and by 8-30 p.m. the flames were fully extinguished.

It is understood that the property involved was covered by insurance. The Kalachowkie police were on the scene investigating the cause of the fire.

Collections For Spain

The Secretaries of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party have issued the followed appeal:—

"On May Day (Saturday, 1st May), the Congress Socialist Party will sell flags in aid of the Spanish Government's forces and of the Party's funds, the net proceeds to be divided equally between the two objects.

A large number of volunteers are required for 1st May, however, if the appeal is to reach even a fraction of the people of Bombay on that day. We appeal to all those who sympathise with the Spanish people's brave fight against Fascist intervention and who desire to strengthen the Socialist cause in India to offer their services as volunteers on 1st May by sending or leaving their names and addresses at the office of the Party (Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road").

Congress Bye-Election In "G" Ward

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:—

"The nominations duly proposed and seconded by qualified Congress members for the bye-election of a seat of Congress delegate from "G" (Dadar) Ward which has fallen vacant owing to the resignation of Mr. Charles Mascarenhas, are invited so as to reach the Office of the B.P.C.C. (Congress House, Bombay—4) on or before Sunday, the 25th April, at or before 6 p.m. (S. T.).

In case of contest the polling will take place on Sunday, the 2nd May 1937, at the place and time which will be hereafter notified. The nomination papers can be had from the Office of the B.P.C.C. on application."

GOWD SARASWAT BRAHMAN SABHA.

Under the auspices of the Sabha a debate on the following subject will be held at 5-30 p.m. on Sunday the 25th inst. at the premises of the Kanara Brotherhood Dadarkar Building, 302 (B) Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaum:—"For the uplift of the community the Gowd Saraswats should discard old customs, usages, special castemarks and other useless symbols." Mr. T. A. Kamath, B.A., will move the proposition and the following gentlemen have consented to take part in the debate—Messrs. D. N. Nadkarni, V. B. Shanbhag, and B. A. Pandit, Mr. S. R. Haldipurkar, M.L.C., will preside. Those who desire to take part in the debate may intimate to the Jt. Hon. Secretaries by Saturday.

HATKESHWAR PATOTSAV.

Under the auspices of Shri Samasta Nagar Mandal, there will be a gathering of all Nagars today (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, when Sjt. Mojilal P. Pandya, Officer in Charge of Orange Nassau, has kindly consented to preside. The programme includes, Garba, Dance, Music etc. All Nagars are requested to attend.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By: A SUBURBAN MAN)

To-day begins the gala function of the suburbs. The Bombay East Indian Association's long-planned nine days' fete will be opened today by Lord Brabourne, who will be accompanied by Lady Brabourne in D'Monte Park, Perry Road, Bandra.

This function promises to be the greatest event in the history of the Bombay East Indian community and even that of the suburbs.

This fete is organised on a very lavish scale, and enormous benefit ought to be derived from it, which is to go towards the starting of an industrial school for the children of the community. A very good cause this, and the generous public of our city and suburbs who always help a good cause, ought to help this one too.

ENTERTAINMENT GALORE

More than your money's worth, that's the programme they have planned. To-night there is to be a gala open air dance, music is to be rendered by Cornaglia's Blue Danubians and our well known Spotlights Dance Band, who are noted in the suburbs for their hot music, spotlights never fail that way.

Sunday, April 25, the Bombay City Police Band is to play a selected programme of music at 6-30 p.m., after which there will be a physical cultre display by Sarkari's Health Home followed by a Marathi concert arranged by Mr. F. P. Gonsalves, the well-known East Indian Marathi vocalist.

On Monday, April 26, the St. Francis Band, from Vile Parle, is to be in attendance and on April 27, St. Anne's Orchestra is to entertain the gathering, and at 8-30 p.m. on the same day there is to be a whist drive followed by a dance.

On the closing day, May 2, the G.I.P. Railway Band play in the evening and at 9-30 p.m. the tennis courts of the Bandra Gymkhana are to be turned into a fairy ballroom.

A long programme is this and a crowded entertainment, too—a Japanese garden, daily picture shows, a giant wheel, sea-on-land, fire-walking and moving wax models—and a complete scientific exhibition. And above all delicious dishes of every kind.

THANA SCHOOL BOARD BUDGET

At a recent meeting of the General Board of the Thana Municipality the budget estimates for 1937-38 of the Municipal School Board has been adopted.

The total revenue is at Rs. 48,-522, which includes municipality contribution of Rs. 29,905 and the Government grants of Rs. 16,500. Rs. 3,468 will be available from the increase in fees of the English classes.

With the addition of the opening balance of Rs. 200, the grand total on the income side is Rs. 52,190, of which the Board intends to spend Rs. 47,512 on primary education during the year.

As the actual amount spent in 1936-37 is Rs. 42,774, this shows that the expenditure has increased by about Rs. 5,000. In addition to this increased expenditure the School Board intends to spend Rs. 1,010 on the English classes attached to the primary schools.

Canara Banking Corporation

Dr. E. Moses, the Mayor of Bombay presided at the opening ceremony of the Canara Industrial and Banking Corporation, Limited, at their premises Phirozsha Mehta Road, on Friday evening.

Dr. T. Madhava Pai, Chairman of the Syndicate said that the institution was floated as a Joint-Stock banking concern with a capital of a lakh of rupees in 1925. To-day it had thirty branches in different parts of Madras, Mysore and Bombay. The combined banking and insurance scheme opened out a new field of investment for persons who have ambitious programmes before them.

The Mayor in his speech described the pigmy Scheme "as a useful service rendered to the people who feel that they can save, but for want of such a facility, have not so far saved anything."

The function terminated after light refreshments and an inspection of the premises.

ARYA SAMAJ.

Under the auspices of the local Arya Samaj a public meeting will be held on Sunday the 25th instant when Pandit Ayodhyaprasadji will deliver a lecture on Vedic Sermon in the Samaj Mandir at the Girgaon Back Road, (Kakadwadi) when all are cordially invited to attend.

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Laxmanrao Oghle will deliver a public lecture on Bhagvadgita to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.)

At the Chinchpokli Arya Samaj (Laxmi Narayan Vyayam Shala) Pandit Laxmanrao Oghle will deliver a public lecture on Religious sermon on Sunday the 25th at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

At the Fort Arya Samaj (Frere Road) on Sunday the 25th inst. Pt. Ramchandra Sidhantalankar will deliver a lecture on Religious Progress at 9 a.m. (S.T.).

NATIONAL GUARDS.

The General Secretary of the Bombay National Guards writes:—

An urgent meeting of the general body of the Bombay National Guards will be held on Sunday at 7 a.m. at the Congress House to consider certain amendments to the Constitution proposed by some members.

As the Volunteers are to attend the Monthly Flag Salutation ceremony also immediately after all of them are expected to come in their uniforms. Members are requested to be present in time.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

General Sir William Bartholomew arrived at Government House on Friday.

The Governor of Bombay presided at the annual meeting of the Governor's Hospital Fund at the Secretariat on Friday.

CHAMDEWALLAKI-WADI SCHOOL.

The opening ceremony of the Training School and Girls School Buildings of the Chamdewallaki-Wadi Committee will be held to-day at Chamdewallaki-Wadi (East of Khar Road Station) at 5-15 p.m. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai will preside.

BOMBAY'S NEW ADVOCATES

Results Of Exam. Held On 24th Feb. Last

The following are the results of the Examination for the office of Advocates of the High Court, held by the Bombay Bar Council of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in February last.

PART I
SECOND CLASS

Nos. 3, 5, 6, 18, 19, 23, 27, 28, 33, 35, 37, 43, 45, 46, 48, 51, 52, 55, 57, 60, 61, 66, 67, 69, 71, 73, 79, 80, 85, 88, 89, 91, 92, 102, 105, 115, 118, 119, 121, 123, 127, 133, 137, 139, 142, 147, 148, 150, 154, 155, 157, 161, 162, 183, 185, 190, 191, 202, 211, 213, 218, 219, 220, 224, 229, 231, 240, 245, 256, 258, 265, 266, 274, 276, 291. Total 75.

PART II
SECOND CLASS

Nos. 10, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, 37, 39, 40, 43, 46, 48, 54, 55, 61, 63, 66, 67, 78, 84, 90, 96, 97, 99, 110, 113, 129, 133, 135, 144, 164, 166, 176, 188, 198, 201, 202, 213, 215, 218, 221, 222, 229, 234. Total 45.

WHOLE EXAMINATION

(Passed whole examination, having passed in one of the parts previously).

PART I:—23, 33, 35, 46, 66, 67, 71, 80, 85, 91, 105, 119, 185, 229, 231.

PART II:—24, 25, 26, 34, 37, 39, 40, 43, 46, 48, 54, 55, 61, 63, 66, 67, 78, 84, 90, 96, 97, 99, 110, 113, 129, 133, 135, 144, 164, 166, 176, 188, 198, 201, 202, 213, 215, 218, 221, 222, 229, 234. Total 57.

KHILAFAT COMMITTEE.

A public meeting of the Tanzeem Khilafat Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the Khilafat House, Love Lane, Byculla, wherein Moulana Mohamad Irfan and Messrs. Qutbuddin Siddiqi, Abdul Bari, Nami Sandilvi and Abdul Jabbar Khan will speak on "the New Aspect of the Khilafat Movement."

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ

In connection with the Sri Rama Navami Mahotsavam there will be a musical entertainment by Mr. N. Rajagopalan, B.A. (Disciple of Tiger Varadachariar), (Vocal), Mr. Krishnaswamy (Violin) and Mr. Radhakrishnan (Mridangam) to-day.

FLAG SALUTATION AT SANTA CRUZ.

Under the auspices of the Santa Cruz Congress Committee, the monthly flag salutation ceremony will be performed on Sunday the 25th inst., at 8-0 a.m. (S.T.) in Bajaj Wadi, Station Road, Santa Cruz.

CONGRESS COMMITTEE AT KURLA.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held on Sunday, the 25th inst. at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) in Abdulla Mansion, near the Station, Kurla, when the Kurla Congress Committee, will be inaugurated, Sjt. Ramnikrai Mehta, the President of the Suburban District Congress Committee will preside and Messrs. Syed Abdulla Brelvi, G. D. Bhatt, D. N. Wandrekar, Dongre and others will speak.

PATHE

Sunday extra show 10 a.m. 'Phone: 41561.

3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

If They Were Funnier
We're Willing To Betcha'
You'd Have To Be Carried
Out On A Stretcher!
What Laffs And What Songs!
Just Wait 'Til They Getcha'!
Sing Me a Love Song
with
JAMES MELTON • PATRICIA ELLIS • HUGH HERBERT
ZASU PITTS • ALLEN JENKINS • NAT PENDLETON
ANN SHERIDAN • WALTER CATLETT • HOBART CAVANAUGH
Music & Lyrics by Harry Warren & Al Dubin
A COSMOPOLITAN PRODUCTION
A First National Picture
Directed by RAYMOND ENRIGHT
Here are six of the milder cases in this nut-house set to music!

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HAPPY LANDING!
A great airline romance that nearly cracked up—until a slip of a girl took over the controls!
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JUDITH BARRETT
WILLIAM HALL
Astrid Allwyn, Andy Devine
A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
From the Liberty Magazine story, "SKY FEVER" by George Bruce
Directed by MURRAY ROTH
EDMUND GRAINGER, Associate Producer

TWO VILLAGERS TO HANG

High Court Confirms Sentences In Bijapur Case

Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court confirmed the death sentences passed by the Sessions Judge of Bijapur on Adappa Malappa and Sidappa Malanganda Patil.

The accused who were residents of a village in Bijapur District were convicted of the murder of the adopted son of one Songappa Siddagondappa, a 70-year-old cripple, who was the third accused in the case.

FLAG SALUTATION IN "E" WARD

The monthly flag salutation ceremony of the Byculla District Congress Committee will be performed at the Committee's office by the President Sjt. R. K. Arhreker oppositHe Makanjee Mill to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m.

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Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1937

INDIAN SHIPPING

There have been reports in the country for several days past that the Government of India have invited a conference of British and Japanese shipowners to adjust their respective quotas of carrying trade between India and Japan and that Indian shipowners have been excluded from the conference. There was nothing very surprising in this proposal yet we urged Government to remove all doubts about the scope and composition of the Conference by issuing a communique on the subject. But Government have done nothing of the kind. We may, therefore, presume that the reports are substantially correct, especially because they are in conformity with Government's traditional policy of neglecting Indian shipping interests and accepting the dictation of the British shippers. The neglect of Indian shipping by the Government of India is in sharp contrast to the keen interest taken by Britain in British shipping. The Imperial Shipping Committee, London, is at present holding an inquiry into the position of British shipping in the Far East. The Indian National Steamship Association of Bombay has addressed a letter to the Imperial Committee urging that Indian shipping should be "assured a legitimate share of the maritime trade in which it is vitally interested and which belongs to her by right."

Legitimate Claim

About the legitimacy of India's rights there can be no manner of doubt. Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Indian Association, who is shortly going to England, Mr. G. L. Mehta, who is sailing next month to attend the International Labour Conference at Geneva, and Mr. D. S. Erulkar, who is already in London, have been requested by the Association to give evidence before the Imperial Shipping Committee and they may be trusted to press India's claims uncompromisingly. But we feel sure that the British shipping interests will not do for India, what the Government of India are unable or unwilling to do. As the Indian Association points out in its letter, the British shippers have, in the past, been responsible "for financially shattering several Indian shipping companies which endeavoured to develop a coastal service and have refused to admit Indians to a real partnership even in India's own coastal trade." They have also made it impossible for a venture like that of the Tatas to participate in the Indo-Japanese trade years ago. It does not seem likely, therefore, that these British shipping interests and the Tory politicians in power will do any justice to India.

Need For Economic Pressure

So far as the maritime trade between India and Japan is concerned, these two countries are far more entitled to share it than any other country like Britain. The Indo-Japanese trade is worth over Rs. 40 crores annually and as the Indian Shipowners' Association points out, the very fact that "India is an important buyer and commands vital purchasing power gives it an invaluable bargaining strength which can and should be utilised for the development of her national shipping and should be availed of in the negotiations for the renewal of the Indo-Japanese Trade Treaty as well as the Indo-British Trade Agreement." But it is this very bargaining power which the British shipping interests are out to exploit to secure more carrying trade for themselves, regardless of the claims of India. That explains why Indians are excluded from the forth-coming conference of British and Japanese shipowners. It appears that the two will divide between themselves most, if not all, of the Far Eastern Trade, asking Indian shippers to be content with a small part of the coastal trade. If that comes about, as it is likely to, it will be a long time indeed, ordinarily, before India can secure any overseas shipping worth-mentioning. Businessmen must realise as soon as possible that only be exerting strong economic pressure on Britain can they get any justice for India's economic and political rights.

The Way To Peace

Replying to questions in the Commons, Mr. Baldwin said that the British "Government would, of course, be willing to participate in a world conference, provided that thorough and comprehensive investigations showed that such a conference was likely to succeed and provided that there had been ample preparation". This is the old language of evasion. It may be all right as a reply to Herr Hitler as indeed, a gentle hint that Herr Hitler's professions do not decisive. But it is wrong because of its fundamental assumption that Peace can be restored only by the willing consent of every individual State given in an all-world international conference; and not otherwise. Such a conference is much more likely to fail as ever than succeed. But peace must be worked for and there does exist an effective alternative.

In a message to an American paper, President Roosevelt declares that "the United States and Great Britain have one common purpose namely, the preservation of peace throughout the world." It is, of course, a courtesy tribute relevant to the particular occasion. But it contains, we hope, the hint of a suggestion. If Britain and America jointly take the lead in favour of a bold policy—a policy honestly and earnestly intended to see that "aggression does not pay" and that, on the other hand, it will be made to pay the full price of its mischief—the response will be swift and more than decisive. This can be easily seen. For, Russia and France will join immediately. The combination will become so formidable that no group in the world can defy it. So far as International Fascism is concerned it will realise that the game is up. And it will be compelled to yield to pacifism. But are American, and particularly Britain, in earnest?

'Democratic Swaraj' In Action

Mr. Indulal Yajnik has been informed by the Home Department of the Bombay Government that an order passed against him in February last is not to be rescinded. The order relates to his externment from Panch Mahal, Broach, Surat and Kaira districts and ban on attending or addressing public meetings in Ahmedabad district. We should have thought that orders like this which involve a complete denial of civil liberty of the individual were repugnant to the Honourable Mr. Jamnadas Mehta who claims to be a democrat. We should have also thought that immediate cancellation of such orders was to have been a principal item in any Democratic Swaraj programme. The order, however, remains and almost defiantly so, which throws a flood of light on Mr. Jamnadas Mehta and the so-called Democratic Swaraj arty.

PARLE BRIDGE MUDDLE

Statement Of Plain Facts

(BY G. R. DESAI).

I.

This question was first raised when the Railway Company prohibited the use by the public of the Station Bridge some time in 1932.

Vile Parle is divided into two parts by the Railway Line and the Eastern side having been developed first the only public market consisting of several stalls on the road side was located on the Eastern side. The residents of the Western side, mainly ladies, had therefore to cross the Station Bridge daily to go to the Market to buy their daily supplies of vegetables. It was therefore the lady folk on the Western side of the town who were put to considerable inconvenience by reason of the action of the Railway Company. The Western side by now has developed to such an extent that the Municipality has now given it equal representation i.e., 4 seats and brought it on par with the Eastern Side.

A New Bridge

Several alternatives were suggested to the Railway Company who, however, assumed an unbending attitude, but eventually through the intervention of the Railway Advisory Board agreed to construct a new bridge at the cost of the Municipality.

Anticipating that the Municipality would accept its proposal and agree to bear the cost of the new bridge and its maintenance the Railway Company allowed the public to use its bridge.

In view of certain objections raised mainly by the residents on the Eastern side who did not approve of the Municipality expending Rs. 8,000 to Rs. 10,000 out of the rate-payers' moneys in meeting what they were pleased to think the needs of a few, the Municipality deferred decision on the subject with the result that the Railway Company, after waiting for some ten months, again prohibited the use by the public of the bridge.

The residents on the West were then forced to organize themselves and they started an agitation in the press and under pressure of that agitation the Municipality was forced to commit itself to expending the entire cost of the foot over-bridge and to undertake liability for the maintenance thereof. To show its 'bona fides' the Municipality paid to the Railway Company 25 per cent. of the cost. The Railway Company agreed to allow the public the use of its bridge upon payment of the annual sum of Rs. 100 pending the construction of the new bridge. The new Bridge was to be near the Railway Bridge.

Municipality Applies For Loan

The Municipality applied to Government for sanction for a loan being raised in the open market, but the necessary sanction was not forthcoming immediately. The Railway Company did not seem anxious to have the construction of the bridge expedited, and inasmuch as the use of the Railway bridge was secured to the public the Municipality was also in no hurry to expedite the construction of the new bridge. The matter thus drifted along.

The Collector requested some further information in connection with the loan application and accordingly the subject was revived. This was towards the middle of 1935.

Private Offer

Mr. Harmukhrai Gopiram was then already in negotiation with the Municipality and was prepared to contribute a portion of the cost of the Bridge if the Bridge were constructed at a site indicated by him, on certain terms. That site happened to be more near the centre of the town between the two level crossings on the extreme North and South of the town and was in fact the site used by a large number of people for crossing over from one side to the other at grave risk to their lives. That is so even now, and will continue even if a Bridge was constructed over the Station.

The Members of the Municipality accordingly thought that if Mr. Harmukhrai could be persuaded to donate the entire amount of the cost the bridge might be located at the place indicated by him.

It was however felt that the site indicated by him was a little further away from the Station and that he might be persuaded to agree to an alternative site nearer to the Station.

The negotiations were renewed but while Mr. Harmukhrai was prepared to contribute the whole cost he was not willing to make any deviation in the site.

There were then two view points in the Municipality, one which was agreeable to the acceptance of Mr. Harmukhrai's offer on the ground, that, if a large sum was to be saved to the

(Continued on page 8 Col 4)

Our European Letter

Britain And Bilbao

Causes Of Pro-Franco Policy

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, April 16.

Circumstances bound with the Spanish struggle to a great extent are looked upon as supplying indexes to various currents of wider European significance. As such the decision of the British Government relating to the port of Bilbao, namely, extending of a check to British ships carrying food supplies from getting within the three miles limit of this port, has come for considerable attention. The British order in practice will imply stopping of British ships from carryng supplies to Bilbao. The port of Bilbao is in the hands of the Spanish Government. It is at present threatened by General Franco who is trying to cut it off both by land and by sea. Bilbao thus is greatly in need of food supplies which do not come under contraband and none of the provisions of "non-intervention" forbids carrying of them to Spain. Further, General Franco is also given out as not recognised by Britain as a belligerent. In the face of all these circumstances, the decision of the British Government has obviously caused added surprise. The step is viewed as a great concession directly to Franco and as a check to the Spanish Government.

British Attitude

The "Manchester Guardian" in the course of a leading article in a somewhat pathetic tone writes:—"It is unfortunate that the British Government with its rigorous 'non-intervention' so often intervenes in fact against the Spanish Government." The British attitude is held in quarters to contain various calculations: consideration of not letting the Spanish Government in a radical bent to assert; estimation of exerting a moderating influence on forces at play in Spain; and recognition of the factor of the strain with Italy. The last mentioned remains an element of much weight. In the light of it, British attention is also directed greatly now to the pushing of the armament programme with the adoption in the while of a position in ways of calculated reserve. Italy to an extent is bent on forcing certain issues and in regard to some others is seen as adopting an attitude of enhanced care and extending of preparations. In connection with the latter, the recent decisions of the Italian Cabinet, announcing the moves to create a separate Libyan naval command, change the name of the Italian Colonial Office to "Ministry for Italian Africa" and develop the port of Assab, as one paper comments, closely following the resolution relating to the fortification of the strategically important island of Pantelleria, have come for much attention. These steps, states one important paper, may be held as representing a part of Italian answer to the British armament extension plan and they also suggest anticipations of complications under conditions with the Mediterranean assuming a new prominence.

The Fall Of Yagoda

The dismissal and removal from all public activity of Yagoda, after he had been asked to quit only a little earlier the key position that he long held in the Soviet Union as the head of the Secret Police, is an event that has raised much interest this week in the European Press. As the chief of the Secret Police, for many years Yagoda held a position in the Soviet State, second in importance and influence only to that of Stalin. Yagoda got virtually into this office soon after the death of Dzherzhinsky and became its real occupant, replacing the less assertive Menshinsky, while a young man of only thirty and odd. For years there was no internal movement of importance on which his role was not of significance and beyond this he is considered to have exerted also an influence on affairs connected with foreign policy. While various interpretations are given and many speculations raised about Yagoda's fall, there is wide agreement in comments about it representing as marking an ascendency of the influence of military leadership in Soviet Union. Stalin has proved well attentive to the military. The development is considered as implying that Moscow is taking an alert view of the international situation, which comes to prominence particularly in the comments of the Soviet Press in connection with the situation relating to Western Mediterranean, a position associated with Germany, and with an uncertainty still linked with Britain.

Austro-Czechoslovak Understanding

An important factor in connection with currents relating to the course of events in the Danubian region which exercise a great influence on the development of the European situation is the extension of good understanding between Czechoslovakia and Austria. This finds expression in Press comments in both countries. The economic advance in Czechoslovakia (Czechoslovakia's exports for March this year according to figures just published show an increase of 57 per cent. against those of the same month the previous year and imports of raw products a corresponding rise of 61 per cent.) and greater opportunities bound with it have well contributed to a favourable effect in Austria. On the political side, the Austrian Chancellor has newly been making a more determined stand about Austria's care to independence. Speaking two days back at Eisenfeld in Austria, Chancellor Schuschnigg stated that it is false to put as alternative, union with Germany or Restoration. To put it this way, added Dr. Schuschnigg, is to ignore the need of Austria's existence and mission. The extension of understanding between Czechoslovakia and Austria is suited to improve the prospects of collaboration between the groups of the Little Entente and the Rome Protocol, that will record an advancement, towards a Danubian settlement, which will tend to lead to the weight of a tension associated with Germany and Italian stand continuing being cast to other and more distant regions, involving a special interest in turn to Britain. Germany's stand about the Danubian settlement remains one of much reserve and in this connection also attention is directed to the report of a forthcoming early visit between Hitler and Mussolini.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

INDIA MUST HELP.

The Spanish Embassy in London has announced that an examination of the areas in front of Basque seaports showed that there was no trace of mines. The British Government, we dare say, will not accept this announcement when they have declined to be influenced by an actual, undeniable proof offered by the "Seven Seas Spray." But we are glad that the example of that boat is being followed by another inspite of Sir Samuel Hoare. The steamer "Blackworth" is to proceed to Bilbao on Saturday with a cargo of food and medical supplies. It is noteworthy that among the contributors to the purchase of cargo is Mr. Lloyd George, by no means a blood-thirsty Red. And there was a report only the other day that the Dean of Canterbury was raising £10,000 to charter a ship with supplies for Spain. All this together with certain detailed reports that we have been publishing from Spain clearly proves that political and religious propaganda carried on abroad by interested friends and supporters of France against Spanish democracy is sheer humbug. The Spanish Government commands the sympathy of all decent-minded persons in the world, persons who are concerned to see that humanitarian and democratic principles prevail. India, therefore, ought to be specially interested in the gallant struggle of the Spanish Governments. And it is the duty of Indians to help it.

NAZIS DEFY SOUTH AFRICA

600 young Germans from South West Africa have, says a Berlin message, organised "a corporation of patriots to provide a basis for a "German people's community in South-West Africa". This, of course, is an open defiance of the proclamation of the South African Union's Government and all the more noteworthy that the organisation has been formed in Germany where such things can only rise under official auspices. and since this organisation "is willing to co-operate in our South-West Africa, with other sections of the populations", a direct conflict with the Union Government is inevitable. In that event, it would be interesting to watch how Britain herself reacts.

CORPORATION AND CORONATION

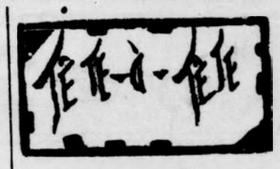
The Corporation of Bombay has decided to spend a substantial sum for illumination on the Coronation Day. It has also proved once again that it does not represent the true views and wishes of the people This sum could have been spent in a far more sensible manner by devoting it to some purpose of lasting utility, and Mr. K. F. Nariman had made a suggestion of installing permanent "Coronation ligts" in the Harijan chawls in the city many of which are enveloped in cimmerian darkness. It is a thousand pities that this proposal was turned down by those whose loyalty proved stronger than their charity.

INDIAN IRON AND STEEL COMPANY

The plans for the flotation of a new steel company in India have gone one step further towards materialisation by the decision of the shareholders of the Indian Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., to accept the scheme put forward by the Directors in this respect. Both the national and the international market situation is particularly favourable for the flotation of a venture of this magnitude and importance. The prices of iron and steel are even to-day high, but considering the increasing armament demand they are bound to rise still higher. In this connection, the observations made by the Indian "Economist" regarding the position of iron and steel in England are worthy of note. It says: "The position is again acute in the metal industries in which rearmament expenditure is largely concentrated Here the scope for further expansion is severely limited by the inability of the iron and steel industry—the basis of the metal industries—to increase output proportionately to the growth of demand. Between 1935 and 1936 British consumption of iron and steel rose by about 25 per cent.: production of pig iron and crude steel rose by 19.6 per cent. and 18.7 per cent., respectively, and imports of iron and steel materials rose from 1,150,000 tons to 1,483,000 tons; but since the industry is now working at capacity, production can only be increased as additional plant comes into operation and as no provision was made a year or so ago for the prospective increase in demand the industry is not expected to be in a position to increase the output of crude steel this year by much more than 1,000,000 tons". In conclusion, the "Economist" anticipates that "the British Iron and Steel Federation may not be able to prevent a sharp rise in prices when the shortage becomes more acute later in the year." Not only in England, but even in Japan there is reported to be acute dearth of pig iron and it is expected that Japan also may have to depend upon India for the supplies to its market.

AVOID INTERNAL COMPETITION

So far as India is concerned there is still room for another steel factory since the country is very far from being self-sufficient so far as its requirements for steel are concerned. There is, therefore great possibility of success for the new venture. Apart from the advantages that may result to the investor, the starting of a new company is bound to help to a great extent the industrial and economic progress of the country. It will provide employment to many who are to-day unemployed. It will help India to conserve much of the capital which at present is being drained out for the purchase of iron and steel. From these and various other points of view we feel that the shareholders of the Indian Iron and Steel Company, have made a wise decision. We cannot help referring, incidentally, to the responsive manner in which the Directors and the Managing Agents accepted the constructive suggestions made by the shareholders. Despite this promising situation, we would like to draw attention to one most vital point, namely, internal competition. There were prolonged negotiations between the Indian Iron and Steel Company and the Tata Iron and Steel Company, for the formation of a new concern but the negotiations failed and the Indian Iron and Steel Company floated the new company and we hear that the Tata Iron and Steel Company is also planning extension of its works. Thus when both these factories work at full speed and particularly in times of depression, they must take care to avoid internal competition.



WITHOUT COMMENT

DOHAD, April 22.

The police authorities called upon the secretaries of the Reception Committee of the Second Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference and asked them not to hold to-day's public meeting in the Freelandganj Railway Colony, though it was a workers' meeting and such meetings were being held for the last seven years without any objection.—United Press

* * * *

Question: I take it that you are aware of "the special responsibilities of the Governors"?

Answer: I am afraid I must confess my ignorance.

—From an interview with Gandhiji.

Gentle irony is wasted on Lord Zetland and his fellow-Imperialists.

* * * *

Mr. J. B. Bird, Private Secretary to Sir James Grigg, is to be an Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay.

We thought it was to see that on his return from leave, Sir James was not confiscated under the Sea Customs Act as an explosive material.

But Mr. Bird is to assume his duties in October. So his appointment need not be regarded as an injustice to the present officials

* * * *

Lecturing at Patna an Aligarh University Professor declared that the Arabs "knew the value of plain living and high thinking in contrast to the modern day theory of high living and plain thinking".

Dr. Ziauddin, we fear, may object to this as an indiscreet institutional confession.

* * * *

Maulana Shaukat Ali—bless him, what would public life be without him?—demands that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, negotiate with Muslims who 'count'.

The trouble which the Maulana's unfailingly delightful naivete, doesn't perceive is that Mr. M. A. Jinnah insists on counting himself as 70 million plus—as special weightage—fundamental differences.

To say nothing, of course, of the fact that dear old Shaukat Ali himself is so obviously entitled to be counted as two, if not more.

* * * *

By the way, it would be an utter misrepresentation and vilification of Mr. Jinnah to suggest that he would negotiate with Jawaharlal only if the latter expressed readiness to forswear the creed of the Indian National Congress.

* * * *

"His Majesty's Government consider themselves fully bound by the provisions of the Paris Pact for the renunciation of war."

—Mr. Eden.

Hence Mr. Chamberlain's budget.

* * * *

Encouraged by Herr Hitler's words Mr. George Lansbury proposes to meet Signor Mussolini now.

Which, of course, proves that Mr. Lansbury is a very single-minded, incorrigibly gullible and well-meaning old man.

* * * *

When pressed in the House of Commons—apropos of the Lansbury-Hitler interview—that the British Government should take the initiative by getting into contact with the Nazi Government, "Mr. Baldwin declined to answer".

Which simultaneously proves that Mr. Baldwin is a wise diplomat and a Tory statesman.

* * * *

"You talk a great deal in your sleep, dear", said Mrs. Henpeck. "It's the only chance I get", said the dear, meekly.

Turning Point In Civil War?

Insurgents Shoot Their Own Officers

DESERT RANKS AND JOIN GOVERNMENT

VALENCIA, April 22.

Entire company of 175 insurgents including N.C.O.'S are reported to have joined Government lines in Pozoblanco sector on the Cordoba front.

It is stated that insurgents killed their officers before deserting.

A message from Paris says:—

A VIOLENT SCENE OCCURRED AT THE VALENCIA AERODROME WHEN A FOREIGN DIPLOMAT WAS PREVENTED FROM LEAVING THE COUNTRY, ACCORDING TO A MESSAGE RECEIVED BY THE SPANISH PRESS AGENCY.

He is suspected of carrying contraband and finally had to permit having his baggage searched. The Customs officials, it is alleged, found ten million Pesetas and a number of highly compromising documents, presumably intended for the insurgents.

THE DIPLOMAT HAS BEEN ORDERED NOT TO LEAVE VALENCIA AND TO HOLD HIMSELF AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE SPANISH AUTHORITIES.—Reuter.

THREE BRITISH SHIPS REACH BILBAO

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, April 22.

The British steamers "Stanbrook", "McGregor" and "Hamsterley" left in a procession for Bilbao.

Twinkling lights in the night haze of signalling between the battleship "Hood" and other warships outside the harbour showed that the Navy were aware of the beginning of a triple Odyssey.

Earlier in the day, three pilots arrived by air from Bilbao to pilot the vessels.—Reuter.

AMBASSADOR CONNIVED AT SPYING

VALENCIA, April 23.

The diplomat mentioned in earlier Paris message was the Chilean Ambassador Senor Morgado, according to the Fabra Agency which says, a search of his private luggage revealed securities whose removal from Spain had been rigorously prohibited.

It accuses Senor Morgado of conniving at espionage and adds: the Government have pronounced him "persona non-grata" though he maintains good relations with Chile.—Reuter.

"HOOD" APPEARS ON SCENE

How British Foodships Entered Bilbao

ST. JEAN DE LUZ, April 23.

Before three British foodships reached Bilbao an insurgent cruiser and another vessel fired several shells, though, whether at the vessels or across their bows is not known. Thereupon, it is understood battleship "Hood" appeared on the scene with fifteen inch guns loaded. Insurgent vessels were warned that fire would be opened if they continued firing.

The Spanish vessels then departed.—Reuter.

THREE MORE SHIPS REACH BILBAO

BILBAO, April 23.

General Franco's blockade has served to introduce into the world such doughty characters of British Mercantile Marine as Captain "Potato" Jones and Captain "Let's Go" Roberts of the "Seven Seas Spray". Three more stalwarts joined in the company, this morning, when three ships "Hamsterley", (2,160 tons), with Captain Still, the "Macgregor" (2,508 tons) with Captain "Corncob" Jones, and the 'Stanbrook' (1,363 tons) with Captain Prance, all certificated by the International Control Board as not carrying arms, arrived off Bilbao after stealing from St. Jean de Luz in moonlight. They were met by Basque trawlers and destroyers and escorted into Port.

HOPE OF RELIEF

The Basque Government representative at London, who left Bilbao 48 hours ago, said that the arrival of these three foodships should alleviate the terrible situation. One of the Captains enjoyed the voyage so much that he described that it was just like a moonlight cruise. The "Hamsterley's" master cabled the laconic message to the owners of "Newcastle" "arrived Bilbao safely", indicating that the trip was without incident. It is believed the 'Hood', which has just returned to St. Jean De Luz was hovering in the backgfound during the voyage.

"POTATO JONES" AT GIBRALTAR

Two more British food-ships have arrived at St. Jean de Luz for Bilbao. 'Potato Jones' in Marie Llewellyn arrived at Gibraltar, thus clearing up the mystery regarding his whereabouts.—Reuter.

SETTLEMENT OF GENERAL MOTORS STRIKE

Union Not Recognised: 5-day Week Of 44 Hours Fixed

OSHAWA: April 23.

The General Motors strikers have agreed to terms of settlement, and work is being resumed on Monday. The agreement does not accord recognition to the Union. It grants a five-day week of wage of an amount undetermined.

A committee of nine has been elected by all workers to represent them in the adjustment of disputes with the management.—Reuter.

King Unveils George V Memorial

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON: April 23.

The King, this afternoon, unveiled the first outdoor memorial of his father and made the first public speech since his accession.

The memorial, which is beside the walls of Windsor Castle, was designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens. The memorial is a gift of the people of Windsor district, England and Windsor, Ontario.

PRECAUTIONS TELL

Pilgrimage To Nebimusa Passes Off Feacefully

JERUSALEM, April 23.

The great Muslim pilgrimage to Nebimusa, near, Jericho, reputed to be the tomb of Moses has hitherto passed off quietly, apart from minor incidents between followers of rival Arab parties, which resulted in a few arrests. Nevertheless, in view of the possibility of trouble, troops in garrison here were ordered to standby in barracks earlier this week and strong guards with machine-guns are posted at the gates around the ancient walls of the City, ready for any eventuality. Numerous suspected Communist agents and agitators were arrested in the past few days as a precaution.

Although the main ceremonies of the pilgrimage began to-day, it will continue for about a week. The preliminary ceremony of "call to pilgrimage" was made last week.—Reuter.

NAGPUR: His Excellency the Governor of the Central Provinces and Berar has appointed Rao Bahadur G. H. Gokhale, retired District and Sessions Judge as members of the Joint Public Service Commission for the Province of Bihar, C. P., and Berar and Orissa.

Germans Defy S. A. Govt.

BERLIN, April 22.

Open defiance of the South African Government's recent proclamation in regard to South-West Africa appears indicated by an official German news agency announcement that about 600 young Germans from South-West-Africa have organised a "corporation of patriots" to provide a basis for a "German peoples community in South-West-Africa."

It is explained that the young Germans who have organised this body have been undergoing provisional training in Germany with the idea of taking charge of all young South-West-Africans coming to Germany and training them to become a community which is "well aware of the tasks awaiting it abroad."

The new corporation, it is announced, will never attempt to interfere in internal affairs of South African and "is willing to co-operate in our home of South-West-Africa with other sections of the population, but we will never give up our nationalism, for we regard its preservation as the purpose and meaning of our life."—Reuter.

RECORD SITTING OF COMMONS

Stormy Scenes Followed By Suspension Of Member

LONDON: April 23.

The House of Commons, after 19 hours' continuous sitting, is still in session at 9-45 this morning, and it seems likely, it will remain in session for some time yet. The House is debating in Committee stage the special areas Bill in the course of which there were many opposition obstructive speeches. At 3-30 a.m. Government began to apply for closure and a number of stormy scenes followed.

Finally, Mr. Aneurin Bevan was suspended for making reflection on the conduct of the Chairman of the Committee.

The brief storm being over, the sitting remained dull and orderly, early in the morning sunshine finding about 50 sleepy members still in the House, some of them slumbering peacefully.

The present sitting is the longest since July 1936, when there was a 34-hour sitting, the longest for last 50 years.—Reuter.

INDIA'S OPEN HAND AND DOOR

Dr. Mott Pleads For Courage And Vision

LONDON, April 22.

At the Indian Students' Union annual meeting at Gower Street Dr. John Mott paid glowingly tribute to the high traditions of open hand and open door of India.

He said: "India wants leadership endowed with vision, courage and goodwill. My reading of the autobiography of Pandit Nehru which was recommended to me by Lord Halifax assures me that such leadership if forthcoming."—Reuter.

RE-ORIENTATION IN EUROPEAN POLITICS?

WASHINGTON: April 23.

Recent statements by Mr. Baldwin and Mr. Chamberlain closely following the Hitler-Lansbury announcement are regarded here as unmistakable evidence of slow but steady re-oreintation of European politics.

The movement is thought to be away from the idea of self-sufficiency and in conformity with the United States Secretary of Treasury's policy of economic disarmament.—Reuter's Special

IRWIN'S SON CONTESTING BYE-ELECTION

LONDON, April 23

Charles Wood, the eldest son of Lord Halifax, has been adopted as the National Conservative candidate for York bye-election to replace Mr. Lumley, the Governor designate of Bombay.

His opponent will be Labourite Dugdale, the Private Secretary to Major Attlee.—Reuter.

The Romance Of Words

"Jack"

Among the many curious features of this word is the fact that, though strictly a proper noun, it is found in a host of combinations with other words without any apparent reason whatever! Jack plane, Jack boots and Jack-in-the-box are only three of many such examples.

There is, however, a certain amount of method in this "madness"; for a large number of phrases include the word in a diminutive or in an inferior sense. Perhaps the clearest example is the "jack" in bowls, so called on account of its smallness compared with the bowls themselves. The "Jack" in "Union Jack" got there in the same way, since it originally referred to the small flag carried at the bow in ships.

"INDIAN RADIO" LOSES CASE

Finding In Favour Of Income-Tax Commissioner

LONDON: (By Air Mail)

An appeal by the Indian Radio and Cable Communication Co., Ltd., against a decision of the Bombay High Court in favour of the Commissioner of Income-Tax for the Bombay Presidency was dismissed here by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council.

Lord Maughan, delivering the judgment of the Committee, recited the position which led to the appeal.

It was agreed between the appellant company and Imperial and International Communications, Ltd., he explained, that their business in India should be combined and should be carried on by the appellants.

Imperial Communications handed over their plants to the appellant company, the consideration being payment of £90,000 and half the net profits of the Radio Company.

QUESTION OF COMPUTING

The question in the dispute was whether in computing the profits of the business for income-tax purposes the Radio Company was entitled to deduct the half of the net profits payable to Imperial Communications.

Appellants contended that the sum was payable in the nature or rent for the use of plant.

Their Lordships did not think there was sufficient ground for holding that the payment was of this nature. It was not described in the agreement as rent nor did the agreement contain clauses, which a lease of plant would naturally contain.

The agreement was more like one for a joint adventure, their Lordships considered.

The appeal was accordingly dismissed with costs.—Reuter.

British Airman Crashes But Is Uninjured

ISTANBUL April 23.

The British airman, Macrobert, flying from New Delhi to England for the Coronation crashed, after taking off from the aerodrome at Yechil Keuy, Turkey. He escaped with slight injuries and the aeroplane was almost destroyed.—Reuter.

POONA CONGRESS MAY DAY

POONA: April 23.

The Poona Taluka Congress Committee, at a meeting to-night, passed a resolution to co-operate with the Trade Union Labour Associations in celebrations of May Day.—A. P.

LONDON, April 23.

The destroyer "Wishart" (1,140 tons) collided with a string of barges, after passing under the Towerbridge to make up the Coronation berth. The "Wishart's" bows stove in. The damage is slight. The barges drifted downstream and was shortly recovered.—Reuter.

Catholic Priest On Trial

BERLIN, April 22.

Fifteen years' imprisonment is the penalty demanded by the Public Prosecutor for Father Rossaint, a Catholic priest who, with two others and four laymen, is charged with "preparing high treason by attempting to form a united front composed of young Catholics and Communists."

Father Rossaint pleaded that he was trying to convert Communists to the Catholic faith.

The verdict is expected on April 26.—Reuter.

END OF FRIDAY SESSION

LONDON, April 23.

The House of Commons was still disscussing the Areas Bill when Big Ben struck 11|00 thus the normal Friday session, generally devoted to private members bills and beginning at that hour was automatically killed. The House arose at 11|38, having had a sitting of 20 hours 53 minutes.—Reuter.

MESSAGE THAT IS DENIED

LONDON (By Air Mail)

The Spanish Ambassador to London recently called at the Foreign Office and handed over a Note from his Government and a collection of photographs of documents seized on the persons of Italians on the Guadalajara Front. Included in these was a copy of a telegram (reproduced by certain papers) sent by Signor Mussolini (while on his way to Libya) to the Italian Legionaries in Spain.

The telegram is translated as follows: "On board the Pola while en route for Libya, I received the communiques of the big battles on the Guadalajara Front. I follow with calmness the vicissitudes of the battles, confident that the dash and tenacity of our Legionaries will overcome the resistance of the enemy. The crushing of the International forces will be a success of great political value as well as military value. Let, the Legionaries know that I follow hour by hour their action, which will be crowned with victory."

The bottom section of the telegram gives the names of the Italian officers serving in Spain. The Italians were routed on this Front. The Italians denied that this message had been sent.

AMERICANS LIKE ENGLAND

(From Our Own Correspondent)

NEW YORK (By Mail)

England is the European country most popular with the people of the United States, according to a survey of the American Institute of Public Opinion which was published on April 3.

Several hundred thousand individuals were asked to express an opinion, the people having been carefully selected in order to obtain an accurate cross-section of the whole population.

England was the first choice of 55 per cent of those voting. France was second with 11 per cent and Germany third with 8 per cent. No other country had more than a small proportion of the total votes, and it seems likely in many cases that a favourable vote was cast because the individual or his parents came from the country he named. This is unlikely, however, in the case of England or of France, since there has been no large-scale emigration from either country to the United States for many generations.

CABLE ITEMS

A Budapest message says: Contrary to earlier reports six ringleaders of the Pecs coal strike were not sentenced. The trial is continuing and the verdict is expected next week.

A London message says: In the course of Friday's hearing of the Gresfold Summonses, the charges against three men, namely, the former firemen, David Jones, and the firemen, Herbert Thomas and Walter Davies were withdrawn. The men were discharged.

RAJEN BABU.

POONA: April 23.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is passing through Poona, to-morrow, from Hudli, and will spend a few hours in the city.—A.P.

Framed Against Armament Firms

Chamberlain Defends "Profit Tax" In Commons

LONDON: April 22.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, REPLYING TO THE BUDGET DEBATE, MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN STRONGLY DEFENDED THE PRINCIPLES OF GROWTH OF PROFITS TAX FORESHADOWED FURTHER ENQUIRY INTO THE QUESTION OF MACHINERY.

He said that he was not regarding it as a form of punishment for profiteering. It was not directed solely against armament firms. He did not believe that there was any considerable amount of profiteering among the main contractors with whom the Government were dealing.

He admitted the difficulty of avoiding hard cases but emphasised that where secrecy was essential, it was not possible in advance to make every possible enquiry.

Further Enquiry

Mr. Chamberlain foreshadowed that his further enquiry would be conducted with elasticity so that he might conform to what might come to his notice regarding the possible dangers as regards injustices and inequality. He did not deny that there might be something to be said for firms that have done badly during the depression as contrasted with firms who have never suffered materially from the depression.

The growth of profits in some cases in the latter companies would not be so large as in other cases where they started from a lower standard.

Mr. Chamberlain also referred sympathetically to those shipping companies whose earnings might not have been sufficient to provide requisite depreciation.

Rubber Companies

Mr. Robert Morrison in the course of debate on the growth of Profits Tax declared that 400 million sterling of British capital was invested in rubber companies. They had had an exceedingly bad time for a number of years and only now were dividends beginning to mount up.

They had only a clerk in London offices and it would be easy for them to escape taxation by transferring the clerk to Malaya or elsewhere, where he could do the work as well as in London. Three great companies had transferred themselves abroad when the excess Profits Duty was imposed.—Reuter.

Mody's Solicitude For "Moneyed Classes"

WHICHEVER THE MINISTRY TAXATION IS INEVITABLE

"But India Act Must Be Worked To Demonstrate Its Enormous Possibilities"

MANCHESTER: (By Air Mail).

"Distinctly unpleasant" is the description given to the new situation in India by Sir Hormusji P. Mody in a letter to the "Manchester Guardian".

Sir Hormusji, who is president of the Employers' Federation of India and a member of the Legislative Assembly, states in his letter that "a great deal of unthinking optimism—with regard to the prospects of the new era in India "had been displayed" in quarters which must be presumed well-informed." A rude shock therefore must have been administered there, he imagined, by the refusal of the Congress majorities in six provinces to accept office unless, they were assured in advance that the Governors were not going to use their special powers so long as the Ministers acted within the Constitution.

"It is too early to forecast how this extraordinary situation will develop", he writes. "There are various possibilities.

"In some of the provinces, notably Bengal and the Punjab, properly constituted Ministries drawn from different parties and interests and having a substantial working majority will be functioning.

"If they are able to achieve results and to demonstrate in a practical manner the enomous potentialities of the new Constitution, and, in particular, if the Governors so conduct themselves that their reserve powers are seldom, if ever, invoked, a more favourable atmosphere may gather round Provincial Autonomy".

In time to come the virtues claimed for it might increasingly force themselves upon public attention and might induce a swing over to the right on the part of important sections of the electorate.

NO RADICAL CHANGE.

Sir Hormusji did not, however, believe a radical change in the outlook would be possible "unless and until the more extreme elements in the national movement came to power and started translating their Socialist doctrines into positive action".

"A great deal may happen before that stage is reached" the writer continues, and in the meantime the situation must be regarded as distinctly unpleasant" The most difficult feature of the position was that the non-Congress elements in the Legislature of the six provinces, even when not in a definite minority, were hopelessly divided in counsel and lacking in resolute leadership, he declared

FATE OF "MONEYED CLASSES"

One thing, at any rate, was plain, he continued, and that was that the "moneyed classes" were going to have "a pretty thin time no matter what type of Government was in the saddle".

"Problems of poverty, illiteracy, insanitation and the like cannot be attacked without substantial increases in Taxation". Sir Hormusji declares, "and the burden must fall mainly on the rich and middle classes.

"If the process of bleeding them is judiciously graduated, there need not be much in the way of resistance, but, if those in power are in a hurry to create a new heaven on earth, a conflict between the urban and rural interests and a sort of class warfare might develop which might react to the detriment of the existing order".

NO PESSIMISM.

In conclusion Sir Hormusji declares he is not unhopeful of the situation. There were possibilities which it would be foolish to ignore in any consideration of the future, he writes but taking a long-range view, he was by no means a pessimist. The democratic form of Government though discredited and overthrown in so many parts of the world was, he considered, the only conceivable system for India With it, he declared she might be expected to receive stability, strength and ordered progress which were so essential for the development of her enormous resources in men and materials.—Reuter

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Venereal diseases (Acute or Chronic) within 10 days.
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Task Before Working Committee

OFFICE QUESTION NOT TO BE DISCUSSED

Preparing For Next Election

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The Constitutional deadlock in six out of the eleven "autonomous" Provinces continues. The Constitutional pandits who gave their opinion on the issue raised by the Congress have at last ceased issuing statements. There is a suspense—a suspense which forbodes no good so far as the Government is concerned.

Of the two parties directly concerned, the Congress has placed all its cards on the table, and it is now for the Government to come out and state its policy, unless the final word on the Question, was said in the House of Lords, when Lord Zetland made that ill-advised statement, a statement which was condemned by everyone in India. If that is the last word on the Question so far as the Government are concerned, then there will be absolutely no change in the situation till the Legislatures in these six provinces meet. In this connection it is interesting to note that the Legislatures in the five Provinces, where the Congress is not in a majority have already met and transacted business.

BASELESS RUMOUR

Rumour has gained ground that the Congress Working Committee meeting on the 26th at Allahabad would consider the Office Question once again. That rumour is absolutely baseless. Enquiries made in authoritative circles, go to show that the Working Committee will not consider the Office Question at all. The position of the Congress had been made very clear by Gandhiji in his statements and all the cards had been placed on the table. As a matter of fact the Working Committee will not touch the subject at all. Nothing has happened since the refusal of the Congress leaders to form ministries, to necessitate the Congress Executive to consider the question once again.

Firstly, the Working Committee is meeting on the 26th instant to review the situation so far as Congress work is concerned and give instructions to Congressmen all over the country, because the Committee will not be meeting in the summer season, unless some emergency arose. Besides most of the members of the Working Committee are going out on tours in different parts of the country and will not be able to get together for a month and more.

ALLAHABAD TALKS

The leaders of the Congress Parliamentary Parties in all the eleven provinces have been invited to attend the meeting at Allahabad. They will discuss among themselves, as also with the members of the Working Committee regarding parliamentary work, as also the work in the country outside.

After detailed discussion, the Working Committee is expected to chalk out a common programme of action for the Congress Parties in the five provinces where they are in a minority, with special reference to the needs of individual provinces. Then again there will be a uniform policy and programme of work decided upon so far as the six majority provinces are concerned.

EDUCATING THE ELECTORATE

Detailed instructions will be given to the leaders as to the work that has to be carried on in the different constituencies and to prepare the electorate for any emergency including a general election. The Congress legislators will be told to keep in close touch with their electors and devote best part of their time in implementing the programme outside the Legislatures.

It is the considered view of some leading Congressmen that a general election is not very far off, looking to the trend of events. The electorate is slowly realising this fact, and Congress legislators in the different provinces are not losing any opportunity of explaining to them the significance of the demand of assurances by Congress leaders and the refusal of Governors to give those assurances. It is admitted on all sides that the next General Election would only mean the return of Congressmen in greater numbers.

But the Governors of six provinces are trying their best to make the interim ministries popular. The ministries are trying to evolve a common programme in all the six provinces so that they may produce, on paper at least, a radical programme. But they are bound to fail as they can do pretty little before they meet the Legislatures. Meeting the Legislatures will mean tendering their resignations within 24 hours of their meeting them.

GOVERNORS' ONLY COURSE

Thus the only course open to the Governors, if the British Government persists in its present stiff attitude, is to take over the Governments of the Provinces in their hands under Section 93 of the Government of India Act. Thus the Congress will have achieved its object of wrecking the constitution.

Bombay Assembly Congress Party To Meet Next Month

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, who went on a tour of the Maharashtra after attending the Gandhi Seva Sangha meeting, arrived in Bombay on Thursday. He is now engaged with his other colleagues in giving final touches to the Constitution of the Bombay Congress Party. Within a couple of days he is again going out on tour in the Presidency with a view to be in close touch with the different constituencies.

Holding of meetings of Assembly members is stated to be a uniform policy being followed by Congress leaders in provinces where they are in a majority. In the United Provinces and the Central Provinces, the leaders have already called meetings, which will be held in the first week of May. A similar meeting is expected to be called by the leader of the Congress Party in Bombay sometimes next month, when, besides approving the Constitution, the Party will pass a vote of "no confidence" in the present Bombay Ministry. It is expected that many non-Congress legislators will be invited to join in the expression of "no confidence" in the Ministry. There will not be any formal demand for calling the Legislatures at an early date.

Ceylon Letter

HARASSMENT OF INDIAN TOURISTS

Ex-Governor Asked To Report Himself!

KAMALADEVI'S VISIT CREATES GREAT ENTHUSIASM

(From A Correspondent)

COLOMBO, (By Mail).

The Speaker of the State Council of Ceylon and the Leader of the House have been invited by the Empire Parliamentary Association to attend the Coronation festivities in London. It should be remembered that the Minister for Labour, Industry and Commerce is already in England on a Trade Delegation. Opportunity will, therefore, be taken by the Ministers to make representations to the Secretary of State for the Colonies and to His Majesty's Advisers to get further reforms. The Ministers have, as a preliminary, submitted a Memorandum, to His Excellency the Governor to be in due course forwarded to the Secretary of State for Colonies with his remarks.

The Memorandum, however, was submitted without consulting the Members of the State Council or the country.

MINORITIES UPSET

The minorities were upset at this secret pact of certain individuals in power to represent matters on behalf of the country without any authority from the State Council or the country. Mr. G. G. Ponnambalam, Member for Point Pedro, therefore, brought in a motion in the State Council, whereby these representatives were not to speak on behalf of the Council or the country and it was carried by a majority of one though some of the minority Members were secretly sent away before voting by some of the Ministers. It is noteworthy that the European Members joined the Ministers, perhaps in view of the pact entered into between the ministry-makers and themselves. The European in this country tries to join hands with the majority when it suits him and drops the minorities, and, if any of the minorities should think that the European is their champion, they are sadly mistaken.

HARASSMENT OF INDIANS

The Mandapam Camp though primarily a quarantine station, is of late being made use of as a weapon by the Minister of Health against Indians coming in. After he became the Minister of Health, he has been trying to introduce changes which in the long run would prove to be a source of trouble to the Indians in this island. The reforms may seem to be innocent but in actual working they are sure to be mischievous. Till very recently a certain amount of discretion was given to the Medical Officers in the Mandapam Camp in allowing certain classes of passengers certain concessions, viz., permitting them to report to the Health Officer in case of illness. But for the past two weeks or so this was removed and every one has to report on this side.

EX-GOVERNOR ASKED TO REPORT HIMSELF!

Recently the Governor, N.W.F. Province, who was going to England after retirement via Colombo, was asked to report himself to the Port Health Officer. The Director of Industries, Central Province, had his own tale to tell. One of the millionaires of Bombay, a Gujerati gentleman was treated with scant courtesy by the Port Health Officer at Colombo, and was not allowed to go to Nuwara Eliya until after the lapse of seven days' reporting.

THE TOURIST TRADE

There are attempts made to popularise Ceylon for tourists' traffic and a department is to be opened at an early date. If the Quarantine department is going to treat all passengers in the way they do the Indians then the department would be a mere waste of money. I presume that this bad treatment is directed only towards the Indians and this will be realised very soon. In an interview the Burman delegates to the Coronation stated that Ceylon would be a popular resort for Burmese tourists—I do not know if they would submit to the indignities now shown to the Indians! It may be that Burma may receive a special treatment being a Buddhist country!

"BUDDHIST" RICE

From the talk that is going on amongst some of the Buddhist Ministers, there is likelihood of their showing a preferential treatment for Burma rice as against South Indian Rice. Burma is now separated and this special treatment is possible. One of the Ministers has expressed that they would prefer "Buddhist rice" (as he called Burma rice) to South Indian rice. It is now time for the Indians to think whether they should allow Burma rice free into India and whether they should take in more of Ceylon copra unless an assurance is got that South Indian rice is given preference in the Colombo market. Burma is not taking in as imports even 5 per cent. of her exports to this country, and I do not see why Ceylon is trying to favour rice imports from Burma, Malaya or Bankok as against South Indian rice. The Ceylon trade delegation is in England and they intend negotiating with the Indian Trade Delegation for certain concessions and I think that it is but right that India should insist on certain minimum of concessions in the rice trade before anything is done. The mirasdars of Tanjore should agitate and get some concessions for their rice in Ceylon.

CEYLON TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

The Ceylon Trade Representative in India is already appointed and he is likely to be stationed at Bombay. It is certain that Mr. Kantawala, a Civil Servant, will be the first delegate. He is an Indian permanently settled down in Ceylon. He knows Gujerati and various other Indian languages and he will be at home in his own province and he will be an acquisition to Ceylon as its first Trade delegate. It should be remembered some of the members of the Low-Country Products Association went on a deputation to His Excellency to represent against the appointment of an Indian Civil Servant, though they wanted to support another Ceylon-Indian ex-Minister. I am reliably informed that His Excellency did not support the views of the Low-Country Products people!

MRS. KAMALADEVI'S VISIT

Mrs. Kamaladevi was invited by the Lanka Sama Samajists to deliver a series of lectures on Socialism. She had very large audiences wherever she went in spite of the important rage of the "Times of Ceylon". In Jaffna where she had a tremendous reception some six years back, there was organised an abortive opposition by some of the interested parties who feared that their power would dwindle when Socialistic ideas spread in that part of the country. The opposition to Mrs. Kamaladevi crumbled in a moment before her forceful personality and in a meeting at Point Pedro the Chairman, a gentleman from the opposition camp, was asked to clear out of the meeting by the audience when he asked her not to speak on politics and he left the place under police protection. She had bigger audience during this trip and I may say that Socialism has caught the imagination of the younger and poorer folk of the province. It was rather incongruous to find a Socialist of Mrs. Kamaladevi's status should have been accorded a Royal reception with about 24 Elephants and 52 Kandyan dancers. On the whole I may say that she had created a very favourable impression in the minds of the people for Socialism and it would be an impetus for the Sama Samajists in their future programme.

Lady Ramabai Prabhashanker Pattani, wife of Sir Prabhashanker Pattani who expired on Monday last.

PARLE BRIDGE MUDDLE

(Continued from page 6).

Municipality, the larger section of the public ought reasonably to submit to some inconvenience, and the other that rather than ask the larger section to submit to any inconvenience it would be more advisable for the Municipality to foot the bill itself, though its financial position was not strong enough, and it had to resort to borrowing. If due regard were had to the use of the level crossings by residents near by, then it may be safely said that, whereas the Bridge near the Station might be more convenient to 60 per cent. of the people, the Bridge at the site proposed by the donor would be more convenient to 40 per cent.

The section holding the latter view finding that their view might not find favour with the Municipality, made a representation to the Municipality and the stall holders also declined to vacate their stalls and move on to the Municipal Market Plot unless they were assured that the bridge would be constructed on the site originally agreed i.e. near the Station.

This pressure proved effective and the Municipality resolved to decline Mr. Harmukhrai Gopiram's offer. This was in March 1936.

But even then the Municipality did not see it fit to expedite sanction to the loan, and the further information sought by the Collector was never furnished.

Two Views

The matter drifted along again, until a communication was received from the Railway Company. By then the financial position of the Municipality was further weakened and it had heavy liabilities to meet to the District Local Board in connection with primary education and to Government in connection with cess on roadside stalls which has not been paid since 1932.

It was again thought that if Mr. Harmukhrai Gopiram was still prepared to stand by his offer the Municipality might as well accept it. Mr. Harmukhrai Gopiram, on being approached, was still willing but added a stipulation that he should be permitted to put up a private market on the West, just near his Bridge. This was a godsend. He had in fact submitted in 1934 a plan for a private market which had been sanctioned on 15-2-35. But he had not constructed the Market.

The introduction of the Market stipulation completely altered the convenience aspect of the matter, and it was thought that the opposition which had been set up in March 1936 would now have no leg to stand upon.

No Agreed Resolution

The President introduced this subject as an urgent matter at the Municipal meeting of the 17th January 1937 although it was not on the agenda.

Out of the total number of Councillors 16, 14 were present at this meeting. A member raised the point that the matter was not on the agenda but the House without a dissentient proceeded to consider the matter.

Out of the 14 members present, 8 were from Vile Parle, (whose total strength is 93) and 6 were from Andheri.

After a full and free discussion, an agreed formula was evolved to the effect that the donor's offer should be accepted, that the Bridge should be constructed on the site indicated by him, and that he should be granted a license for private market and that this should not in any way affect the Office-Market-Dispensary project.

I certainly understood that all my 7 colleagues were agreed on this formula, and when I rose to move a resolution to that effect I had not the smallest doubt that the resolution would be carried unanimously.

To my utter surprise I found when votes were taken that three of my colleagues voted against it and one remained neutral.

The result was that the resolution was carried by a majority of 8 against 3, two remaining neutral.

(To Be Continued).

NASIK SUPPORTS CONGRESS STAND

Kher's Tour Evokes Enthusiastic Response

"The villagers and the farmers in the rural areas of Nasik district, are intelligently following the Congress programme," said Mr. B. G. Kher, leader of the Congress Party, in the Bombay Legislatures, interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative on Friday.

Mr. Kher returned to Bombay on Friday afternoon after a tour of the Nasik district, during which he visited ten centres.

Mass meetings attended by thousands of villagers were held at Nasik proper, Malegaon, Saikheda, Sinnar and other places.

WHOLE-HEARTED SUPPORT.

Mr. Kher said that at all these meetings, the people expressed their whole-hearted support to the course of action adopted by the Congress in refusing to form ministries

At Nasik, where he arrived late, about seven to eight thousand people waited patiently till midnight.

Even villagers and farmers who used to attend these meetings in large numbers, were intelligently following the Congress programme which was explained to them during the recent election campaign.

They too expressed their clear and unequivocal opinion that the Congress adopted the only attitude, which was consistent with self-respect.

The tour was completely successful.

Mr. Kher said that at Nasik there was an efficient group of workers who spread themselves all over the district and were organising as many village Congress Committees as possible and were carrying the Congress message to every nook and corner of the district.

PLIGHT OF WAVI.

Referring to the famine conditions in the district of Nasik, Mr. Kher said that in the village of Wavi, where crops had failed, great distress prevailed.

And in spite of the utter poverty and inability of the ryots to pay land revenue, stringent measures were being adopted by the authorities to collect the revenue.

Mr. Kher leaves for Allahabad to-morrow (Sunday) morning by the Allahabad Express, to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

But League Must Be Recognized As Equal

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the Muslim League, has sent the following statement to "Jaya Bharat, a local Gujerati daily, in reply to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru's terms for Congress co-operation with the Muslim League:—

"The Muslim League has always been and is ready to discuss terms and come to an honourable settlement with any other party or group, which will lead to co-operation and thus advance the national cause. But, it cannot discuss matters with a party which lay down terms and the basis beforehand. Unless we are recognised as equals, no useful purpose will be served by discussion. It will be a joy for us to meet and come to a honourable settlement in the best interest of the country.

"I have seen Pt. Nehru's telegram and it appears to me that he has taken the position of a dictator. It comes to this: 'accept what I have already decided and then I shall talk to you.' This is not the way to arrive at a settlement."

SHIVAJI MOGAVEERA FOOTBALL CUP FINAL

Under the auspices of the South Kanara Sporting Association the final match of the above tournament will be played on Sunday the 25th instant, at 5-30 p.m. at the W.I.F.A. Ltd., Ground Cooperage between the Mogaveera Sports Club "A" and the Vidyadaini Sports Club "A". Mr. D. Moir will preside. The Trophies will be presented to the winners by Mrs. Moir.

Sapru's Plea For Conference To End Deadlocks

MAHATMA'S STATEMENT SEQUEL

No Special Mission To England But Will Help Solving Difficulty, He Says

BOMBAY, Friday.

That a Constitutional Conference between the representatives of the Government and the Congress would bring about an amicable settlement of the deadlocks created in six provinces, as personal contact would remove several misunderstandings that might exist, was the view of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru as expressed in an interview to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle".

No Special Mission

Sir Tej Bahadur, was very emphatic in stating that he was not going to England on any political mission. He was going there on a private visit. But if he got a chance, he would certainly give his help towards solving the difficulty.

Sapru Optimistic

He did not think that it was difficult to arrive at a settlement looking to the fact that the area of controversy between the Congress and the Government had narrowed down very much.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru arrived in Bombay on Friday morning 'en route' to England. He is sailing for London to-morrow by s.s. "Strathmore". He will stay for about a month in Great Britain and visit several places there. He will then proceed to the Continent and stay there for a month, unless he is otherwise detained in England.

Interviewed by a "Chronicle" representative regarding the Constitutional deadlocks, Sir Tej Bahadur said: "I should be very gratified to hear the unfortunate Constitutional deadlocks that have arisen are removed and removed at an early date with good-will on all sides. The area of controversy seems to me to have very much narrowed down from the recent statements of Mahatma Gandhi, that it would be a pity if no way out was found to meet the situation. Having regard to the verdict of the electorate in six provinces, constitutionally it is the right of Congress to form their Cabinets and if Congress should express willingness to accept office, no difficulty should be placed in their way."

Questioned regarding the assurances asked for by the Congress leaders and refused by the Governors, Sir Tej Bahadur said: "I have nothing more to add to what I have already publicly expressed."

HIS MISSION

Q.: During your stay in England would you strive to bring about a settlement?

Sir Tej.: I am going there on absolutely a private visit, but if I get a chance of offering any kind of help towards the solution of this difficulty I should be glad to avail of myself of it.

Q.: While in England will you tell the Secretary of State and others in authority of what you think about the political situation in India after the refusal of the Governors' to give assurances?

Sir Tej.: In the course of discussions with various people I shall express my views as an individual. But I cannot speak for or on behalf of any Party. My views on the whole controversy are fairly well-known and, right or wrong, I am bound to put them before those in authority, who may care to ask me.

"CONSTITUTIONAL" CONFERENCE

Questioned if he would make the suggestion of a "Constitutional" Conference with a view to solve the difficulty, Sir Tej Bahadur said, "I am still of that opinion, because I believe that many misunderstandings are capable of adjustment by personal contact."

Crop Of Tragedies

Twenty Killed In Roof Collapse At Erode

MADRAS, April 23.

An Erode message says that 20 persons were killed and 150 injured last evening when a recently erected tiled shed in the local market was brought crashing to the ground during a fierce storm.

The dead and injured were taking shelter under the 200-feet long building from wind and rain when a fierce gust dislodged the pillars supporting the roof which immediately collapsed killing 20 of them instantly.

Some of the injured persons are in a terrible condition, their legs and arms being severed by falling tiles.—United Press.

FIRE DESTROYS WHOLE VILLAGE

KARACHI, April 23.

According to reports received here, a huge fire broke out in Mirokhan Taluka as a result whereof the entire village of Laharikot was destroyed. A number of cattle heads also perished.—United Press.

MOTOR-CYCLE CRASH TRAGEDY

Two Killed On Mysore-Ootty Road

MYSORE: April 23.

The Mysore-Ootacamund road was the scene of a motorcycle accident yesterday afternoon resulting in the death of two persons.

It appears an Anglo-Indian with his wife and children was proceeding to Bangalore from Ootacamund on his motorcycle combination, when he suddenly lost control of the machine, which dashed against a tree. His five-year-old son died on the spot, while his wife, who was injured, died on the way. The rest were removed to the Mysore hospital by a passerby.

A ten-months-old child, however had a miraculous escape and was unhurt.—A. P.

Mysore Prince In China

MYSORE, April 22.

News has been received at the Palace office that Prince Jaya Chamaraj Wodaiyar reached Shanghai on Tuesday last. The Prince will be staying there with his party for about a couple of days and will sail for Kobe on the 25th, where he will sojourn for about a month.—United Press.

Bose For Allahabad

CALCUTTA: April 23.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has received a telegram from Gandhiji stating that he (Gandhiji) is arriving at Allahabad on April 26. Mr. Bose leaves for Allahabad on the night of April 25.—A. P.

WHEAT

As the rise and fall in the price of Wheat will take place very often in the coming days, those who do wheat business are warned to abstain from buying and selling recklessly. If you want to make a lot of money in the wheat business, you should consult Moga Shaster Jeotishi to-day, for he will tell you the chances by means of Occult Bhakti Powers. At present we have a chance of Twelve Annas per Hundredweight sure Profit, obtained through Bhakti. The Chance will last for a month and a quarter. If you want to make high profits, make use of this chance. Fees for this chance shall be Rs. 101 only. Even if Rs. 500 be charged for such a chance, it will not be much. Therefore, avail of this opportunity and make money by use of this chance. We are certain that you will surely obtain high profits.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

B. B. & C. I. Excursion Train

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—After well nigh twenty years. the enterprising General Traffic Manager of the B. B. and C. I. Railway has resumed the people's favourite train the week-end excursion special to Surat and back (1) Its timings are generally suitable, so also the fares. (2) Its speed is faster than that of the Frontier Mail (3) Its accommodation is better than in the usually crowded trains. (4) And its service is more attentive and considerate, than what is noticed on Indian railways..

However, there are five points, which deserve the immediate attention of Mr. Aldous, the Ag. G. T. M.

(1) The Down train takes 4 hours and 8 minutes for Bombay to Surat run.

(2) Whilst the Up train takes 4 hours and 23 minutes from Surat to Bombay. There is no difference between the Up and Down routes. No ascent and no descent. So why does the return journey occupy 15 minutes more?

(3) Further, the connecting local train from Dadar to Church Gate halts at all stations; and so the office going people travelling by the Excursion Train are much inconvenienced.

(4) Furthermore, on the return journey, stationmasters of Navsari, Billimora, Bulsar, Udvada, Daman and Dehnu Road should be advised by wire as to the position of the carriages reserved for respective stations.

(5) Can't this not be turned into a daily service like the Poona Mail?—Yours, etc.

B. F. BHARUCHA.

Bombay Presidency Women's Council And Chaupati Foreshore

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In view of the recent corporation debate on the Chaupati foreshore and the reports subsequently appearing in the Press, the Management Committee of the B.P.W.C. has asked me to make a statement regarding the activities of the Women's Council in connection with the Foreshore.

1. A request to take up the question of the condition of the Chaupati foreshore first came to Women's Council from an organisation in Girgaum at least 18 months ago. Members of the Women's Council then visited the foreshore from time to time and made suggestions for its improvement. Last January when the Women's Conference was being planned, the Council gave proof of its willingness to examine the facts in a comprehensive way by requesting the Commissioner of the Municipality to address the Conference on this subject.

Even when it ultimately fell to the lot of a member of the Women's Council to address the Conference, every care was taken to ascertain all relevant facts and to discuss these with Government and Municipal officials of all ranks concerned with the foreshore, and the figures given in the paper read before the Conference, were obtained from the most authoritative sources. Repeated visits of inspection were made at such hours as 6 p.m., 9 p.m., 11-30 p.m. and 5 a.m. Besides this, residents at Chaupati and responsible citizens were consulted, and note was made of the many complaints that had been voiced independently through the Press and made directly to the Municipality. No pains were spared to get a fair view of the actual situation and to weigh every consideration in assigning responsibility for it. The paper read at the Conference and the pamphlet subsequently distributed to Corporators with a resume of facts and figures, together with alternative suggestions for improvement, show that, while the Women's Council was unanimous in desiring an improved and modernised foreshore, its members were open-minded as regards the various possible methods of achieving this.

2. The suggestion has been made in the Corporation debate that the nuisance at Chaupati has been greatly exaggerated. There certainly is a risk of exaggeration in the type of investigation which the Women's Council has carried out at Chaupati and in other parts of the City. By now we have a fair experience of such work and can appreciate the many adverse factors with which those who are responsible for making improvements have to contend. And so, while we realise the need to view conditions in a practical and understanding way, it is relevant to note some of our experiences in other parts of the City when the suggestion of exaggeration has been raised.

(a) There have been genuine differences of opinion as regards standards of cleanliness and well-being, especially where conditions for the poor are concerned. We have been told that we are judging the slums by Malabar Hill and Western standards! It is evident that apart from allowances made for failure in our judgments, we must, if we are really to be helpful, be prepared for such charges from those whom our investigations are likely to inconvenience!

(b) The "lie" has been given to our reports on occasions when we have invited an official to visit an insanitary spot with us, only to find that the area has been thoroughly cleaned beforehand in preparation for that official's visit.

(c) Again there have been occasions when at first an official has tended to discredit our report because,—at least it so appeared to us,—those working under him had previously failed, for some reason, to acquaint him with the actual circumstances.

With regard to the Chaupati question, it must be emphatically stated that the Women's Council has taken this matter up as a civic problem which must be dealt with as befits this city of Bombay —and which, if thus dealt with, will benefit all who visit Chaupati irrespective of class or poverty or wealth. Chaupati is primarily popular because of its fresh air. The food supplied there is doubtless also popular, but there is no reason why the method of selling it should continue to be so antiquated, and why we should continue to accept habits that give rise to an inordinate amount of untidiness, in the widely strewn refuse which has to be cleared every morning.

What the Women's Council asked for in the paper read at the Conference and in the resolution put forward from the Health Sub-Committee of the Council—was an improved modernised and sanitary Chaupati, and this surely is not an unreasonable demand. We are grateful that on the occasion of the Corporation debate, this demand was given effective support. —Yours, etc.

AGNES W. MACLEAN. Vice-President.

Town Hall,
Bombay April 16.

Gama-Von Kraemer Match

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It was notified through all the papers on the 9th of March that a certain Edmund Von Kraemer has been booked by the All-India Cricket Club to meet in a wrestling match with the great world champion wrestler, Panelwan Gama or at least Imam, his second. As I have been for years taking keen interest in the sports world in general and wrestling in particular I believe it is my duty to raise a cry of protest at this stage against the procedure followed by the A.I.C.C. in this affair. Even in Europe due consideration is always given to the gradations and classifications of the boxers, wrestlers and the like, before they are booked for a public tournament. The equality of the opponent-to-be, must needs be a condition precedent to their meetings.

With all due deference to the personal status of Von Kraemer as a wrestler abroad and the judgment of the A.I.C.C. I beg to submit that our honoured guest from Germany cannot and dare not challenge the world champion the great Gama or even Imam Bax so soon and in this way for the following very good reasons:—

Von Kraemer ought to have been invincible atleast in India let alone the world before throwing the gauntlet to the veteran Gama or even to Imam. Not only that he is not invincible in India but once atleast he has already felt the hard Indian soil on his back under the heavy pressure and baffling skill of Shivagunda Mutanale of Kolhapur. In this Indian adventure Von Kraemer seems to be exceptionally unlucky in as much as he received his defeat in his very maiden meeting in India with Mallappa Tadake at Kolhapur.

Under these circumstances, does the Cricket Club's management really and seriously propose to lower down the dignity of the world champion, the great Gama and for that matter even Imam, by forcing any of them to stoop down to meet a third rate foreigner who was beaten by almost a third grade wrestler in India? It would not be a flattering tribute to the organisation if any foreign and adventurous Tom Dick or Harry for money or name prevails upon the All-India Cricket Club to stage such fight.

I hope this appeal of mine will not fall on deaf ears of the sports loving and self-respecting Indians in general and the A.I.C.C. in particular.—Yours, etc.,

R. M. PENDSE.
No. 4. Navalkar Lane,
Vithalbhai Patel Road,
Bombay No. 4.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Cochin Orders

K. K. NAYAR deplores the orders passed by the Cochin Durbar regarding the Kudal Manikkam temple, and appeals to the Maharaja to withdraw them before it is too late.

Rural Appeal

G. A. N (Shiroda) requests the Bombay Ministry to devote special attention to the consolidation of small holdings and to the remission of land revenue assessment in proportion to the fall in prices of agricultural produce.

Increment In Rent

The tenants of the Abdultyeb Abedin Buildings at Chinchpokli protest against the recent increase in rent and against the alleged harassment they are subjected to in the collection of the enhanced rent.

Mahableshwar Toll

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. Tairsi's question for the W. I. A. A. has a very interesting answer.

While motorists—including the members of the W.I.A.A.—were for years clamouring for the W. I. A. A. to take up the question of the Mahableshwar toll and make a test case, their President who went all the way to Poona to convince the Government authorities about the illegality of the toll returned convinced that though the toll was illegal to levy the Government needed funds for local administration and so they should continue to levy the toll.

The members both inside and outside the Committee insisted upon a definite action being taken to stop this levy which was over and over again declared illegal even by the W. I. A. A.'s lawyers but on the Committee there seems to be an element which is more for providing dances and cabarets for its members than for saving some money to the already over-taxed motorist.

In the meantime, some motorists took the matter into their own hands and even the lorry-wallas joined in refusing to pay this illegal levy which the Government meekly submitted to.

It was only recently that the W. I. A. A. management picked up courage by announcing to the public that according to a prominent Counsel, the toll was illegal (though this opinion was also obtained some months ago) and that the W. I. A. A. was again in correspondence with the Government on the subject.

Curious enough this announcement almost synchronised with the Government announcement that the toll was abolished.

Mr. Tairsi therefore may feel satisfied that the toll is now abolished though the "direct action" by some motorists rather than the W. I. A. A. is reponsible for it.—Yours etc.,

"HELP YOURSELF".

Bombay, April 22.

Sheikh Memon Street

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Every citizen of Bombay will agree that the Sheikh Memon Street is the most congested and crowded street of the city of Bombay. The pedestrians begin frequenting the street right from the day break till mid-night—to be precise after the closing rates of the New York Cotton Market are received by the eager crowd who flock there for the purpose of gambling as well. Will the authorities concerned, please notice of the over-crowding in this particular street and declare the same as 'one way' street for all the vehicular traffic over this street?

It is hoped that due effect will be given to the above suggestion just in the way as some streets of the Fort area have been declared 'one way' only.—Yours etc.,

Y. N. P. CHATURVEDI.
Cavel Street, Gaewadi, Bombay.

Bihar Political Conference

CHAPRA, April 23.

The 20th session of the Bihar Provincial Political Conference will be held at Masrakh in the first week of June next. The Saran District Political Conference will also be held there on that occasion.—United Press.

JEERSAL and DEHRADUN RICE at WHOLESALE RATES

By special arrangement with upcountry suppliers we are in a position to offer to Bombay public wholesale rates ruling in Bhaat Bazar for superior rice irrespective of quantity purchased. Delivery will be given at the residence of customers in City and Suburbs absolutely free of incidental charges, such as cooly wages, charity fund or conveyance. Our rice is guaranteed old, but will be substituted at our expense or cost refunded, if disapproved. Trial orders solicited.—KAMATH & CO., near "Joad-Hathi," Girgaum Back Road, BOMBAY. (Tel. No. 42127).

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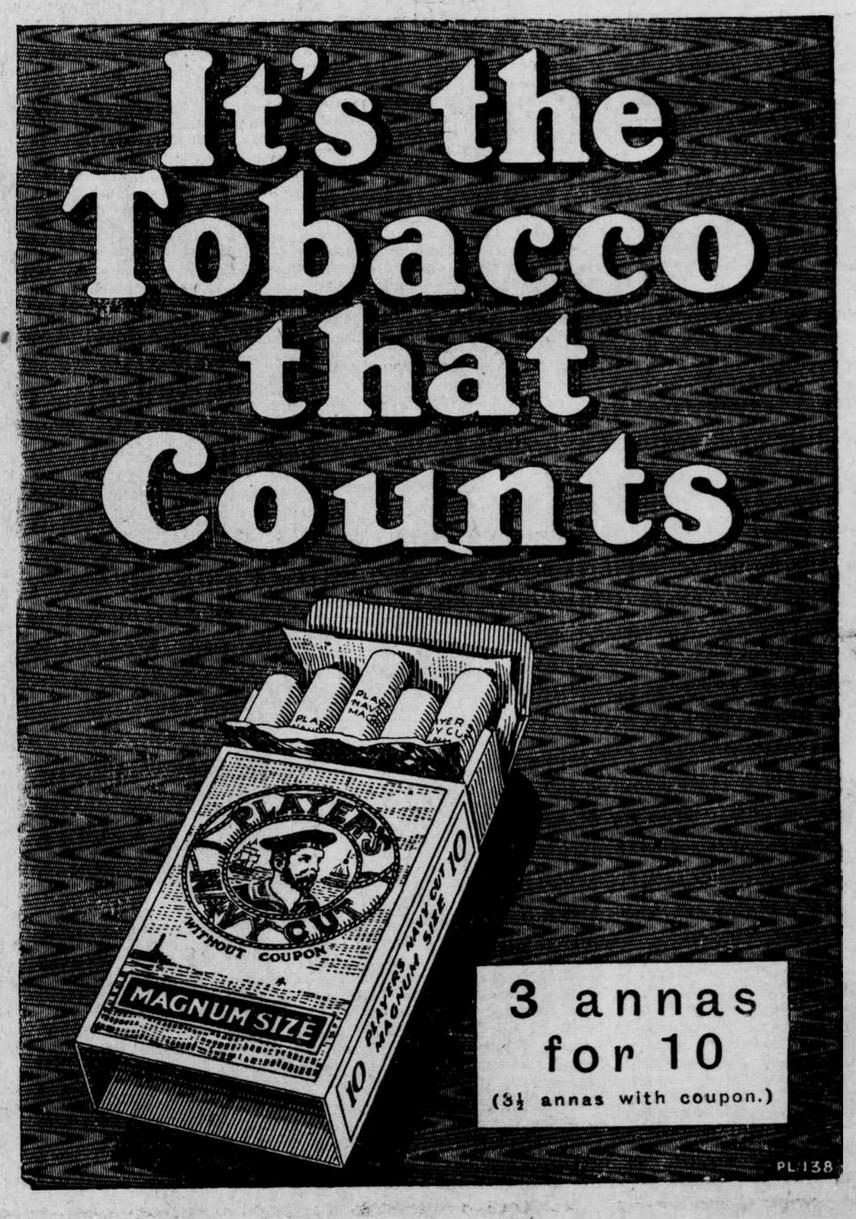


FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Sing Me A Love Song" At The Pathe—"The Man In The Mirror" At The Excelsior—"Flying Hostess" At The Capitol—"Under Two Flags" Revived At The Empire—"This'll Make You Whistle" At The Regal

"Sing Me A Love Song" At Pathe this week.

"SING ME A LOVE SONG"

At Pathe

One of the most entertaining musical romances that has been seen on the screen in many a day will be seen at the Pathe Cinema to-night under the title of "Sing Me a Love Song", a Cosmopolitan production released by First National, with an all star cast including James Melton, Patricia Ellis, Hugh Herbert ZaSu Pitts, Allen Jenkins and Nat Pendleton.

The picture has an exceptionally interesting and well-knit plot for a musical. Harry Sauber has injected countless laughs, glamorous romance and some real thrills.

The story concerns the doings of a wealthy young man, brought up without knowledge of anything useful, whose father suddenly dies and leaves him at the head of a great city department store. He lets the store run itself, while he philanders in other lands, until he is warned by his lawyers that it is fast losing money.

He knows nothing about the store, so decides to enter it as a clerk, incognito. He hears plenty about himself. He also is more interested in a beautiful fellow clerk than in his store. In his escapades he gets into serious trouble and has to reveal his identity. Believing that the man has been toying with her affections, the girl disappears. He discovers he is really in love with her and institutes a search, at the same time getting down to serious business.

Melton n the leading role, gives a most impressive performance, especially as this is but his second picture. He has an unusually pleasing voice as his myriad radio fans know. He sings six songs altogether, two specially written for the production by the famous song team of Warren and Dubin, another by Jacques Wolfe, and two older airs.

Two of the songs are sung in connection with special numbers staged and directed by Bobby Connolly. One of these is sung on the roof of the department store with the twinkling lights of the city below. The song is "Summer Night." The other number is a "Honeymoon Cottage," in the store, and the song Melton sings is "The Little House That Lowe Built."

ZaSu Pitts bursts into song for the first time in her career, accompanying Melton in "Carry Me Back to the Lone Prairie." Miss Pitts also plays the part of a clerk in the store and chum of the leading lady Patricia Ellis Miss Ellis gives an excellent portrayal of a serious-minded music clerk who is in love with the boss she thinks is merely a clerk.

Most of the humour is furnished by Hugh Herbert, as a rich kleptomaniac who can't keep his hands off of anything shiny. Allen Jenkins, an elevator operator who pretends to be a pal of the unknown boss and who has a sneaking affection for Miss Pitts; Nat Pendleton, a belligerent chauffeur to Melton; Walter Catlett, a pompous and officious floor walker and Hobart Cavanaugh, a lawyer.

Ann Sheridan does an excellent job as the snobbish rival of Miss Ellis for the love of the rich store owner, and who conspires with her mother, Georgia Caine, to hook the poor fish.

Others in the cast are Charles Halton, Charles Richman, Dennis Moore, Granville Bates, George Guhl, Linda Perry, Robert Emmett O'Connor and Harry Hollingsworth. Raymond Enright did a fine job of direction.

"UNDER TWO FLAGS"

Revived At The Empire

Motion picture fans who breathlessly followed Ronald Colman in "Beau Geste" and who adored Claudette Colbert in "It Happened One Night", have a great new treat in store for them in "Under Two Flags". It is the picture which brings these two titans of the screen together in roles that surpass even the most magnificent of their past triumphs.

Produced under the direct supervision of Darryl F. Zanuck, this drama of surging power, tumultuous love and searing conflict set in the Sahara is revived at the Empire.

Miss Colbert plays the role of "Cigarette" in this adaptation of Ouida's immortal story of the French Foreign Legion. A lovely flirt, she toys with the affections of Victor McLaglen, Legionnaire major, until she meets Colman, a member of the ranks. Then she impulsively loses her heart to him.

The drama gains in power and intensity with the appearance of Rosalind Russell, fragile English beauty. Before he is sent out to the desert to help stem an Arab revolt, Colman has declared his love for her.

Hemmed in by hostile forces McLaglen vengefully attempts to destroy Colman, whom he believes stands between himself and Miss Colbert. But Colman saves his force by a daring ruse, and a magnificent charge of the Legion, led by Miss Colbert, results in the defeat of the Arab forces.

The magnificent supporting cast of forty character stars includes such prominent players as Gregory Ratoff, Nigel Bruce, C. Henry Gordon and J. Edward Bromberg. Frank Lloyd directed this unusual spectacle with its thousands of extras and its sweeping and magnificent natural backgrounds.

"MICHAEL STROGOFF"

An RKO Radio Picture To Be Released Shortly

Here is the Cast:—
ANTON WALBROOK, ELIZABETH ALLAN, MARGOT GRAHAME, AKIM TAMIROFF, ERIC BLORE, FAY BAINTER.

And Here Is the Story:—

In Siberia, during 1870, the Tartar hordes, led by a traitorous Russian ex-colonel, Ogareff (Akim Tamiroff), have renounced that Tsar's rule and are sweeping the countryside in a red raid massacre and pillage. They cut the telegraph line between St. Petersburg and Irkutsk and isolate the army of Grand Duke Vladimir (Murray Kinnel), at the latter point. Vladimir must meet another army at Pulev and trap the Tartars between the two forces; but a courier must carry this information through Tartar patrols to Vladimir.

Tsar Alexander II (Paul Harvey) appoints Michael Strogoff (Anton Walbrook) courier. Strogoff adopts an alias but is betrayed by a spy and subsequently followed by a woman spy, Zangarra (Margot Grahame). Travelling by train to Nijni-Novgorod as the first stage of his journey, he meets Nadia (Elizabethal Allan) a young Russian girl in whom he becomes deeply interested; Blount (Eric Blore) and Parcker (Edward Brophy), two newspaper correspondents; and Zangarra, who unsuccessfully attempts to gain the confidence of Strogoff.

At Nijni-Novgorod Strogoff and Nadia proceed to Omsk by boat and Zangarra meets Ogareff's aide, Vassily (Paul Guilfoyle) who is to help her secure Strogoff's papers. En route to Omsk Strogoff rescues Zangarra from a bear attack, and she, grateful, prevents his assassination by Vassily. Suspicious, Strogoff and Nadia leave the boat and continue by carriage. Reaching a post-house, they are forced to surrender the only available fresh horses to Ogareff and continue in a peasant cart. As they ferry across the river near Omsk a Tartar band attacks them and Strogoff, badly wounded, topples overboard. A few days later he revives in a shepherd's hut and realizes he still has time to save Vladimir.

Meanwhile, Ogareff has captured Omsk and searches for Strogoff. The courier goes to the town to secure a horse. Here his mother Marfa (Fay Bainter) recognizes him, but Stragoff necessarily preserves his incognito. He tries to escape, but is caught and returned to the Omsk Tartar Camp. Here Ogareff parades the prisoners before Zangarra so she can identify Strogoff, but she pretends ignorance of his presence. Ogareff, unconvinced, orders Marfa Strogoff flogged. At this, Strogoff reveals himself.

He is condemned by Ogareff to be blinded by having a white-hot sword blade passed before his eyes. Zangarra bribes the executioner to hold the sword high and thus spare his sight. His mother dies in Strogoff's arms after witnessing the supposed blinding, and Strogoff, led by Nadia, continue to Irkutsk hoping to reach his goal sooner if everyone, including his companion, believes

(Continued in Col 4)

"The Man In The Mirror" at the Excelsior.

"THE MAN IN THE MIRROR"

At The Excelsior

Here is a quite original idea, basically farcical, but worked out, from a semi-serious viewpoint which makes it the more entertaining. Naturally one is not supposed to take it as seriously as the players appear to do, incidentally, the only safe way in which a farce can be successfully presented! The situation of a man being dominated by his reflection is sufficiently unusual to pique one's interest and its adaptation here in the "Man In the Mirror" to be seen at the Excelsior from to-night provides the maximum of laughter-provoking situations with the minimum of effort and a complete and laudable absence of vulgarity in any shape or form.

The atmosphere of light-hearted nonsense achieves exactly the right pitch while a number of scenes such as those embracing the hero's efforts to use chopsticks, the speaking of "Bokharese" and his efforts to transport a slightly inebriated lady home will leave any audience limp with laughter. Some of the most hilariously successful scenes are those introducing a fake Eastern potentate and his interpreter, their comments and behaviour being the funnier for our knowledge that they are playing out a hoax for sheer love of leg-pulling. The dialogue is good and delivered with point, the situations dexterously avoid repetition and the staging and setting a tribute to the resource of the modern British studio, the Shanghai Follies restaurant being a notable instance of atmospheric design. The action flows smoothly to the joyous climax, the whole production bearing evidence of the value and excellence of experienced team-work.

Edward Everett Horton has never been seen to greater advantage than as Jeremy Dilke and his more forthright reflection. Naturally the major portion of the entertainment burden falls on his shoulders and he carries it off with a laughter-provoking ease that accounts for his enviable position among artistes. Aubrey Mather and Alistair Sim who play the Bogus of Bokhara and his interpreter respectively are in grand form, their ingeniousy invented dialogue a sheer delight and their every gesture revealing comic significance. Their portrayals alone are worth any patron's money, for there is a freshness about their approach to an old gag that is thoroughly commendable.

"Flying Hostess" with Judith Barnett and William Hall at the Capitol.

WARNER BROTHERS TOP THE LIST

Recent Awards

Out of a total of 19 awards of the Academy of Motion Picture Arts and Sciences for the best work in many branches of film productions, Warner Bros. won 9—almost twice as many as the closest competitor which was 5. This is the highest honours ever given to any Company in the history of the Academy.

The following are the awards to Warner Bros. for their work during 1936:—

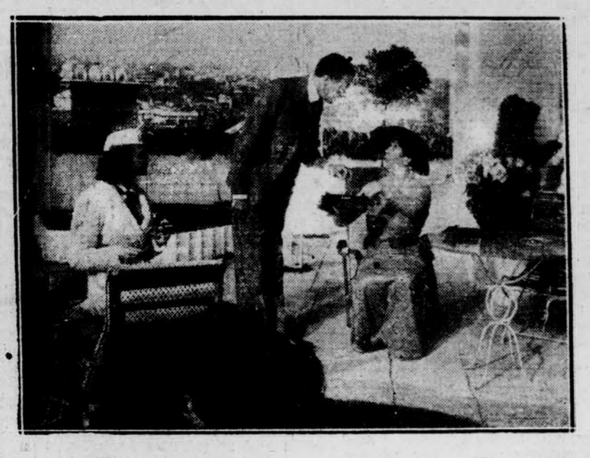
1. Best performance by an actor Paul Muni in "The Story of Louis Pasteur".
2. Best supporting actress—Gale Sondergard in "Anthony Adverse".
3. Best original story—Sheridan Gibney for "The Story of Louis Pasteur."
4. Best screenplay—Pierce Collings for "The Story of Louis Pasteur."
5. Best Assistant Director—Jack Sullivan for "The Charge of the Light Brigade."
6. Best film editing—Ralph Dawson for "Anthony Adverse."
7. Best cinematography Guido—for "Anthony Adverse."
8. Best musical scoring—Leo Forbstein for "Anthony Adverse"
. Best colour short subject—"Give me Liberty."

(Continued from Col. 3)

he is sightless. Soon after, Zangarra is shot by Ogareff.

Strogoff and Nadia push on to Irkutsk while the scheming Ogareff, disguised as Strogoff, boldly enters town and gives false information to Vladimir designed to destroy the Russian forces. He tries to set fire to the town, but Strogoff and Nadia make their way into the city and trap Ogareff in the palace. After a terrific fight Ogareff is killed and Strogoff proclaims his real identity to the astonished Grand Duke. Strogoff himself leads a savage sortie that routs the attackers utterly and ends the Siberian invasions. On his return to St. Petersburg, Strogoff is received in triumph and decorated by the Tsar while Nadia watches proudly.

"Under Two Flags" revived at the Empire.



"This'll Make You Whistle" at the Regal this week.

"FLYING HOSTESS"

At The Capitol

A film story as fast moving and as typical of the modern age as the mighty airliners which served as its background is Universal's "Flying Hostess," which opens today at the Capitol Theatre. It is a picture with a wide appeal. Besides romance, it embodies the additional appeal of the epic of transportation and man's age-old conflict with the elements in a modern setting. "Flying Hostess" is reminiscent of the grand plays that have been written in the past around the covered wagon, the railroads and more recently the automobile. It is the story, absorbingly told, of America's new, modern era of transportation—the air-plane. In highly interesting style, it points up the courage, the bravery, the idealism and the glamour of the men and women who operate the nation's great airliners. In the lead role and giving one of the best performances of his notable career, William Gargan portrays Hal Cunningham, the airline superintendent in whom is epitomized the fearlessness and idealism which stands as a guiding beacon to those who fly the airways. Though the story runs the stormy romance of Judith Barrett, as Helen Brooks, and of William Hall, as Guy Edwards, the ace pilot. She wants so greatly to be an air hostess that she risks her life to get the job. He falls in love with her, but he thinks there is no place for women in the air. Their love runs a turbulent course before she proves to him that woman's emancipation extends to the air as well as land. Andy Devine and Ella Logan, the radio star making her first screen appearance, contribute many delightful comedy situations "Flying Hostess" is based on a story written by George Sayre. The screen play was written by three of the best screen writers in Hollywood — Brown Holmes, Harvey Gates and Harry Clark. It was deftly directed by Murray Roth, the man who co-directed the first all-talking picture and was produced by Edmund Grainger.

NEW THEATRES

Studio News

"The President"—has been censored and Prints have been sent out to Bombay and other places. Those who have seen the Picture by this time have been convinced of its greatness and acute appeal and entertainment value. Really speaking—the Indian Screen has rarely seen such a mighty production ere this. Kamlesh Kumari in the role of the 'President' has carried all before her and in this one Picture she will be acclaimed as one of the Star Artiste of India. Saigal is flawless and his Songs are worth hearing a thousand times. It is needless to say anything now, wait till you see the Picture and everybody will say thousand times more in praise of the 'President.' The 'Didi' has been scheduled to be released on the 3rd April next at Chitra and the Laboratory is working day and night to deliver Prints in time.

"Mukti"—Director Barua is progressing with his shootings in Assam Jungles. Last week when a "Shikar Scene" was being staged—a few tigers got interested and appeared in the Scene! This was enough to create a big noise and

(Continued on page 14 Col 5)

NEW JACK BUCHANAN IN "THIS'LL MAKE YOU WHISTLE".

At The Regal

One of the most important presentations scheduled on the Regal Theatre's new season's programme is the Herbert Wilcox production of "This'll Make You Whistle." Today Jack Buchanan fans are legion, and Herbert Wilcox has produced in "This'll Make You Whistle," a film which proves worthy of the highest recommendation. This gay musical film is based on the successful stage play by Guy Bolton and Fred Thompson which has proved Jack Buchanan's greatest laughter-maker. As in the play, Jack Buchanan's former stage and screen partner, Elsie Randolph, plays opposite him in "This'll Make You Whistle," while Jean Gillie, who has also appeared with the star on stage and screen plays an important leading role. Other players prominently featured include David Hutcheson, William Kendall, both of whom have scored successes in the stage version, Miki Hood, Bunty Pain, Marjorie Brooks and Antony Holles. "This'll Make You Whistle" presents Jack Buchanan as a young man in the embarrassing position of being engaged to two girls at the same time, whose attempts to extricate himself from the dilemma land him in further difficulties. Scenes switch from London to a French seaside resort, for which a fashionable hotel was reconstructed, complete with ice-skating rink, exotic gardens and a magnificent swimming pool. It is in this setting that one of the big dance ensembles arranged by Buddy Bradley, is staged. The tune is entitled "The Wrong Rhumba," and has been written by Sigler, Goodhart and Hoffman, who are responsible for the many song numbers with which the film abounds. Jack Buchanan dances, sings, makes love and in a terrific comedy climax is pursued by French police as a crook, in fact, he does all those things that have come to endear him to the hearts of filmgoers and make him the most popular English screen star in films to-day.

Indian Iron And Steel Company

Chairman Answers Critics

Scheme For New Steel Works Adopted

CALCUTTA, April 19.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of the INDIAN IRON & STEEL CO., LTD., was held this morning at 11 a.m., at 12, Mission Row, Calcutta, Mr. Leslie Martin, Chairman of the Company, presided.

Mr. Martin, in addressing the shareholders present said:

I assume, that as usual, you wish to take the notice convening this meeting as read. You will all of you have had before you for some time past your Board's circular to you of the 22nd March outlining the general scheme for the formation of a new Steel Company to be worked in conjunction with your Company's present plant at Hirapur—which scheme is before you for consideration to-day. The first Resolution for consideration is that of approving in principle the proposals outlined in the Board's circular; the other Resolutions to be considered are dependent on this Resolution and stand or fall by your decision on this Resolution; I propose to address you at some length on the whole matter in view of the fact that there has been criticism of the proposals in various directions. Before dealing with these criticisms and telling you how far your Directors are prepared to go to meet them, I should like to remind shareholders of a fact which, I think, has been, but should not have been, overlooked and that is that this scheme is the result of many months of arduous work on the part of the Managing Agents and your Board in which they have had the assistance of the ablest experts that it has been possible to obtain. It is not a wild cat scheme, nor a scheme which is unsound, as one would imagine from much of the irresponsible criticisms that have been made, but has only been evolved after the closest consideration of every possible detail; we are satisfied with the scheme—it is good from every point of view and we confidently recommend it to shareholdrs.

I shall not deal with the technicalities of the scheme beyond saying that we are satisfied that it is the best possible scheme from the point of view of the future. I do not imagine that shareholders will want to discuss these details but, at the same tine, any questions that shareholders may like to ask I shall be happy to answer provided, of course, I can do so without divulging any information which it will not be in the best interests of the new Company to disclose. As regards the criticisms we have received, it has been said that your Company should not give services such as Iron supplies, Gas, Water, Power, etc., at cost. Such a criticism shows clearly that the persons making it do not understand the position.

POSITION OF IRON.

With regard to Iron; how on earth is a Steel Company to compete if it has to pay market prices for pig iron—the blast furnace plant is the first essential to the production of steel, and the steel plant must get its raw materials as cheaply as possible. This was the basis of the negotiations with Tatas which fell through and, I can assure you, that the terms proposed here are far more advantageous to us than would have been the case had we proceeded with the Tata Scheme. With regard to gases, we will now be paid for gases which have in the past been wasted as no use could be found for them and with regard to Water, Power, etc., we are securing something which will go in reduction of our expenditure which in any case we have to incur. There have, also, been criticisms directed to the basis upon which finance is to be provided. It is contended that the shareholders of this Company have not been fairly treated and, further, that outside capitalists are getting too much. Nothing can be further from the truth.

REASON FOR MERGER

What are the real facts which have led up to the position before us to-day? As you know we have for years past had the intention of extending into steel, but nothing in this direction was possible until the Merger Agreement with the Bengal Iron Company was out of the way. After four years of complicated negotiations we have successfully surmounted this obstacle and there has been achieved for your Company a result which is clearly reflected in the present-day value of your shareholdings.

Whilst these negotiations were proceeding we commenced to investigate the practicability of going into steel once the amalgamation was an accomplished fact—these preliminary investigations had for their basis a Steel scheme worked in co-operation with Tatas and under that scheme the necessary finance was assured; having arrived at that stage by which time an enormous amount of the preliminary work in connection with the technical side of the scheme had been accomplished nothing further could be done until such time as the Amalgamation Scheme with the Bengal Iron Company was completed. When this took place in December last we at once pressed on with the Steel Scheme with a view to completing all details at as early a date as possible. We were unable finally to come to terms with Tatas and the negotiations had to be broken off as your Board felt that it was quite impossible for them to recommend to shareholders a scheme on the terms which were ultimately put forward by Tatas.

What was the position with which we were then raced? Although we were satisfied that the Scheme was sound, we had to be assured of finance, and we had to be satisfied that the people who would be asked to finance it, would think the scheme satisfactory too, for you must realise that before a scheme such as this comes before you, a vast amount of work has to be done which involves a considerable amount of money being expended. The general position looked favourable but conditions, both financial and economic, were very different then to what they are to-day and you must remember that we were dealing with something which was an entirely different proposition to a scheme worked in conjunction with the great Tata combine.

NEED FOR FINANCE.

Obviously our first consideration was to carefully assess the financial market and make sure that necessary finance would be forthcoming. This could only be done by assuring ourselves that responsible financial interests would be prepared to guarantee success of the ultimate flotation. Fortunately for us and for you, Gentlemen, we were able to obtain the necessary assurances of financial support for an entirely different financial structure which had become necessary owing to the withdrawal of Tatas. As I have said, we were able to satisfy the capitalists that our scheme was sound, and to get the necessary guarantees from them. Before the Underwriters were prepared to back this scheme financially they wanted to be assured that in order to enable them to make arrangements for placing the shares, shares and stock would be available for them; at the same time the Board had to consider the position of the Indian Iron and Steel Co., and its shareholders and it was only after much negotiation that your Board were successful in obtaining the assent of the financial interests to reservations to the Company which your Board felt would amply carry out any pledges that have been given to our shareholders that they would have opportunity of participating in the new scheme. Having made this arrangement the Underwriters then set to work to make the scheme successful, and it is their efforts that have resulted in the position we have to-day. They have no doubt been assisted by the world-wide conditions on the Heavy Industries but don't forget that they are a far-seeing body of men and unless they were satisfied that conditions were good they would not have taken on these tremendous financial risks, risks which, remember Gentlemen, they carry until the deal is through.

IMPRACTICABLE ATTITUDE

Whatever happens they have to carry out their obligations and things can happen very unexpectedly, as, for example, the financial upset a few days ago which was the result of a rumoured Gold policy in the U.S.A. If anything adverse did happen between now and the issue, it is quite certain that those who are now clamouring, like Oliver Twist, for more, would not come to their assistance. In underwriting such large issues the financial houses, even allowing for the fact that they endeavour to spread the risk as much as possible by effecting sub-underwriting contracts, by no means a simple matter, have taken a great risk If, as fortunately seems to be the case, with the forthcoming issue, the risk has turned out to be favourable to these houses, they are entitled to the gains. Underwriting commission is a recognised and legitimate reward for the risks undertaken and it would be a petty mind which would quarrel with the rewards which attend a successful bearing of these risks. Some shareholders seem to think that we need not have guarded against these risks and that all that was necessary was for us to come forward and put this proposal before them, when the proposed issue would be immediately subscribed and that there was no necessity for any underwriting at all. But a little consideration will show how impracticable is such an attitude.

THEN AND NOW.

We were not at that time in the position, so far as world conditions are concerned, that we are in to-day. You must remember that financial success had to be assured not six months ago or now when semi-boom conditions are in evidence but when the prospectus had to be issued and when no one could say and no one can say now what the position might be. Because speculators are prepared to-day to gamble and pay a premium for shares which do not even exist, it does not follow that the money will be forthcoming, say, six weeks hence. What would be your attitude when the prospectus is issued if, in the meantime, there was some political crisis or a financial panic? Would you be prepared to subscribe as you might to-day? Of course you would not—but our Underwriters will have to do so. They take the risk, and if they ensure a success they are surely entitled to any benefit they may obtain. When we decided to go ahead months ago we had to know the money was available, as heavy expenses had to be incurred before we could bring the scheme forward. What would you have said to us, for instance, if we had gone ahead, incurred lakhs of rupees of expenditure, and then the issue being a failure, we had no Underwriters to fall back upon? You would have said, and rightly so, that we should first of all have obtained the necessary guarantees and that not to do so shows that we were not fit to be in charge of your Company.

IN SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS.

I venture to assert that your Board have done well for their shareholders and that you should feel gratified at the manner in which your interests have been safeguarded. The steel project contemplates an initial offtake of approximately one-third of our output of pig iron. This is of vital importance to the Company as we cannot rely for ever on our export markets. There have been times in the past when your Company was obliged to sell pig iron even below cost and you must realise that the pig iron market is not always going to be like it is to-day. In consideration of this supply of pig iron at cost plus a percentage in the first instance and, also, in consideration of various other amenities and services, which by themselves will bring in a good return, your Company will receive a substantial portion of the profits of the Steel Company. The payment to your Company will, in actual fact, be a first charge on the profits of the Steel Company after depreciation and debenture interest are met, but before any reserves or distributions are made to the Steel Company's shareholders. In addition, your Company will hold a substantial interest in shares of the Steel Company. Individual shareholders have, further, reasons to be gratified by the issue of bonus shares on very attractive terms. To have been able to secure for your Company these benefits in addition to having helped in increasing your individual shareholding very considerably in capital value over a period of the past two to three years calls for, to say the least, a small measure of appreciation for your Board.

SANGUINE VIEW.

That the market has taken a most sanguine view of these arrangements is evidenced by the rise in the share values of your Company since the Amalgamation was completed and the steel scheme indicated. Your Directors have been charged with not keeping promises made to shareholders in respect of the forthcoming issue. I should like to make it perfectly clear that in previous circulars as well as in our Prospectus issued in December last, all that was indicated was that should our negotiations with Tatas lead to a successful conclusion, our shareholders would be given an opportunity to subscribe for the Steel Company's capital.

The position as it existed then, however, has very materiallly altered. Our negotiations with Tatas broke down and an entirely new scheme had to be evolved. It became all the more essential that the new independent project should be fully assured of finance before it was launched. This was done and done on terms which your Board considered fair. Any promises made have in our view been handsomely kept. Notwithstanding this, your Managing Agents, since the issue of the circular, have endeavoured to secure for shareholders a preference in the matter of allotment of the Loan and Share Capital, which is to be offered for subscription.

PRIVILEGE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

I am glad to be able to say that we have arranged for a preferential allotment to those shareholders who apply in the ratio of one Preference Share of Rs. 100|- to 10 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10|- each. This privilege is being offered to the shareholders both on the Calcutta and London registers; further, we have with great difficulty been also able to arrange that of this issue to the public, preference in allotment, to the extent of £500,000, will be given to the shareholders of The Indian Iron & Steel Company should shareholders desire to avail themselves of this opportunity they should apply for their requirements through the National Bank of India and the Central Bank in Calcutta, with whom arrangements have been made to receive all such applications and cable the total to London. The necessary amendment to the Resolution to cover this will be put forward in due course.

I am glad that we have been able to arrange for this further opportunity for shareholders and am sure it will meet with your approval. Criticism has further been made about your Company guaranteeing the Convertible Debentures of the new Steel Company. Apart from the fact that in consideration of this guarantee your Company will receive a much larger proportion of the equity of the new Steel Company, I will ask you to consider what this guarantee in actual fact amounts to. You will remember that in December last, your Company placed on the market £500,000 of Convertible Debentures on the basis that these Debentures could, at any time, be converted into Ordinary Shares of your Company. Already the majority have been converted and it is anticipated that the entire lot will be converted at no distant date, with the result that your Company will have on its books a Reserve Fund of £250,000 as a direct consequence of this conversion

DEBENTURE PROCESS

The proposed debentures of the new Steel Company are being offered on the same principle, and I have no doubt that our experiences in regard to the Convertible Debentures of your Company will likewise be repeated in respect of the Steel Company and as soon as this is done, the guarantee disappears. Moreover, within a short time, we hope that the guarantee will become redundant as plant of ample value will be on the site to cover the liability on this account. I think I have dealt with the main criticisms we have received to the scheme and as I have said, I do not think the criticisms are really justified. I cannot help but feel that they mainly emanate not so much from the genuine shareholder as from the speculator. I confess we have not considered the speculator, but we have considered The Indian Iron & Steel Company and its shareholders and when I remind you that your Company will have an investment of over one crore of rupees in the new Company and, further, will get 20 per cent. of the profits of that Company as part payment for the facilities it is going to grant, apart from any dividends it may receive on its investments in the Steel Company, and, in addition, ask you to bear in mind the bonus issue on most advantageous terms to shareholders, there can be no question but that the Company and its shareholders have been handsomely treated. Still some people are not satisfied. Now that the scheme looks like being an assured success, we are told that we promised shareholders that they should be given an opportunity of coming in to the new scheme on advantageous terms—this apparently is interpreted as meaning that individuals should now be entitled to come in, and take the full benefit of all that has been done to create this success. Any shareholders who put forward such a claim are doing so without regard for anything other than the hope of getting some profit for themselves.

ANSWER TO CRITICS.

I will now turn to the other criticism we have received which concerns Resolution 3 This is the Resolution which authorises the terms of the issue of the Bonus shares. It has been put to us by a number of shareholders and, also, by the Committee of the Calcutta Stock Exchange that by limiting the time fixing the shareholders entitled to benefit to the 21st April there are a number of shareholders who by reason of their inability to obtain their scrip in time will be unable to get themselves on the register by that date and will be put to unnecessary trouble, and possibly, expense. We recognised at the time the difficulty in fixing a date and in fixing the 21st April we thought we had gone as far as we possibly could in the general interests of everybody. At the same time, we recognised that there might be cases of hardship and we have done our best to get the time extended. I am glad to say that the financial interests involved have agreed to the date being extended until the 10th May and a suitable amendment to the original Resolution to affect this alteration in date will be placed before you at this meeting.

FIRST CLASS SCHEME.

Now, Gentlemen, I hope that what I have said will have cleared up to a large extent doubts or misunderstandings in your minds—the scheme we are confident is a first class one, and one which will be of the greatest possible benefit to shareholders of the Company. If you allow this opportunity to go past it may never come again for you can rest assured that if you do not go into steel now, there are others who will, and there will be no room for many years to come for more than two steel works in India.

On this note I will end but I shall be glad to deal with any comments that any shareholder may have to make.

THE AMENDMENTS.

After his speech Mr. Martin read out the resolution that had been circularised by the Board to be moved at the meeting. Mr. E. L. Watts moved the following amendment to the above resolution which was seconded by Mr. Bangur.

That after the word "that" at the beginning of the first line of Resolution No. 1, the following words be added, viz:—

"Subject to its being a condition of any Prospectus to be issued that (1) shareholders of the Company, who apply for Preference shares and Ordinary shares in the proportion of one Preference share to ten Ordinary shares, are to be given preferential allotment and (2) that in respect of £500,000 of the Guaranteed Convertible Debentures there shall be preferential allotment given to shareholders of the Company who apply for them the proposals, etc."

Mr. Bajoria, on a point of information, asked if the Directors could give an idea as to the approximate profits which could be expected during the current year and during the next two or three years.

Mr. Hobbs drew attention to the underwriting of the shares and said that the point was of great importance since the Chairman had devoted half his speech to explain the reasons for underwriting.

Mr. R. L. Basu wanted to know if the new Steel Company was to be a Subsidiary Company of the Indian Iron & Steel Co. and also, if the Managing Agents would be Messrs. Burn & Co

BOARD CONGRATULATED

Mr. Kapadia, Secretary of the Bombay Shareholders Association, at the outset congratulated the Board so far as the scheme was concerned and said that the Chairman in his speech had removed many of the misunderstandings regarding the scheme and some of the objectionable points although there were still a few points regarding which clarification was necessary, as, for instance, the terms of the guarantee clause. The clause, he said, had been comprehensibly worded and gave unlimited control to the Directors to give guarantees on behalf of the Indian Iron & Steel Co.—"Our experience in Bombay in this respect has been unfortunate.

A shareholder: "It is not Bombay."

A NEW ERA.

Mr. Kapadia: "I know it is not Bombay but I do feel that a clarification of the position in this respect is necessary since, if the guarantee is of an unlimited character, the new Steel Company could carry on its business on the credit of the Iron & Steel Company, hence, the guarantee clause should be adequately circumscribed." Mr. Kapadia further said that they had not been supplied with the terms and conditions under which Burn & Co. have agreed to be the Managing Agents. He said he did not put forward this as a grievance because from what he had seen of the Managing Agency terms of Martin & Co. with other Companies he could congratulate them in regard to these terms and in the manner in which they have acted as Managing Agents in reference to their own companies. In regard to the Managing Agency terms in the present case he only wanted to know whether the Managing Agents would charge their commission on the dividends received by the Indian Iron & Steel Co. or after excluding this amount. He said in regard to those who had questioned their 'bona fides' that he yielded to none in his love for the growth of Indian industry and he wished for the industrial advancement of Calcutta as much as for the North Western Frontier—or any other part of India and he hoped that with the launching of the new scheme a new era of industrial development in Bengal would be ushered in.

Mr. J. L. Pandit referred to some criticisms that had been made of the scheme that they were called upon to approve and said that the critics of this scheme could not have it both ways—that they could not suggest that the scheme was unsound in one breath and complain that they had not been given enough opportunities to invest in its shares in the next breath. The scheme, he said, had been proved to be very sound and the management deserved great credit for the fact that even when the negotiations with Tatas had broken off the shares had been much in demand for their price went up from Rs. 25 to Rs. 80.

MISAPPREHENSIONS CLEARED.

Mr. Sushil Sen, on behalf of Mr. Khandewal said that the position so far as Mr. Khandewal was concerned had been seriously misapprehended. It was not their purpose to obstruct the launching of the scheme but to safeguard the interests of the shareholders as far as possible in that scheme. In this respect he referred to the attitude of the Managing Agents, who had shown the greatest courtesy and spirit of consideration in hearing the objections of those whom Mr. Sen represented and endeavouring to remove many of the apprehensions and objections which they had brought to the notice of the Chairman and the Managing Agents. He said he was in a position to state that after meeting the Chairman and Mr. Mookerjee and as a result of the discussions which they had held with him, most of the apprehensions and misunderstandings had been removed. One of the misapprehensions related to the terms of the Managing Agency agreement and regarding the calculations and cost of pig iron. He was glad that misapprehensions in this respect had been removed.

TRIBUTES TO MANAGEMENT

Other objections that they had raised to the scheme had also been met in a spirit of courtesy and reasonableness. There was some objection to the placing of debentures in London only. He said that from the fact that the Management had conceded so many of their points and the fact that the management on their representation had thrown open half the Convertible Debentures shows that there was considerable room for negotiation and constructive suggestions. He said their criticism did not by any means imply any lack of confidence but was the result of anxiety on the part of those who were interested in the welfare of the Indian Iron & Steel Company as much as anyone else present there. He was glad to say that negotiations had been helpful in removing misunderstandings so that now it could be the wish of all those interested that the management should go ahead with the scheme because it would be desirable to lose no time on it. On behalf of those shareholders he ventured to ask the Directors if they could pursuade Sir Walter Craddock to release Rs. 30 lakhs shares more for the shareholders. He said in conclusion. "The present time is opportune and we have got to go ahead with the scheme without any delay and the shareholders whom I represent wanted elucidation of the points I have referred to already and after the manner in which the management have behaved and met our objections and extended to us the courtesy and the benefit of discussions, the shareholders have no complaint.

Mr. Bagaria said that the tone of the meeting had been very good and the criticisms had been helpful and constructive. He thanked the management for extending the time in respect of the issue of Lonus shares.

Mr. Khandelwal thanked the Chairman of the Board for extending the date to May 10th, a concession which he said would be very much appreciated by the Stock Exchange.

HUQ'S PLEA.

Mr. Huq thought the new Steel Company should be a Subsidiary Company to the Indian Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., and asked the Chairman if this could not be done. He thought there was a glut of shares in the market and wanted an assurance from Messrs. Place, Siddons & Gough re-allotment of shares to persons who will hold them. In the matter of allotment, he said preference was being given to large capitalists and requested that shares should be allotted according to holdings.

The Chairman, in his reply to Mr. Bajoria's request regarding information about the estimated profits during the current year and a few subsequent years, said that it was neither the place nor the time to give such information, besides, the information was not at the time available. The pig iron market may be very high at the moment but it was quite a different matter to say what it would be in three years. It was therefore impossible to estimate the profits of the Indian Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., for the next three years.

NORMAL PROCEDURE.

In replying to Mr. Hobbs, in his objection regarding underwriting, the Chairman pointed out that as he had explained in his speech it was impossible to launch a scheme of the magnitude of the new Steel Company without its finance being assured. Underwriting was the usual method to arrange for finance and it was a normal and customary procedure in such big undertakings.

Speaking with regard to Mr. Kapadia's point in respect to Managing Agency terms, The Chairman said that the terms of the agreement had not yet been decided upon, but as regards the question as to whether the Managing Agents would draw commission on the 20 per cent profit to be paid to the Indian Iron & Steel Co.—he announced, amidst cheers that they would not do so.

Referring to Mr. Sen's query with regard to the release of Rs. 30 lakhs for shareholders, the Chairman said: "There has evidently been some misunderstanding. This question was put to me as late as 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon so it is very obvious that I could not have stated with any assurance that such an arrangement could be made. However, your Board will very carefully consider your proposal and give it every consideration.

IMPRACTICABLE.

Finally in replying to Mr. Huq's suggestion that the Steel Co. would be made a subsidiary Company of the Indian Iron & Steel Co., the Chairman said "This matter has been considered—and very carefully considered—but it is not possible or practicable—or advisable—for your Company to acquire 51 per cent. interest in the Steel Company. There will be no benefit gained from doing so and it has been decided accordingly.

Mr. Kapadia, inquiring at this stage with regard to the bonus share issue asked if the people who had converted their Convertible Debentures into Ordinary shares of the Company would be entitled to any dividends for this year on their converted shares. The Chairman replied that the holders who had converted their shares after the 31st March, 1937, would not be entitled to any dividend declared for the year 1937/38 in accordance with the terms of the issue of the said debentures.

THEIR DECISION.

The Chairman then put the first resolution as amended by Mr. Watts to the vote. Mr. Watts at this stage announced that in response to a request made to him by Mr. Sushil Sen he had changed the second part of his amendment slightly to make it agreeable to Mr. Sushil Sen and other friends and moved the amended resolution which read as follows:

"That subject to its being a condition of any Prospectus to be issued that (1) sharholders of the Company, who apply for Preference shares and Ordinary shares in the proportion of one Preference share to ten Ordinary shares, are to be given preferential allotment and (2) that in respect of half of £1,000,000 of the Guaranteed Convertible Debentures there shall be preferential allotment given to shareholders of the Company who apply for them, the proposals for the formation of a new Steel Company, as outlined in the Company's Circular letter dated 22nd day of March, 1937, be and are hereby approved and that the directors be and are hereby au-

(Continued on Page 13).

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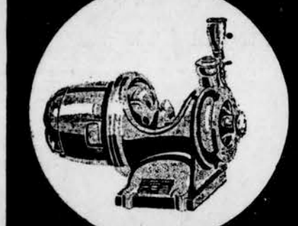

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IN FACE OF CONTINUED STREAM OF ABUSE

European Sympathy For Madras Ministers' Public Spirit

MADRAS, April 22.

A meeting of the Madras Circle of South Indian Branch of the European Association was held last night Mr. D. M. Reid, presiding, when the following amended resolution was adopted:—

"The Madras Circle of the European Association stands by the Government of India Act, 1935, and considers that no assurance should be given by the Governor which at any time might be interpreted to indicate that he did not intend when he should consider it his duty so to do to make use of the powers with which he has been specially endowed by the act and enjoined to use in accordance with the Instrument of Instructions.

The Circle desires to place on record its appreciation of the courage and public spirit evinced by the present ministers in the face of continued stream of abuse and contumely to which they have been subjected in the Press and platform.

The Circle recognises the overwhelming success of the Congress party in the recent elections in this province and trusts that they will not persist in their present attitude in regard to acceptance of office.

The Circle wishes to emphasise the obligation which the decisive nature of the success of the Congress at the polls imposes upon the party, to undertake the task of responsible Government and promote legislation designed to carry out the social and economic pledges made to the electorate with many of which the Circle has considerable sympathy".

Sir William Wright moved the resolution.—

Sir William Wright, moving the resolution, said that they would be betraying the policy they had adopted from 1932 onwards and those, who had directed that policy, if at the very inception of the Constitution they were party to any proposals, which would weaken or restrict the proposed safeguards. He added that they had always held that, given goodwill on both sides, the safeguards would never need to be exercised. That goodwill existed in full measure on the Government side had been proved by the assurances that the provincial Governors had given that the Ministers could depend upon their assistance and sympathy, and nothing more should be necessary to reasonable people.

A. I. C. C. BLAMED.

"I believe," said Sir William, "that we can go much further than that and say that nothing more would have been necessary to the Congress leaders of this Province, if they had not been persuaded, in the supposed interests of All-India Congress Unity, to allow their own convictions to be subservient to the sub-committee of the Congress, who were opposed to the acceptance of office."

Sir William added: "In an atmosphere of constructive effort as opposed to the negative sterile atmosphere of wrecking, the safeguards will be forgotten and the prosperity and happiness of the Province and people of Madras will far outweigh all other considerations."

Finally the speaker appealed to Mr. Rajagopalachari and other local leaders of the Majority Party to reconsider their position "uninfluenced by anything else but the trust imposed upon them by the electorate of this Province and take up the arduous and often thankless task of serving the people, whom they have been called upon to serve.—A. P.

Communal Tension In Jhansi Village

JHANSI, April 22.

News received from Mauranipur, an important town in Jhansi District, indicates that following the alleged destruction and disfigurement of images in a number of temples, an air of tension prevails and communal feelings are running high.

Leading Hindus of the locality waited on Mr. Baghwatnarain Bhargawa, M.L.A., who is holding an enquiry and may see the District Magistrate in this connection.—A. P.

Newly-Dug "Kutcha" Well Tragedy

GAUHATI (Assam) April 20.

Two persons were buried alive in a newly-dug 'kutcha' well at Rajaduar in North Gauhati under tragic circumstances.

All efforts to save the two men proved futile. One of them was a mason while the other was a carpenter.—United Press.

GIDNEY'S PLAIN SPEAKING

Europeans Must Change Their Vision And Take Interest In Indian Affairs

NEW DELHI, April 22.

"My advice to you is that you should think about India in terms of your own country. You should change your vision and outlook and take a greater interest in the day-to-day affairs of this land," observed Sir Henry Gidney speaking at a meeting of the European Institute.

Sir Henry said that in the past they had lagged behind in the affairs of the country, but now they could not afford to stand aside as mere onlookers. They should actively co-operate in moulding the nation's destiny.

It also dealt with the question of minorities in the Services and Legislatures.

Sir Henry Gidney later left for Allahabad.—A. P.

POIDIH COLLIERY DISASTER

No Prosecution As Guilty Manager Is Dead With Others

CALCUTTA, April 22.

A Bengal Government Communique says that the report of the Committee to enquire into the Poidih Colliery disaster, published to-day, discloses certain breaches of the law regulating the working of mines, but Government have decided not to undertake any prosecution in this case as the chief person responsible for these breaches was the Mine Manager who lost his life in the accident. It is not considered desirable to prosecute subordinate officers of the mine who were working under the direct control and supervision of the deceased Manager.—A.P.

SITE FOR MADRAS TRANSMITTER

Another To Be Set Up At Trichinopoly

OOTACAMUND, April 21.

Estimates are under preparation for the construction of a building on the site selected at Saidapet to house the transmitter for the proposed Madras Broadcasting Station. On receipt of sanction from the Government of India the work will be taken on hand and completed in January, about which time the necessary machinery is expected to be received. The building, it is anticipated, will cost half a lakh. The studio will be erected in a rented building in Marshalls Road, Egmore.

The site for the Trichinopoly Station will shortly be settled, and an officer from Delhi is now on his way to Trichinopoly in this connection.—United Press.

HOW TO END COMMUNAL TENSIONS

Jairamdas Suggests General Electorates For Local Bodies

KARACHI, April 22.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram leaves for Allahabad to-morrow morning.

In a statement to the press on the communal tension in the province he deplores the recent outrages and suggests the introduction of a bill in the next session of the Assembly, proposing joint electorates in the election of Local Bodies, and, when the Bill is passed, he suggests that the Assembly order fresh elections for the District Local Boards within six months.

Mr Jairamdas adds: "The people of the mofussil will support such a move and in fresh elections the electorate of both communities will fraternise with each other.—A. P.

EMBEZZLEMENT OF LAND REVENUE

LAHORE, April 21.

In pursuance of a report by the Tahsildar, the Chuniah Police have effected the arrest of the Headman of village Dev Babal, in the Lahore District, on the charge of embezzlement of land revenue.

It is alleged that the accused collected about Rs. 525 as land revenue, but did not deposit the same in the treasury and embezzled the whole amount.—United Press.

NOTICE OF NO-CONFIDENCE AGAINST INTERIM MINISTRY

AHMEDABAD, April 23.

Notice of a no-confidence motion in the Interim Ministry has been given by Arjunlal Lala, Congress member of the Ahmedabad Municipality. The resolution will come up for discussion on April 30.—A. P.

Our Rajkot Letter

HEAVY TOLL OF SMALL-POX

Enthusiastic Session Of Students' Conference

(From Our Correspondent.)
RAJKOT, (By Mail.)

There were 56 attacks and 23 deaths, due to small-pox raging in several States of Kathiawar during the week ended April 10. Cutch State accounted for 15 attacks and 11 deaths, Bhavnagar 27 attacks and 10 deaths, Jetpur 1 and 1, Junagadh 1-0, Wadhwan 1-0 Thrarad 7-0, Jetpur 1-1, and Berwada Taluka 3 attacks.

STUDENTS CONFERENCE

Kathiawar Students' Conference is in session since April 16, Mr. Jatashanker Chandarana, Chairman, Reception Committee, in delivering his address, traced the history of student community the world over in the political life. He urged the necessity of organisation on the part of Kathiawar.

Mr. Dinkar Mehta, in opening the Conference, pointed out the kind of work students can be called upon to do, in their career at school or college.

Mr. Indulal Yagnik, presided.

More than 500 delegates from all over Kathiawar and Gujarat both of schools and colleges, male and female attended the Conference.

THE RESOLUTIONS

The most important of the resolutions adopted by the Conference referred to the sympathy with Lilia workers now undergoing imprisonment in Bhavnagar Jail, recently arrested Kathiawar public workers under the Foreigner's Act. Affiliation with the Bombay Students' Federation and the parent body of All-India Students' Federation; Advocacy of Swadeshi; Non-participation in Coronation functions; Joining the Indian National Congress and the enlistment of Congress members. The use of vernaculars in teaching of subjects in all schools and colleges and starting a Gujarat University.

The Conference accepted the invitation of the Wankaner Students' Union to hold the second session at Wankaner.

The Rajkot Congress Committee has arranged to hold the Summer Class at Pardi about seven miles from Rajkot. It has invited Messrs Achyut Patwardhan, Dange, Mashruwala, Nanabhai of Bhavnagar, Kaka Kalelkar, and others of Indian repute, over and above the local ones, to deliver a series of lectures on economy, politics, conditions of labour and peasantry, Native States and their subjects, history of different forward countries of the world, etc.

The class will begin from May 8, and continue up to June 5 and the fees are fixed at Rs. 10.

HUGE COUNTERFEITING FACTORY UNEARTHED

Sequel To Raid By Multan Police

MULTAN, April 22.

A large police force led by a European officer to-day raided what is believed to be one of the biggest counterfeiting factories in the Punjab and took into custody a Muslim, whose father and brother are already undergoing terms of imprisonment on charges of counterfeiting.

A large number of coins which were complete except for the process known as "milling," were seized.

Mr. Scroggie, Superintendent of Police and Mr. Emery, Agent of the Imperial Bank, Multan, reached the spot later and examined the counterfeit coins.

The arrested man is alleged to have said that the man who had taught him had died suddenly, and he was in search of an expert to learn the technique of milling.

As a result of a search of the premises 542 moulds were seized, together with silver blocks worth Rs. 130, a number of rupee coins in various stages of manfacture and implements used in the counterfeiting process.—A. P.

OMNIBUS PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

For Bihar, Orissa And Central Provinces

PATNA: April 23.

A 'communique' issued by the Bihar Government states "The Provinces of Bihar, Central Provinces and Berar and Orissa have agreed to constitute a joint Public Service Commission for the three provinces. It will consist of a Chairman and two members. The Governor of Bihar appoints a first Chairman and the Governors of the other two provinces a member each. The right to appoint the chairman will pass in rotation among the three provinces.

Mr. G. E. Fawcus has been appointed Chairman of the Commission. The headquarters of the Commission will be Ranchi.—A. P.

Avoid Hot Weather THROAT

IN hot weather thousands of people suffer with their throats. The trouble is mainly due to dust being breathed into the throat and lungs. Hence the effects—parching, soreness and relaxed throat. Take more care of your throat during the hot season; and check the slightest irritation by sucking Peps antiseptic breathable tablets. Peps give off rich medicinal vapours which are wonderfully soothing and healing. They overcome bad germs and provide valuable protection for throat, chest and lungs. Peps are much handier than gargles. Try them!

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Madras: South Indian Mercantile Co., 12 Mannaru St.

INDIAN IRON & STEEL COMPANY

(Continued from Page 11).

thorized to take the necessary steps to carry such scheme into effect with such modifications if any as they may deem necessary

The first Resolution was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

OBJECTS OF COMPANY.

The Chairman then read resolution No. 2 which had been moved by the Chairman and seconded by Mr. N. Khandelwal.

That the provisions of the Memorandum of Association of the Company with respect to the Company's objects be altered by adding after Paragraph 19 of Clause 3 of such Memorandum of Association the following additional paragraph (subject to such modifications, if any, as may be imposed by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William In Bengal) to be numbered 19A. that is to say:

"To guarantee and to become surety for the payment of money unsecured or secured by or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations, instruments and securities of any Company or of any authority (whether supreme, municipal local or otherwise) or of any person whomsoever, whether incorporate or unincorporate and as security for the performance of any such guarantee or contract of suretyship to mortgage, charge or hypothecate all or any part of the undertaking, property and assets of the Company, and generally to guarantee or become surety for the performance by any Company, authority or person of any contract or obligation."

The Resolution was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

CONVERSION OF SHARES.

The amended Resolution No. 3 which read as follows was moved and seconded by The Chairman and Mr. Nirmal Ghose respectively.

Provided that the confirmation of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to Resolution No. 2 under Section 12 of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, is obtained that out of the unissued shares in the Capital of the Company Additional Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10 each in the Capital of the Company shall be offered, at a premium of Rs. 15 per share to those members of the Company holding five or more Ordinary Shares whose names appear on the Share Register of the Company as being the holders of the Ordinary Shares issued and outstanding on the 10th May 1937, and to those holders of Convertible Debenture Stock who have given notice of intention to convert on or before the 10th day of May, 1937, in the proportion of one such additional share for every five shares held by them respectively or to which in the case of such holders of Debenture Stock as have given notice to convert to which they may be entitled as the case may be, fractions in each case being disregarded, upon such terms as to payment or otherwise as the Directors may determine and that such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which each member or Debenture Holder who has given notice to convert as aforesaid as the case may be is entitled and limiting a time within which the offer if not accepted will be deemed to be declined.

The resolution being put to the vote was unanimously carried.

SPIRIT OF GOODWILL.

Mr. Bagaria at this stage thanked the Chairman for the splendid manner in which the proceedings of the day had been conducted. He also thanked the Board of Directors for the consideration they had shown to the criticisms and the constructive suggestions made to them by the shareholders and the generous manner in which they had met the view point of the shareholders. In conclusion, he said that the spirit of harmony and goodwill, that had characterised the proceedings, was remarkable and they could all very well congratulate themselves for the successful termination of the proceedings of the day. Mr. Leslie Martin thanked Mr. Bagaria and the shareholders for their appreciation and the proceedings closed.

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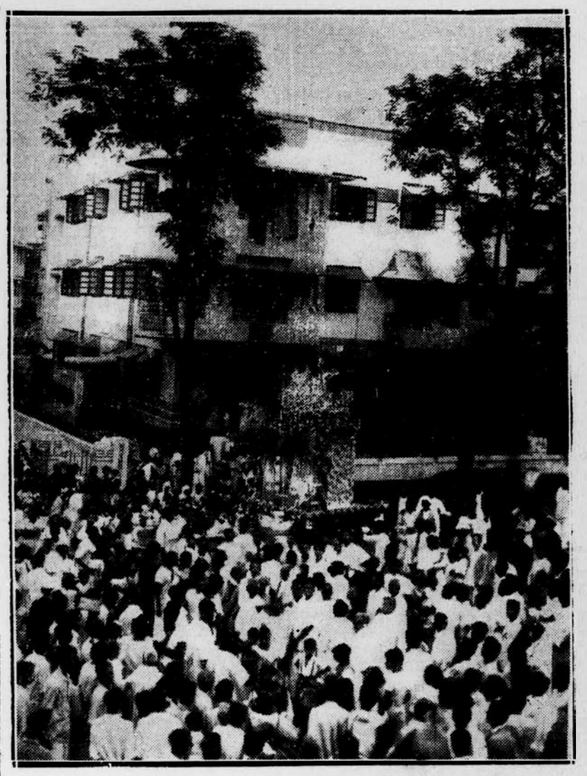

Car Procession on Ramnavmi Day organised by the Asthik Samaj, Matunga

Students Must Be In Vanguard Of Fight

Sajjad Zaheer's Presidential Address At Dacca Students' Conference

A Dacca correspondent of the "A. B Patrika" writes:—

Comrade Sajjad Zaheer, Secretary of the All-India Progressive Writers' Association, who was elected President of the Dacca District Students' Conference, delivered the following Presidential address:—

"Growth of united nationalism in India which takes as its starting point the undeniable unity of interests of the poverty-stricken masses of this country, a unity which cuts through our religious differences, will transcend the "narrow domestic walls" of communalism. It is your duty to interest yourself in the development of Indian literature and culture on new and progressive lines.

An intelligent awareness of the growth and development of the Socialistic movement in our own country and in the world generally is also incumbent upon you. The student youth of this country cannot help being interested in all this as world forces are irresistibly pushing up in that direction.

To-day, as never before in human history, the forces of progress and re-action are everywhere engaged in a deadly conflict. Millions of people are being drawn into this struggle whether they will it or not. Wars, revolutions and counter-revolutions are the order of the day.

The capitalist system, the system based on the private ownership of the means of production and distribution, the system under which millions of wage-slaves toil and labour so that a few may grow ever richer and richer, the system which in its imperialist form has reduced the major part of the world into colonies and dependencies to be exploited, this capitalist system, in the grip of an acute crisis, does not allow the youth of the world any scope for joy in life; it does not allow them either economics stability or the possibility of intellectual or cultural development.

The student youth of India are as much a victim of this crisis as of any other country. But perhaps we have been affected by the crisis more than in any other country because during a century and a half of British rule in India barely eight per cent of the population of this country has been made literate.

Unemployment among the educated classes, especially educated middle classes, is one of the main causes of growth of communalism in India. The scramble for the jobs is so desperate that the disappointed candidates in their search for a simple explanation of their unemployment find it in the religious partiality of those who have the dispensation of these jobs. They forget the simple truth that if there were jobs for all, as there must be in a healthy society, there will be provision for everybody even though a few people might be communally minded.

Sapru Report

The report on the Educated Unemployed, United Provinces, produced by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru suggests further restriction of higher education as one of the remedies of unemployment. The enormity of this suggestion, its heinousness, can be realised when we remember that only eight per cent of the people of India are literate. I suppose you are well aware that within the last three years, cuts to the extent of two crores (20 millions) have been made in the Education Budget of India. Restrictions have been made in regard to admissions into educational institutions; examinations have been stiffened, the percentage of failures has increased, Libraries have remained most inadequately equipped. Altogether it is a gloomy picture—a picture which must make us think and act.

Those of us who are Socialists believe further that only the working class can lead the battle of India's freedom and that only under a Socialist Society will it be possible for us to end poverty and unemployment, that only under a Socialist Society will it be possible for us to end for good and for ever the exploitation of man by man.

A Happy Sign.

That the students of this country have not failed to grasp this point is shown by their determination to build for the first time in India on a solid foundation the All-India Students' Federation with its branches all over the country. I have been myself an active worker amongst the students, and since I ceased to be a student a year ago, I have kept in touch with students in my own province. I must pay a warm tribute to the intrepid organisers of the new student movement in India who have kept their movement free from all the previous faults of the Indian youth movement, who have not made the student movements an appendage of any political body in the country and who have based it on the solid foundation of struggle for the redress of the students' grievances. There is no other way of building up a strong and widespread student movement in India. You must learn to struggle for your own rights, admirably stated in the Charter of Students' Rights drawn up by the All-India Students' Federation. You must resist all the attacks made against education or your dignity by the authorities, and if you do this, believe me, you will also be helping in the battle of India's freedom and you will be giving yourself the best training that is needed for an Indian student at present.

Students' Solidarity.

The All-India Students' Federation has already given two splendid examples for the whole country to follow. When certain short-sighted students, instigated by interested parties proposed to wreck the Federation into two by starting a separate Muslim Students' Federation, our Muslim friends from Aligarh Muslim University, from the Lucknow University and from Nadvatul Ulema (a College of Muslim Theology) by an overwhelming majority defeated this manoeuvre which would have weakened the entire student body and which would have been rendered thus incapable of protecting the interests alike of Hindu and Muslim students. The recent outburst of a certain Professor at Aligarh against those brave students, is really a mere expression of impotent rage of a reactionary against the rising tide of Indian nationalism based not on a mere sentiment but on the recognition of the need for unity of all the exploited sections of the Indian community to whatsoever religion they may belong, in order that their enslavement, their unemployment, their misery and poverty may be ended for ever.

The other example which I want to remind you is the magnificent solidarity which the students of the country showed on the occasion of the Anti-Constitution Hartal on April 1st. In their thousands the students participated in the Hartal. Every school, every College was closed. Hindus and Muslims. Sikhs and Christians, they all joined the Anti-Constitution procession.

I am certain that the youth of India specially that of Bengal, shall participate in the historic endeavour to "end this sorry state of things," and to build a new and a happier world, "nearer to our heart's desire."

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MALABAR NAMBUDIRIS WILL BE LOSERS

If They Do Not Co-operate With Travancore Temple Entry Proclamation

TRIVANDRUM, April 22.

The order issued by the Travancore Government relating to the Temple-Entry Proclamation, stating that no person who is not prepared to act in accordance with the Proclamation will be entitled to any perquisites, gifts, etc., from State-controlled temples or religious institutions, is regarded here as meaning that, in the absence of complete co-operation with the Temple-Entry Proclamation, the Travancore Government will not recognise the religious authority of any person or body of persons outside the State or submit to any dictation as to the fundamental tenets of Hinduism from outside sources.

GIFTS TO BE DIVERTED?

Allowances, gifts and other perquisites of a total value of about two lakhs of rupees yearly are given to the Nambudiris of Cochin and British Malabar, and the effect of the present order is that no such gifts and allowances will be given, unless the recipients whole-heartedly co-operate with the Proclamation. Presumably such gifts will be distributed among the priests in Travancore.—A.P.

AMATEUR ASTROLOGERS LEAGUE

Amateur Astronomers League.—Under the auspices of the Amateur Astronomers League, on Saturday April 24th 1937, at 7 p.m. (S.T.) on the Terrace of Prag Lila Mansion, No. 63, Peddar Road, (three minutes from Bus Station, near Kemp and Co.), Mr. Padam S. M. Godrez will deliver, in English, a public lecture, with illustrative explanations of gazing the Stars and identifying the Constellations. All are invited to enjoy celestial scenery through Telescope. Lift available, but no chairs on terrace.

According to the latest report from Upper Sind, the Frontier police have arrested four Muslims and have seized one gun in connection with the alleged firing on two Hindus.

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DECCAN STATES' PEOPLES' CONFERENCE

Latthe Accepts R. C. Chairmanship?

SANGLI (By Mail).

Mr. A. B. Latthe, M.L.A., of Belgaum has kindly accepted [illegible] the Reception Committee of the 11th Session of Deccan States' Peoples' Conference and efforts are being made to get the consent of Mr. B. G. Kher for the presidentship.

The dates of the conference are not yet fixed, but most probably it will be held in the last week of May. The workers at Sangli, Miraj, Jamkhandi and Kurundwad have, for the present, undertaken to organize the session.

The first meeting of the Reception Committee is to be held at Kudchi on the 25th of April. It is, therefore, requested that all State subjects should contribute to the funds by being members of the Reception Committee. The rates of tickets are provisionally fixed as under:—

Member of the Reception Committee from Rs. 3 to Rs. 25; Delegate's tickets Rs. 2; For peasants Re. 1.

All communications should be addressed to the Provisional Secretary, Deccan States' Peoples' Conference, C/o M. K. Athavale Pleader, Sangli.

"We Have Gone Much Ahead"

Kidwai Tells Jinnah To Keep Pace With Time

LUCKNOW: April 23.

"The announcement that the Congress had called upon its workers to approach the Muslim masses directly and explain to them the Congress programme, has apparently perturbed both Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Maulana Shaukat Ali who seem determined to resist this penetration into their preserves," said Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee in an interview to the "United Press".

WE HAVE GONE AHEAD.

Mr. Kidwai added:

"The Maulana advises the President of the Indian National Congress to negotiate for a communal settlement with the people who count. The Maulana himself participated in a number of such negotiations, and he must know that it is always these people who count, who, to maintain their status of being people who count, frustrate these negotiations. The Congress has long last realised the futility of such attempts at settlement.

"Maulana Shaukat Ali and Mr. Jinnah must realise that they are no more addressing the India of twenties. We have gone much ahead, and it is no fault of ours that we have not kept pace with times. The old divisions are fast disappearing, and new ones are replacing them.

CLASS DIVISIONS.

"In the twenties, communities were religious communities all Hindus, Muslims, Parsis and Sikhs. To-day they have been replaced to class communities namely, taluqdars, zamindars, kisans, employers, employees, manufacturers and consumers. Those who worked in the villages during the last elections know that a Muslim Kisan is as much interested and affected by the Congress Agrarian programme as a Hindu kisan, and it is but natural. If we enact the Hereditary Rights Law, will the law not benefit the heirs of Muslim tenants? If we fix 8 hours a day, for Labour, will it not give relief to Muslim labourers? And it is these and similar things that the Congress stands for.

EXPLOITATION OF RELIGION

"I think people have not really appreciated the new Congress move We are not convening any conference of representatives of religions to evolve a solution of the Hindu-Muslim problem, because we think that the existence of such a problem is due to the exploitation of religious antagonism by people who count in both the communities. All that we propose to do, is to explain to the Muslim masses what the Congress stands for and what its programme is. Is Maulana Shaukat Ali going to tell the Muslims that the Congress does not stand for Independence, that the Congress has no agrarian programme, or its agrarian policy will injure Islam? Maulana Shaukat Ali talks of Mr. Jawaharlal Nehru being encouraged by what paid or unpaid Muslims may say to him. Everyone knows that it was the Maluana's privilege to work once with these very men, and if now they are in different camps, it is because they think that the Maulana has been won over by an opposite party—friends who persuaded him to prolong his stay at Lucknow."—United Press.

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POONA MUSLIMS AND CONGRESS

Mr. Maganbhai Patel, President, Poona Cantonment Congress Committee, writes:—

Since Hakim Mirza Haidar Beg, proprietor of the Haidari Dawakhana joined the Congress from the 1st April last, a great sensation has prevailed in Poona Cantonment. Hakimji has now wears Khaddar. He exhorts the public to join the Congress in large numbers as it is the only political body in India which will secure rule. He is very enthusiastic about carrying the Congress mandate among Muslim masses and we have, in accordance with the instructions from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President, Indian National Congress, started work calling upon Muslims to join the meetings by issuing pamphlets in Urdu. I appeal Poona Muslims to join the Congress in large numbers in order to advance the cause of complete independence.

MOVE TO REFORM NIZAM'S LEGISLATURE

But Vaidya's Bill May Not Be Allowed

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), April 22.

Legal complications cropped in as to whether Mr. Kasinathrao Vaidya's Bill to amend Hyderabad Legislative Council Act could be allowed to be introduced in Council or not and if so under what authority, the President of the Council could refuse leave. While the Nizam is taken to be an autocrat with full powers it is he who is entitled to become a democrat by introducing democratic principles in his administrative machinery and according to Act 3 of 1900, (Legislative Council Regulation) Section 57 deals with prerogative of the Nizam and clearly lays down that nothing should affect the royal prerogative of the Nizam and that his would be the final word in matters of legislation in his State. Raja Bahadur Krishnamachar, ex-Legal Adviser, Hyderabad State, it is understood has solved the naughty problem by addressing Sir Akbar Hydari, President, Nizam's Executive Council, drawing his attention to Section 34 of the Legislative Council Act

Raja Bahadur Krishnamachar in the course of his letter is said to have stated that Mr. Vaidya, who sought to introduce the Bill for expansion of the Legislative Council was a non-official member hence had no right to introduce such Bill which affected Public Revenues or Public Debts or any other matter tending to create any change in the Constitution of the Council. It is therefore learnt that Sir Akbar Hydari may not allow leave for amending the Bill to be introduced.

I am informed immediately after returning from England Sir Akbar is expected to announce certain reforms to be introduced in the Council Constitution giving more representation to public bodies, commercial interests and university. It is also likely, he may summon the Council Session after return and preside over it and allow the House to discuss all Bills pending.

It may be recalled that immediately after the establishment of the Nizam's Executive Council in 1919 with Sir Ali Imam as its President H.E.H. the Nizam had issued a firman directing Sir Ali to take up the question of introduction of reforms in the Legislative Council but Sir Ali's scheme could not see light of the day till now.

Zanzibar Appeal To Indian Leaders

Press Govt. To Take Urgent Steps For Relief Against New Bills

The Indian Association Zanzibar wires:—

A mass meetng held on the 19th instant protested against the new bills and expressed surprise at the Government of India's failure to obtain redress.

It resolved to urge India's leaders and institutions to press the Government to take urgent steps for relief. Otherwise the exasperated community may resort to passive resistance as last resort.

The Legislative Council is meeting on May 27. Please reply."

FAMINE CONDITIONS IN PANCH MAHALS

Bombay Humanitarians Deputation To Finance Minister

On behalf of the Bombay Humanitarian League and Cogras Gojivdan Mandal, who have opened relief works in the Talukas of Dohad and Jhalod a deputation consisting of Messrs. Lallubhai Dipchand Jhaveri, Rao Bahadur Vassonji Naranji, F. K. Dadachandji, Solicitor, Harjivan Valji, M. M. Shah, R. S. Jhaveri, Khan Saheb Burjorji Mehta, L. K. Dalal, N. N. Dalal, S. M. Ghadiali, S. N. Maniar and J. N. Manker met the Hon'ble Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Minister for Revenue and Finance Department to place before him the acute distress among thousands of men and cattle of Panch Mahals and point out the urgent need for official declaration of famine.

PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

While narrating the harrowing tales of distress, the deputation observed that about 28,000 men and their dependents have to live upon the wages they receive on the relief works and a large number of men wander for labour or food. There being no fodder nor grazing about 60,000 cattle face starvation and quite a large number daily die. The prices of food stuffs and cattle feeds have risen and water supply is scanty. People are highly in debts and their condition is precarious.

On more than one relief centres, more than 3,000 labourers are working and there is great need for more relief works.

DECLARE A FAMINE.

Thus as required by section 30 of the Famine Relief code, circumstances justifying official declaration of famine do exist and hence the Deputation requested the Minister to move the Government to declare famine in the distressed area in the Talukas of Dohad and Jhalod and eastern part of Godhra.

In the event of delay in the declaration of famine the deputation urged upon the necessity of the following measures (1) continuation and extension of relief works open to all who offer for work (2) Railway concession for food and fodder (3) medical relief (4) insuring sufficient and efficient water supply, (5) Importing one crore lbs. of grass by Government for relief to cattle, (6) opening reserve forests for free grazing, etc.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said he appreciated the humanitarian motives of the deputation and assured them that while visiting the distressed parts, he will make proper inquiries and them advise the Government to take such measures as would tend to relieve the distressed men and cattle of those parts.

WATER SCARCITY AT PAVAGHAD

D.L.B. President's Appeal For Rs. 5,000

Pavaghad is well-known both as a historical place and as place of privilege. Thousands visit the hill on fair days and specially on Chaitra Sud 8th., every year. The average attendance per day throughout the year excluding the Mela or fair day comes to about 300 people including visitors, sightseers and pilgrims.

The hill being steep and about 2,700 feet high people get much exhausted. The Dudhia Tank at the top of the hill and another near the middle of the hill at the Machi Haveli are the most important sources of water supply. This year unfortunately owing to scarcity of rain both are dried up and pilgrims experience great difficulty. Some charitably disposed people have put up Parabs water places—but they are inadequate. If these two tanks are excavated and temporary wells are dug, it would be possible to supply water during the next three months and the two tanks could be developed to ensure sufficient supply of water in future.

A sum of Rs. 5,000 is required for making permanent good water arrangement, and a Water Fund has been opened.

The work will be undertaken by the District Local Board, Panchmahals and audited accounts will be published.

NEW THEATRES

(Continued from page 10)

the whole gang was within the tents in half a minute's time! Extra men had to be employed to beat the jungles and clear out the intruding tigers. Big elephants have been employed and they are behaving in most orderly manner. These Shikar Scenes with big Procession of Elephants will prove extremely wonderful in all natural settings of the Assam jungles.

Profulla Roy, Amar Mullick, Indu Mukherjee and Menaka Devi reached the Camp last week. All of them have been given important roles in "Mukti." The Party is expected to stay there at Assam for a month or so.

Devaki Bose has almost finished his rehearsals and the shootings of "Bidyapati" will commence before our reader's eyes are on these lines. We shall give the full cast and other important details of this Picture under production in our next note.

Hem Chunder has finished almost half of his picture and his troupe is getting no rest. We shall give something very interesting regarding "Anath Asram" in our next note.

NEW CONSTITUTION CONDEMNED

Tokyo Indians' Resolution

(From Our Correspondent)

TOKYO, April 1.

The India Independence League of Japan composed of nationalist Indian residents held a meeting on the 1st April 1937 at the Nakamuraya Restaurant, Shinjiku, Mr. Rash Behari Bose presiding, and resolutions condemning the British-made New Constitution, to be inaugurated to-day (1st April 1937) in India, inasmuch as it denies the Indians the control over the Army, Navy, Foreign Affairs and Finances, matters which are of vital importance to any free country—, creates more divisions among the Indians and aims at the perpetuation of the British rule in India; and demanding full liberty for the Indians to frame their own Constitution aiming at the complete independence of India, were unanimously passed.

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SHE was a woman of the temple .... But He was the Beast of Hell and ... SHE by her sheer force of inner heart and LOVE changed HIM into a MAN of the earth.

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HUNS PICTURES

BEGUNAH

A great "Pencreation" of
PRINCIPAL P. K. ATRE
The greatest writer of Maharashtra
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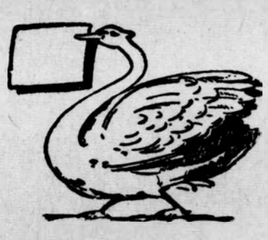
PANNA, SITARA, SHAHU MODAK and BABURAO PENDHARKAR in the leading roles.....



LILTING SONGS By
SHAHU MODAK!
SPECTACULAR DANCES By SITARA

BEGUNAH
('Asha' with the new name
3rd "HUNS" Picture
Directed by:
G. JAGIRDAR
Photography by:
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BEGUNAH
OPENS TO-DAY at
MAJESTIC
Talkies: Girgaum
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

Leading Straight To Direct Action

SIR SIVASWAMI IYER WARNS GOVT.

Moral Authority Of Present Rule Will Be Undermined

MADRAS: April 20.

The following is the text of the letter to the "Manchester Guardian" by Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer, mentioned in Reuters' Cable, published to-day:——

"I am grateful to you for giving me an opportunity of expressing my views on the situation which has arisen in India on the eve of the introduction of Provincial Autonomy. Your leading article on "The Indian Choice" on the 1st of March last, is a very fair and just appreciation of the situation. Since then events have been moving rapidly. The resolution of the All-India Committee of the Congress at New Delhi favoured a conditional acceptance of office by the Congress Party.

"In accordance with this resolution, the Congress leaders in the Governors who invited them to six Provinces in which they have obtained an absolute majority demanded an assurance from the Governors who invited them to form Ministry that they would not use their special powers of interference or exercise the functions which are by law, left to the discretion or individual judgment of the Governors. The refusal of the Governors to give any such assurance is more or less in the same terms in all the Provinces and must have been the result of a previous consultation with Delhi and Whitehall.

Not Competent.

Mr. Gandhi, who claims the authorship of the conditional clause of acceptance, maintains that the giving of such an assurance in the form demanded by him was legally competent to the Governors.

I am myself of the opinion that a Governor is not competent to give such an assurance and to pledge himself in advance never to exercise his discretion in any circumstances. It would of course be open for a Governor to refrain from interfering with the decision of the Ministry in any case which may come up before him.

"It is unfortunate that neither the Government nor the Congress has shown any inclination to adopt a modus vivendi. Some formula might have been devised which while saving the statutory powers of the Governor and avoiding its abrogation, would indicate the general policy and attitude of the Governor. Mr. Gandhi quotes a remark of Sir Samuel Hoare that ordinarily the Governors would not use their admittedly large powers of interference and claims that the Congress formula has asked for nothing more. If this is correct, it is all the greater pity that the parties have been unable to arrive at a friendly understanding.

Mr. Gandhi might have trusted the political instincts of the Englishman to recognise the force of facts and to avoid opposition to the wishes of the electorate which has returned the Congress party by an overwhelming majority. In view of the breakdown of the negotiations, there is little use in discussing whether the Congress party was justified in insisting upon the acceptance of a condition in the form in which it was put. The outcome of the negotiations must be deplored by all who desire a peaceful evolution of constitutional Government.

Next Step

What will be the next step? Mr. Gandhi and his deputies have laid their cards on the table and have explained their policy. Mr. Gandhi has said that the objective of the pro-office party is to create a situation which would transfer all power to the people and strengthen the Congress.

"There can be no doubt that the Congress will endeavour to rouse public opinion against the action of the Government and educate the people to put forth united efforts to end the Constitution. The people will become more and more estranged from the Government and the moral authority of the Government will necessarily be undermined.

"The result of the present situation can be easily foreseen. Non-co-operation and civil disobedience will be resorted to by the Congress and the Government will, in its turn seek to resort to repression.

"The gauntlet has been thrown by the leaders of the Congress and the Government will consider itself bound in the interests of its prestige to pick it up. Similar considerations of prestige will prevent the Congress from withdrawing from the position it has taken up more especially when it is flushed with victory. The struggle will become more and more bitter and though in the end it is bound to result in the achievement of freedom and full responsible government, the way will be long and weary and the cost of it ruinous to the people and to the Government. The intervening years of struggle must stand in the way of the material progress of the country.

Government Also Responsible.

"We cannot help thinking that the Government must also share the responsibility for the disastrous consequences of the constitutional crisis. The British public has yet to realise the seriousness of the situation. The British Government and the large majority of public men in England are astonished at their own generosity in enacting a constitution which they claim offers great opportunities for the exercise of political responsibility and service to the country. That Provincial Autonomy does offer some opportunity for useful service to the country may be admitted. It is the recognition of this fact that has led all the sober elements in the country to work the constitution for what is worth and extract all possible advantage out of it. It would be a great mistake for the British Government to suppose that there is any section of people in India which feels any enthusiasm about the reforms. Even the Muslim community considers the reforms disappointing and unsatisfactory. There is no difference between the two great communities with regard to the need for pressing the demand for full responsible Government and for Dominion Status.

Social Service

"The reason why the Indian public does not set much store by the opportunities for social service under the system of Provincial Autonomy is as you have pointed out in your leader the lack of finance. In view of the inelasticity of the Indian revenues and the existing burden of taxation, retrenchment of the cost of administration will be one of the measures which a popular ministry will be obliged to resort to. No substantial retrenchment can be effected except by a reduction of military expenditure which can be achieved only by a steady and rapid process of Indianisation of the army. These measures will be stoutly resisted by the Imperial Government and it will not be easy for the provincial ministers to find new resources.

"There are people both in this country and in England who imagine that the remedy for India's ills is to be found in a social and economic revolution. The revolutionary Socialists in India and in England lay stress upon the problems of distribution of wealth in the country. Without in any way belittling the importance of these problems, there are many of us who think that in the present stage of economic evolution emphasis should be laid upon the problem of production and increase of wealth and that the interests of peaceful progress will be promoted by action along the lines advocated in "The Next Five Years" (a symposium by Sir Arthur Salter and a number of other public men) and not by the path of revolutionary socialism on Russian lines. But here again we feel that the industrial development of the country will be retarded at every stage by the numerous safeguards devised in the constitution in British interests. It will be easy to understand why politicians in India place the achievement of political freedom in the forefront of their programme.

Mutual Suspicion

"It is very unfortunate that the scheme of Provincial Autonomy should be inaugurated in an atmosphere of mutual suspicion and distrust and of disappointment and friction. It is to be hoped that no time will be lost in finding an acceptable solution of the present deadlock and that neither the Government nor the Congress will be prevented by considerations of prestige from seeking an amicable settlement. The situation is fraught with grave complications political and social.

"The popular party will necessarily have recourse to agitation in the country and to obstructionist tactics inside the Legislature. The Government will be driven to adopt one of several disagreeable alternatives. The Governor will have either to dissolve the Legislature and order a fresh election or carry on the administration himself on his own responsibility for a short period. Either course will have the effect of immensely increasing the strength of the Congress and its hold on the country. There is also the danger of encouraging a revolutionary mentality of the type that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru wishes to foster. Let us hope that a peaceful solution will be found as quickly as possible."

Inamdars' Memorial To India Secretary

MADRAS, April 21.

It is understood that Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, Advocate, has drafted a memorial to be presented on behalf of the Inamdars' Association in this Presidency to the Secretary of State in Council, requesting His Majesty the King Emperor to veto the Inam Act.

It is not likely that the Association will send a deputation to England to present the memorial or to argue their case before the Secretary of State and others to achieve their object.

The memorial will be forwarded to the Secretary of State in Council probably in a week's time.—United Press.

Outlived Many A Reactionary Muslim Body

LEAGUE MUST MAINTAIN ITS IDEALS, SAYS YAKUB HASSAN

MADRAS: April 20.

Mr. YAKUB HASSAN, Congress Member of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, writes:——

As a premier Muslim political association, Muslim League has a long record of good work to its credit. It has outlived many a reactionary Muslim body and its future is by no means unpromising, if it does not depart from the high ideals of its foundation.

There is nothing to cavil at in the Muslim League as a political association but what has roused widespread public resentment was Mr. Jinnah's attempt to plant a separate Muslim Party in the Legislature. Mr. Jinnah has totally failed in his efforts in this direction and the Muslim community is completely disillusioned. The Jamiat-ul-Ulema the Association of Muslim Divines—has dissociated itself with Mr. Jinnah and the Muslim Youth throughout the country, specially the students of the Aligarh University, are very much exasperated.

Worth Nothing.

To "stand for fight for the freedom of the country" is one thing but to make that as the sole and supreme object of all national activities and to subordinate all communal interests towards that end, is quite another thing. Musalmans must realise that the political prosperity of the Muslim Community and the security of its rights and interests would be worth nothing if they can only be secured through the perpetuation of the British rule in India.

Why should Mr. Jinnah become frantic over Congressmen's appeal to the patriotism and national feelings of Musalmans and why should he think that Pandit Jawaharlal's proposal to establish closer contacts with Muslim masses will only produce more bitterness and will frustrate the very object of Hindu-Muslim unity.

Mr. Jinnah must remember that the Lucknow pact between the Congress and the Muslim League became possible only when every member of the Muslim League became member of the Congress. That pact was virtually a pact between the Non-Muslim members and Muslim members of the Congress. It was only after the Congress and the League fell asunder and Musalmans as a community began to bargain with Hindus and set communal settlement on Muslim terms as the price for Muslim co-operation in the fight for Swaraj, that the intercommunal situation became so deplorable.

Playing Into Zetland's Hands.

As the result of the recent elections, Congress does not only command majority in the Legislature Assemblies of six out of eleven Provinces but its position in the Country has also become very strong, and formidable. The Congress Party is resolved to work the constitution in the Provinces as would inspire confidence not only in the masses and classes but also in the minorities.

It is indeed a pity that Mr. Jinnah should perhaps unwittingly play into Lord Zetland's hands at the present juncture by raising the bogey of communal settlement. If no understanding is brought about with Mahatma Gandhi on the question of assurances and elections are forced on the country I am sure majority of Muslim members would be returned on the Congress ticket. Their presence in good number in the Congress party will provide a better safeguard of the Muslim interests in the Legislature than the special powers and responsibilities of the Governors. It will also pave the way for a communal settlement on a larger scale in a more dignified and honourable manner in the party conclave than can possibly be the case outside the legislatures through bargaining and coercion.

Communal Organisations To Disappear From Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 23.
("Chronicle" Exclusive).

Communal organisations will henceforward disappear in Hyderabad State as the result of the conversation that took place between Sir Akber Hydari, President of the Nizam's Executive Council and deputationists of Hindu Subjects' Committee who waited on Sir Akbar Hyderi recently.

It is reliably learnt that the leader of the deputation being satisfied with Sir Akbar's assurance promised to dissolve the Hindu Subjects Committee.

Political circles applaud the lead taken by the Hindus in eradicating communal evil from the State and hope other communal organisations will follow suit.

DHAR COMMUNAL TROUBLE

Journalist's Conviction Upheld

(From Our Correspondent)
JHANSI, (By Mail)

News comes from Dhar (C.I.) of a communal trouble, where the State Police after bringing the situation under control have put under arrest 79 persons including Hindus and Muslims. The details are said to be that while some Hindus were going about in the city, celebrating Holi month and playing with Gulal, some Gulal fell upon some Muslim passers-by. The Muslims, taking exception to this indulged in loose language. The processionists returned in the same coin, and the matter from the wordy dual changed into a hand to hand fight in which lathis and other weapons were used, resulting in injuries to some persons; but the timely arrival of the police saved the situation which otherwise would have been worst. The police afterwards arrested 79 persons including Hindus and Muslims.

CONGRESS COMMITTEE MEETING

At a meeting of the Town Congress Committee, held under the presidentship of Mr. Kunj Beharilal Shivni, 3 Sub-Committees to tackle the questions of (1) Enrolment of members, (2) Volunteers Training Camp, (3) Starting of hand industries "with a view to end Unemployment prevailing among the Congress workers" were appointed yesterday. The consideration on the resignation of Mr. L. R. Kadam, Municipal Commissioner from the Board was also postponed for 3 months in view of the unstable political condition of the country.

JOURNALIST'S CONVICTION UPHELD

The Sessions Judge dismissed the appeal preferred by Krishna Gopal Sharma. Editor, "Bhundelkhand Keshi" a Nationalist Hindi Weekly and at present General Secretary of the District Congress Committee against the sentence of Rs. 500 fine or in default 6 months simple imprisonment passed by the S.D.O. Lalitpur under Section 500 for writing an alleged defamatory article against an official of the Lalitpur Municipal Board. The Judge while upholding the sentence reduced the fine to 350.

JHANSI HEROES

Before starting for Calcutta to play in Beighton Tournament the Jhansi Heroes are playing a number of practice matches, that have evoked a great interest among the people in view of the fact that 3 famous Olympians have been participating in the same. Though the Selection Committee, which among others consists of Dhyan Chand and Roop Singh has not finally chosen the players, it is expected that some players may be summoned from outside to join the team. There appears to be some hitch regarding Roop Singh's playing in the Beighton Tourney, as his request for extension of leave period having been rejected by the Gwalior Government he has been immediately summoned to resume duties; but it is further hoped that the interview between His Highness and Dhyan Chand which takes place to-day in this connection and may result in his being allowed to proceed to Calcutta.

Preserving Wild Life In Sind

KARACHI, April 22.

A conference of officials was held this afternoon, with Mr. R. E. Gibson, the Revenue Commissioner presiding, to consider proposals for the preservation of wild life in Sind. It is understood that the Conference also discussed the resolutions of the All-India Wild Life Preservation Conference at Delhi during 1935. Their suggestions will be submitted to Government and rules framed accordingly.—A. P.

TO-DAY SULOCHANA THIS WEEK
In
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"JAGAT KESARI"
A film story that breathes a romance, tender, pulsating love theme, midst the splendour of the court.
Featuring: D. Billimoria, Jamshedji, Gulam Mahomed, Jamna, Laxmi, Sayed Ahmed, and Gulam Rasool.
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Matinee on Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

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Pathetic Tale From Lucknow

LUCKNOW, April 22.

Details are now available of George North, the European Sergeant at the loco workshop of the B. N. W. Railway at Gorakhpur, who committed suicide during the last week-end.

Just before committing suicide, North is said to have written a letter to his wife saying that he was doing so in order that he might not be forced to implicate his friends in an act for which he alone was responsible.

He also called his little girl, took her in his lap and played with her for some time. Then handing her to the Ayah, he told her to take her out on the road. Soon after, a shot rang out. The child rushed into her father's room and found him lying on his bed in a pool of blood. Mrs. North also arrived at the scene and found him dead.—United Press.

MILKMEN'S STRIKE IN KANGRA

Navratra Fair Pilgrims Go Without Milk

KANGRA, April 20.

The Gujars (milkmen) of Kangra have gone on strike and announced that they will not sell milk within the jurisdiction of the Kangra town committee until their demands are conceded.

It is stated that the Town Committee of Kangra announced by beat of drum recently that all milksellers would have to obtain licences by paying twelve annas each for a licence and those not possessing licences would be 'challaned.' The Gujars made a counter-demand that the rate of milk permissible within the town committee's area be enhanced, but this demand, it is reported, was turned down. The Gujars, thereupon, decided to go on strike and they have announced that they will suspend their trade until a reasonable settlement is made. In the absence of the usual milk supply, large numbers of pilgrims to the Navratra Fair as well as the citizens are experiencing great inconvenience.—A. P.

Nawab's Followers Join Congress

(From Our Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, April 23.

Political situations have taken unexpected turn in U. P. the Knight of Cawnpore has miserably failed in his effort to mobilise the non-Congress members under the banner of the interim ministry.

The Nawab of Chhattari, who had firm faith in the support of his co-religionists, is finding them gradually drifting to the hostile Congress camp. Now, what will be the shape of things to come, is what is perplexing most of the leaders of U. P.

I understand on reliable authority that the Chhattari ministry, after preparing their programme, which will, of course, be radical in character, will advise the Governor to summon the lagislature to face a vote of no-confidence, which they are sure, will be tabled by the Congress.

And as the Congressmen are in a majority, constitutionally the Chhattari ministry will make room for Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant to run the Government machinery. So far it is clear.

Then, it is to be seen whether the assurance sought by Pandit Pant will be forthcoming from the Governor, who has once flatly refused to give.

It is rumoured that the Nawab of Chhattari is himself anxious to solve the deadlock created by the refusal of Pandit Pant to form a ministry and it is with this purpose in view, the rumour runs, that the other day he went to meet Sir T. B. Sapru to find a "via media" to solve the crisis.

EX-SECRETARY OF U. P. CONGRESS CHARGED

LUCKNOW, April 22.

Mr. Bishambhar Dayal Tripathi of Unao, former Secretary of the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee and a newly elected Congress member of the U. P. Assembly, has been served with a notice under section 108 Cr. P.C. on a charge of orally disseminating seditious matter

He has been called upon to execute a bond of Rs. 5,000 and two sureties of Rs. 2,500 each for having delivered alleged seditious speeches at Unao and Jalaun

It is understood that the district authorities have launched the prosecution after consulting the Provincial Government.—United Press.

TAGORE TO DELIVER NAGPUR CONVOCATION ADDRESS.

NAGPUR, April 23.

It is understood that Dr. Rabindranath Tagore has agreed to deliver the address at the main convocation of the Nagpur University to be held in December next.—United Press.

Dr. Miss Chiragudin, Ph.D. of Lahore (the first Muslim lady to obtain M. A. degree from the Punjab University) arrived in Bombay on Thursday, after a tour of the Continent.

WIFE DONE TO DEATH

Zemindar's Alleged Confession At Police Station

MOGA, April 21.

A sensational report of a gruesome murder has reached here from village Badhni Kalan about ten miles away from Moga.

It is stated, on the 13th instant a Zemindar ordered his wife to prepare tea, for which the latter refused and is said to have replied the Zemindar insolently. Enraged at this, he is alleged to have cut her throat, causing her instantaneous death.

The Zemindar after murdering his wife, reported himself to the police station and said to have confessed his crime.—United Press.

MUSLIM CONGRESS CANDIDATES' DEFEAT

Sub-Committee Appointed To Investigate Causes In U. P.

LUCKNOW, April 22.

A questionnaire has been issued by the sub-committee appointed by the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee with a view to investigate the causes that led to the defeat of the Muslim Congress candidates in the recent elections.

The questions are directed to find out whether the Congress organisations in the districts have been slow in any way to help the Muslim candidates in the elections, and whether there had been any interference by the Government servants.

The other questions are directed to find out the reasons for the suspicions the Muslims harbour against the Congress and its programme. Suggestions have been invited as to how they can be best eradicated and how the Muslims can be made enthusiastic about the Congress programme.

Mr. Sajjad Zaheer, convenor of the sub-committee, has circularised this questionnaire to all the town and district Congress Committees in the Province and to the defeated Muslim Congress candidates to send in their replies at an early date.—United Press.

Ceylonese Tourist Meets Governor

SYLHET, April 22.

Mr. Reginald A. M. Pereira, a young Ceylonese traveller aged 20, arrived here on April 19, last, after completing his journey. He has so far travelled 4,000 miles on his push bike over Siam, Burma, Monipur and Assam.

He met Sir Robert Reid, Governor of Assam, at Shillong and obtained his autograph. His Excellency wished him a successful career during his adventurous journey.

The young tourist hopes to visit Europe after finishing his Indian tour.—United Press.

APPLICATION FOR READJUDICATING FAZLUL HUQ DISMISSED

CALCUTTA, April 23.

The application for order readjudicating Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Bengal's Chief Minister, was dismissed to-day with costs by Mr. Justice Remfry.

Mr. Justice Remfry dismissing the application held 'inter alia' that there was 'bona fide' dispute regarding the title of the applicant to claim money and that date had not been admitted by the official assignee.—A.P.

TWO EDITORS FOR CORONATION

CALCUTTA, April 23.

Mr. Arthur Moore, Managing Editor of the "Statesman" left Calcutta by air this morning on a short visit to England.

He will attend the Coronation at Westminster Abbey as Chairman of the India, Burma and Ceylon section of the Empire Press Union. He will also attend the Conference in London next month of the Empire Press Union.

Another delegate from the East will be Mr. H. Smiles, Editor of the "Rangoon Gazette".—A. P.

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED

Husband's Murder By Paramour And Its Sequel

LAHORE, April 22.

The death sentence passed on Sajjan Singh, a villager of the Ferozepore District, was confirmed yesterday by the Chief Justice, and Mr. Justice Monroe, in the Lahore High Court.

The case for prosecution was that Sajjan Singh came to a village in Lyallpur District and made best acquaintance with Ram Singh. The accused in course of time was residing with Ram Singh. After some time, Ram Singh came to know of the illegitimate intimacy that developed between his companion and his wife and raised a protest on the same. The deceased's wife and his friend gave the deceased powdered glass and mercury. As a result of this, the deceased fell ill but recovered afterwards.

On the night of the occurrence, the accused left the house and after returning to the house murdered Ram Singh with a 'kirpan.' The accused and the woman removed blood-stains and burnt the 'charpai' of the deceased.

The accused then carried the dead body in a bundle to a river, but as a marriage party was proceeding on the way, he could not dispose it of there. He then went to Kunjwani Railway Station and left the dead body in a train. The railway authorities recovered the dead body at Kot Dayakishen railway station.

The body was identified and the woman in question confessed and became approver and related the story in the court.—United Press.

DRIVE AGAINST BOGUS ORPHANAGES

MULTAN, April 21.

A number of persons among whom are some managers of "orphanages" have been arrested and proceedings have been started against them. A number of small boys have given some revealing statements as to the methods employed by the accused in conducting the alleged bogus orphanages.

The cases are being heard by Lala Lakhshmi Das Vasishta, a magistrate of the First Class, who has been authorised by Government to hold court in any town he thinks necessary in connection with these cases.—A. P.

Poona Prepares For Coronation Celebrations

POONA, April 23.

An informal meeting of the prominent citizens of all communities was held last evening, Mr. T. M. Chaudhary, Deputy Collector, presiding to concert measures to celebrate the Coronation. An influential committee of twelve was appointed. It has also been decided to feed the poor and visit hospitals. Rs. 1,100 was collected at the meeting for the purpose and the Committee was authorised to collect more funds.

A meeting of the citizens of the Peace Committee was held last evening, the City Municipal President presiding when it was decided that members should exercise special vigilance in view of the approaching Hanuman Jayanti on 25th April.

It will be noted that the trustees of the Sonya Maruti Shrine near which is situated a mosque and where a Hindu-Muslim riot occurred last year have applied to Government for permission to have music on the occasion of Javanti.

The Committee decided to accept the Government decision on the matter wholeheartedly.

The Committee also passed a resolution requesting Government to release all those who were accused and convicted in last year's riot.—A. P.

Orissa Assembly Session

CUTTACK, April 22.

It is understood that the delay in summoning the first session of the Orissa Assembly is due to the fact that the Budget agenda is not yet ready. It is likely that the session will be held in the middle of July.

Meanwhile the Ministers are engaged busy in preparing various measures for relief of ryot and to consolidate the Land Laws of the Province.—A.P.

Another World Tourist!

CHITTAGONG: April 21.

Herr Heiaz Pappenberger, a German world tourist, has arrived at the Chittagong Port on a rubber boat called "The Pioneer". He was invited to the Chittagong Bar Library yesterday, where he narrated the experiences of his tour through different parts of the Globe, lasting about five years and seven months. He and five other youngmen, including his brother, who was lost 'en route', started on September 8, 1931.—United Press.

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COME AND PLAY BALL WITH US!
I CAN'T BE BOTHERED — I'M TOO TIRED.
HE'S SO LISTLESS AND EASILY TIRED AND HE WON'T EVEN PLAY!
WHY NOT HAVE A WORD WITH THE DOCTOR—PERHAPS HE CAN SUGGEST SOMETHING.
DON'T WORRY—HE'S GROWING QUICKLY & USING UP ENERGY FASTER THAN HE CAN REPLACE IT—SUFFERING FROM ENERVATION. PUT HIM ON TO HORLICK'S
AND SO EVERY NIGHT
LATER

CHILDREN OFTEN OVERTAX THEIR ENERGY RESERVES

IF a child is listless and tired it's so often because he's overtaxing his energy reserves—suffering from ENERVATION. You see, in addition to growing, children use up more energy for their size than grown-ups, just in playing and running about—no wonder the strain is sometimes too much for them.

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HORLICK'S BANISHES ENERVATION

TRADE AND FINANCE

Increased Demand For Call Funds

OPTIMISTIC FEELING IN SECURITIES

Small Turnover In Gold

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, April 23.

MONEY.

There was good demand for call funds throughout the period under report and the rate ranged between 1-1/2 to 2 per cent. The demand is partly in connection with the financing of large stocks of silver and partly for increased volume of trade. Treasury Bill maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore against an equal amount of renewals. The average rate of acceptance of tenders was Rs. 1-1-6 per cent. against Rs. 1-1-11 per cent. in the last week. There was the usual weekly quota through sales of sterling to Government, the amount this week being over Rs. 2-1/2 crores equivalent of 2 million sterling. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to two months 1-1/2 per cent., three months 1-3/4 per cent. and six months 1-3/4 to 2 per cent.

SECURITIES.

Under the influence of optimistic tone running through the Chancellor's speech on the British Budget, the gilt-edged market ruled firm. The price of 3-1/2 per cent. Government Paper improved by more than 2 per cent. to Rs. 95-5. 3-1/2 per cent. India sterling Stock advanced to £89-3/4. Other scrips in the local market all gained, but the demand for investment was lacking. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 Loan gained from Rs. 99-6 to Rs. 99-14. 3 per cent. 1941 Bonds improved from Rs. 102-10 to Rs. 102-14 and 1951-54 Loan from Rs. 101-3 to Rs. 101-6. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 Loan closed at Rs. 106. 4 per cent. 1943 Bonds changed hands at Rs. 107 and 1960-70 Loan at Rs. 110-14. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 Loan was placed at Rs. 117-10 and 5 per cent. 1939-44 Loan at Rs. 105-8. 6 per cent. 1940-43 Loan showed little change at Rs. 108-4 and 1945-50 tax-free Loan gained from Rs. 119 to Rs. 120-4. 5-1/2 per cent. 1938-40 Loan was unchanged at Rs. 105.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was quite steady during the week, but the volume of fresh business in connection with the export of gold was reduced and was largely for forward delivery. Merchandise export bills were also small. As a consequence tenders to Government were only about £7-1/2 million against over £55 million in the last week. Besides the 2 million sterling accepted by tender, Government also purchased on tap £105,000 at 1/6-5/32.

After being fairly stable in the early part, the dollar weakened in terms of sterling following heavy sales against continued gold shipment, and francs were also easier in sympathy. The London-New York cross rate advanced from 490.87 cents to 4.94 cents at the close. The London-Paris cross rate rose from 110.01 to 111.20. Other gold currencies moved in consonance. The Belga touched 29.23-3/4 and the Italian Lira 93.80. The Guilder rose from 8.96-7/8 to 9.02-1/8.

GOLD.

The turnover in the gold market was comparatively small during the period under report and prices tended to be easier towards the close following the strength of sterling. There was once again a scare in the London market on the possibilities of a change in the monetary policy of the United States, but all reports were categorically denied and confidence revived at the finish. The price of ready gold dropped from Rs. 34-15-6 to Rs. 34-12 and from Rs. 34-12-6 to Rs. 34-9-3 for June settlement but closed at Rs. 34-13-3 and Rs. 34-11 respectively. Export business was comparatively small and was largely for forward. Stocks of ready gold are not more than 40 to 50,000 tolas with the result that ready is quoted at a premium of about 3 annas over June-July settlement. Arrivals from up-country are estimated at about 10,000 tolas and the daily off-take at about 1,500 tolas. Last week's shipment of gold per s.s. "Ranchi" amounted to Rs. 49.68 lacs, sailing on 17th April. In London the quotation for gold declined from 141/6 to 140/7-1/2. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 206.820 in bar and coin. The highest and lowest rates were Rs. 34-15-8 and Rs. 34-12 for ready and May settlement and Rs. 34-12-6 and Rs. 34-9-3 for June settlement Sovereigns are quoted at Rs. 22-2-9 both for ready for forward.

SILVER.

The silver market was easier during the week with prices sagging under selling pressure and also due to approach of option settlements. Dealers who are generally long on the options were liquidating, causing the price of the metal to recede. The price of ready opened at Rs. 53-9 and after improving to Rs. 53-10 persistently declined to Rs. 52-9-6, but closed at Rs. 52-12. Stocks in the local market continue heavy at about 35,000 bars. The daily off-take has improved somewhat, averaging some 70 bars as against an average of 40 bars in the last week. The better off-take, it is reported is in connection with the marriage season. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 2,856 in coin. The quotation in London gradually declined from 20-13/16 to 20-5/16d. for ready and from 20-13/16 to 20-3/8d. for forward The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 53-10 and Rs. 52-9-6 for ready, Rs. 51-6 and Rs. 50-4-6 for May settlement and Rs. 53-14 and Rs. 52-13-6 for June settlement.

SHARES.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was once again erratic and the trend on the whole was downward. The fall in the prices of the base metals in the London Market as a result of "gold scare" was responsible for the nervous tone prevailing in the local market. There was an all round set back. Steels and cotton mills being the worst sufferers. Tata Iron and Steel Defds. declined by about Rs. 250 to Rs. 1,400, but improving to Rs. 1515 again sagged to 1430 at the close. Ordys. similarly dropped from Rs. 345 to Rs. 304, but closed at Rs 311. Among Cotton Mills Bombay Dyeings lost about Rs. 75 since last close to Rs. 891-4, Century's by about Rs. 20 to Rs. 201-4 and Kohinoors from Rs. 326-4 to Rs. 301-4. New Great receded from Rs. 242-8 to Rs. 218-2. Hydro Electric shares maintained steadiness, Andhra Valleys closing at Rs. 1667-8XD, Tata Power at Rs. 1485 XD and Tata Hydros at Rs. 179-11. Cement shares were easier during the week in absence of buying support. Bundi Cement after easing to Rs. 40-14 finished at Rs. 41-3. Indian Cements declined from Rs. 570 to Rs. 540, Katni Ordys. lost about Rs. 30 to Rs. 400 and Shahabad Cement from Rs. 542-8 to Rs. 516-4. In the miscellaneous section Belapur sugars declined from Rs. 183-12 to Rs. 176-4, Bombay Burmahs from Rs. 697-8 to Rs. 650. Scindia Steam shares were haevily marked down under selling pressure from Rs. 31-4 to Rs. 27-8. Bank share were steady on the whole. Imperial Bank (fully paid) closing at Rs. 1520, and Contributories at Rs. 375. Bank of India shares improved from Rs. 134 to Rs. 139 and Reserve Bank shares from Rs. 128 to Rs. 129-8. Central Bank shares were steady at about Rs. 34-8.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
May 180 July 185 October 191 at Cross Rate 4.93 25/32.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 233—Liverpool May 7.32 Rs. 85 3/4 at Exchange 1.6.
Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach J/A. 1937 239—Liverpool July 17.36 Rs 81 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.
Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 233—New York May 19.26 Rs. 65 1/2 at Cross Rate 4.93 25/32
Bombay—New York:—
Broach J/A. 1937 239—New York July 19.39 Rs. 69 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.93 25/32.

Produce Receipts

BBombay, April 23

Wheat	29,946	cwts
Linseed	19 237	cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	289	cwts.
Gingellyseed	828	cwts
Poppyseed	21	cwts.
Groundnuts	4.269	cwts
Castorseed	3,191	cwts
Rice	36,440	cwts
Myrabollams	2554	cwts.
Cottonseed	1,545	cwts
Gram	1,871	cwts
Joowar	2,578	cwts
Maize	164	cwts.
Bajree	1.521	cwts.
Indian sugar	1.714	cwts
Coal	1,442	tons.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Basis Likely To Remain Firm

Bombay, April 22

Messrs. P Chrystal and Co have issued the following report:—

Liquidation in the cotton market has been smaller during the week under review. Speculators in many cases have transferred their holdings to distant months which are ruling at discounts in Liverpool and foreign markets Trade demand appears to have been slack which is not surprising as spinners mostly must have secured their requirements for the remainder of the present cotton year. The statistical position of old crops must have been eased considerably by the large releases out of the Loan cotton..... ... ...

From now onward traders will be concerned more with new crops. The planting of the next American crop will soon be completed and weather conditions will become important. Acreage estimates vary between a 10 per cent and 15 per cent increase, the majority opinion leaning towards the higher figure. Acreage increases are being reported from other cotton growing countries American weather so far has been satisfactory and the sales of fertilizer are the largest in several years...

MILL CONSUMPTION

During recent years the consumption of cotton by the Mills of the World has been increasing steadily and there has been an appreciable decrease in the surplus, not only in gross quantity but particularly in ratio to consumption. This has caused a substantial advance in price. The present hesitant tone of the market is probably caused by the fear that the present increases in world cotton acreages may lead to an increase in the world supply in excess of any probable increase in consumption which after all at the present time is running at a level never before known in the cotton trade. We are of opinion clients should take advantage of any small advances in the near future to liquidate holdings as normally weather conditions are favourable during the months of May and June.

The local market has fluctuated within narrow limits. Much of the interest in the current April May Broach contract has been liquidated. Most of the tenderable cotton is being held for tender against the July August position unless in the meantime there should be more attractive trade demand for the cotton Most speculative trading is being transferred rapidly to next year's contract.

Our spot market recently has been much quieter than for a long time but the demand for good stapled varieties is still in excess of the supply. The basis remains very firm and is likely to continue to do so.

WEEKLY YARN MARKET

Bombay, April 21.

As a result of continued sharp decline in Cotton prices during the whole past week the Yarn Market has remained quiet an featureless and prices have not recorded any important change during the whole week. Turnover has been very restricted particularly in Indian yarns and enquiries have considerably fallen off during the last few days. The undertone however, has remained steady and with any upturn in Cotton prices, it is very likely that improvement in demand from consuming centres will be in evidence. Owing to uncertainty about the future course of the Cotton market and also due to continued sharp decline in almost all other commodities, it is but natural that buyers have been hesitating to make any fresh purchases and have been waiting for a better opportunity to secure their requirements at favourable prices. In case of foreign yarns, prices have continued to remain very steady in spite of the recent sharp fall in Cotton owing to limited stocks and smaller arrivals. On the whole the tendency of the market is still hopeful and if Cotton does not show any further decline prices are likely to remain steady at or about the present level.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Latest reports from Manchester go to show that prices continue to remain very firm and naturally in those circumstances fresh forward business seems to be out of question. Scarcity of several Manchester yarns is keenly felt in the local market but owing to very high replacing costs no fresh business is possible.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS

In spite of sharp decline in Cotton, prices in almost all kinds of Japanese and Shanghai yarns have remained very steady with a firm undertone mostly due to scarcity of goods and smaller arrivals by the incoming steamers. In case of Mercerised yarns, prices have improved to some extent mostly due to continued large purchases by some of the well-known Import Houses in the belief that the present prices are much below the Japanese parity. As regards single and twofold Cotton yarns, prices have remained firm with an upward tendency. In some cases a very great scarcity is felt and buyers have been obliged to pay much higher prices for their immediate requirements. Stocks in the local market are very limited and it is very likely that the prices might improve still further. Quotations received from Japanese and Shanghai Spinners are much too high to admit of any business of importance and naturally, therefore, fresh forward business is very limited. Sample has declined further in sympathy with Cotton whereas Exchange has remained very steady.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS.

There has been a further increase in prices to the extent of half an anna per lb. by the Italian Syndicate during the week. Arrivals from Italy are very small and mostly consist of unpopulardeniers and qualities. Prices of Japanese yarns have remained very steady during the week and turnover has continued to remain satisfactory. In case of Delustred yarns prices have remained firm with upward tendency owing to limited stocks and very distant shipments offered by the Japanese Spinners. It is reported from various consuming centres that the sales of Artificial Silk Cloth have been steadily improving and weavers have been inclined to take more and more to Art Silk weaving. It is very likely, therefore, that there will be further improvement in demand from the consuming districts in the course of the next few days. The Japanese Spinners have maintained their prices whereas the shipments offered are much too far. No fresh business of importance of forward delivery has taken place during the week. Arrivals by incoming steamers are not large and most of them have been going into consumption. The future tendency remains very hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS

In spite of recent sharp decline in Cotton prices some of our Mills have not lowered their quotations and do not show any eagerness to make sales at least so long as the markets remain unsettled. In the local market prices have remained nominally unchanged but the demand continues to remain unsatisfactory and stocks have been steadily increasing. The future tendency remains rather uncertain.

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Bombay, April 22

Receipts from 1st Sept 1936 to 15th April 1937		2,442,443
Same time previous season		2,138,572
Exports from 1st Sept 1936 to 15th April 1937	1936-37	1935-36
United Kingdom	59,340	82,202
Continent	281,363	276,583
China	10,100	68,337
Japan	1,054,145	783,155
Coast Ports	20,186	21,521
U. S. A.	5,535	1,906
Total	1,430,674	1,233,704
Total exports by rail from 1st Sept 1936 to 15th April 1937		185,692
Estimated Mill consumption from 1st Sept 1936 to 15th April 1937		460,127
Same period last year		512,005
Estimated Stock of raw cotton held by exporters, Dealers and other Mills in Bombay on 15th April 1937		1,167,104
Same time previous season		819,374

Cawnpore Sugar Quotations

Cawnpore, April

Ryam	6 8
Champaran	6 8
Samastipur	6 8
Japahs	6 7
Lohat Siding	6 6
Motihari	6 6
Chanpatiya	6 4
Narkatiya	6 5
Marhowrah	6 9
Pachrukhi	6 12
Pertabpur	6 6
New Savan	6 6
Gaureepur	6 5
Sarayan	6 6
Sasamosa	6 3
Ghughly	6 3
Pharenda	6 5
Walterganj	6 4
Munderwa 5	6 4
Basti	6 9
Ram Kola	6 3
Ramkhetan	6 3
Luxmiganj	6 3
Padrauna	6 3
Pipraich	6 2
Diamond	6 3
Siswa Bazar	6 1
Nawabganj	6 5
Pursa	6 3
Sidholia	6 4
Majholia	6 5
Bhatni	6 4
Savan (Indian)	6 3
Bhavnan	6 6
Burwal	6 10
Jarwal Road	6 7
Lucknow	6 3
Balrampur	6 6
Khadda	6 2
Reega	6 4
Barhani	6 7
Biswan	6 4
Sakhari	6 8
Semapur	6 13
Motipore	6 11
Khatkuiyan	6 3
Sitapur	6 8
Captainganj	6 5
Hathua	6 3
Sagauli	6 5
Baitalpur	6 5
Jhusi	6 13
Chitauni	6 2
Hasanpore	6 9
Tamkohi	6 3
Harkua	6 3
Seohara	6 11
Behta	6 9
Dehri	6 15
Simbhaoli	6 15
Rampur	7 2
Pilibhit	6 8
Bareilly	6 12
Maholi	6 8
Rosa	6 9
Gola	6 8
Hargaon	6 8
Baheri	6 15
Naoly	6 12
Begamabad	6 8
Cawnpore	6 7
Gootaiya	6 7
Juggilal	6 3

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 22-4-37	6404000	6678000
Receipts yesterday 22-4-37	6000	9000
Exports to date 22-4-37	4990000	5330000
Stock at Ports 16-4-37	1693000	1853000
Stock at Interior Towns 16-4-37	1437000	1943000
Stock at Liverpool 16-4-37	994000	724000
Visible Supply 16-4-37	4748000	5179000
Quantity in sight 16-4-37	12039000	11446000
Quantity out of sight 16-4-37	10543000	93730000

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES LTD.

Messrs Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for the Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

16th Week (ended 22nd April)	
1935	10,578,200
1936	11,254,600
1937	12,324,200
Total for 16 Weeks (1st January to date)—	
1935	172,930,600
1936	178,705,900
1937	188,397,600

Withdraw India Act

British United Front Demand

"Let Elected Constituent Assembly Determine India's Future"

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON, (By Mail)

Two great London meeting-places—Kingsway Hall and Friends' House—were thronged last night with audiences which received with enthusiasm the Unity message delivered by the leaders by the United Front campaign, (Sir Stafford Cripps, Mr. Fenner Broackway and Mr Harry Pollitt) which has aroused the country.

At both these meetings which were held at a simultaneous hour there was considerable time devoted to discussion of the Indian situation. At one meeting, Mr. George Strauss, M.P. (who was only recently deprived by Mr. Herbert Morrison of his important office in the L.C.C. for his part in the Unity campaign) and at the other meeting, Mr. S. Mellor. editor of the "Tribune" (former editor of the "Daily Herald") presided. At both the meetings, a resolution on India was moved from the chair, which the audiences carried amidst tremendous cheering. There were special cheers for Jawaharlal Nehru to whom all the speakers paid glowing tribute for his statesmanship in conducting the struggle in India.

SUPPORT TO CONGRESS.

The resolution that was passed unanimously reads thus:

This meeting sends fraternal greetings to the Indian National Congress and its President Jahawarlal Nehru. Congratulates them on their magnificient fight against British autocracy and against the imposed constitution: endorses the refusal to take office and calls upon the British Labour Movement to do all in its power to secure the withdrawal of the 1935 Act so that a Constituent Assembly freely elected by the Indian people may determine the future of India.

This meeting declares its support for the struggle of the Indian and Colonial people against Imperialism; that it is with them in their fight for free speech, a free press, free meeting and organisation, with them in the fight for their immediate demands in the struggle to alleviate their position of economic and social servitude.

This meeting protests against the arrest of Comrade Jaiprakash Narayan, the General Secretary of the Indian Socialist Party, and of other comrades in connection with the demonstration of April 1st and calls upon the Labour Party in Parliament and the movement generally to take steps to secure their release.

The Indian students in London observed Hartal on 1st April by holding a public meeting that night in Gower Street. A number of students congratulated the Congress leadership and criticised the British Government and the British Press for the deliberate misrepresentation of Indian position, as represented by the Congress Apart from passing a resolution congratulating the Congress on its courageous stand in the recent "constitutional" crisis the meeting recorded its opinion on the recent editorial on India of the "Daily Herald".

The resolution was passed unanimously. It reads thus:—

This meeting denounces the perverse attitude of the British Press as manifested by its systematic effort to mislead British public on the question of Indian National political issues.

Meanwhile five Indian doctors in London, (Dr. C. L. Katial, former Deputy-Mayor of Finsbury, Dr. Pratil Bhandari, President of the Associated Hindu Association of Europe Limited, Dr. Sakir Mahmoodi, a prominent member of the Muslim Society of Great Britain, Dr. D. N. Dutt and Dr. A. Nanda, son-in-law of Sir Hari Sing Gour) have issued a statement on the Indian situation. They say:

The much vaunted Government of India Act of 1935 has come to a critical stage of development—the inauguration of provincial "autonomy". The uniform rejection by the Governors of the modest demand of the Indian National Congress, which has been misrepresented in this country, leaves the British Government to face a charge of perpetrating on India a measure of autonomy which they never intended should operate.

The British Government cannot surely be accused of bungling on an issue of first rate importance. If a catastrophe is to be avoided the moment demands that the Secretary of State for India should intervene and advise the Governors, through His Excellency the Marquis of Linlithgow, that there is nothing improper or impolitic in a Govenor re-assuring his Prime Minister on such a point and thus meeting the elementary demand of the Indian people

But Dr. M. Atal, the eminent Allahabad doctor, who has just returned from an extensive tour of the U.S.S.R. and other European capitals, declared in the course of an interview: 'Nothing has so well brought out the sham and hollowness of the contention that these much advertised reforms have conferred Provincial Autonomy as the refusal of the Governors to give an understanding that they would not interfere with the Ministers so long and so far as they acted constitutionally. What would you think of a landlord who, on being asked by his would-be tenant to give him an undertaking that he will really and truly carry out his promises relating to the letting of his house refuses to do so? The irritation of our rulers at the non-acceptance of office by the Congressmen is due to the fact that they have not been obliging enough to walk into the proverbial parlour so artfully prepared by them.

Dr. Atal leaves London next week for Italy where he will take board "Conte Verde" "en-route" to Bombay. He is expected in Bombay about the end of this month.

A British Commander's Support To Congress

LT. COM. EDGAR P. YOUNG'S LETTERS TO BRITISH PRESS

(From Our Own Correspondent).
LONDON, (By Mail)

Lieutenant-Commander Edgar P. Young, R. N. (retired) has addressed a series of letters to the British newspapers, on the Indian situation created by the refusal of the Governors to give assurances to the Congress leaders that Reserve powers would not be used.

Writing to the "Manchester Guardian," the Commander says:—"Is it not time that the people of British drew their heads of the sand and faced up to the fact that on April 1st they will be faced with a first-class crisis, affecting them, no less than the 350 millions who inhabit India?" The recent elections in India, contends Commander Young, may be considered as a plebiscite held among its varied and numerous peoples as to whether they do or do not, approve of the Constitution which the British Government wishes to impose on them. The overwhelming victory of the Congress is surely sufficient indication that the majority of them do not approve of that Constitution. The perfectly logical refusal of Congress to form Government in the six Indian provinces where it has a majority presents us all with a question to which we can no longer refuses a definite answer. Do we or do we not, propose to apply to the vast areas of the world over which we have control the principles of national independence and self-determination which we advocate elsewhere? There can be no dodging the issue, for if we refuse to recognise the verdict of the polls, we must logically approve the adoption by the Provincial Governors concerned of autocratic methods of government and the use of armed force, if necessary (or rather if those Governors think it necessary), against those who will not submit to them."

"As far as the Labour Movement is concerned" says the Commander, "the answer to this question should be obvious, for it is bound by its Conference decision of 1933, re-affirmed by the late Mr. Arthur Henderson at the Party Conference of 1934, as follows: "The Conference reaffirms the policy of self-determination and self-government of India accepted at previous party conference and declares that the Party, whether in Opposition or in Office, will continue to do its utmost to promote the work of constitution-making on a basis of equality with, the consultation and conference, with all sections of the Indian people until the Indian peoples enjoy a form of Government in harmony with their national aspirations." It will be recalled, moreover, that the four Labour members of the Joint Committee on Indian Constitutional Reforms voted against the Report of that Committee on November, 1934, and submitted an alternative draft report setting out their objections to the majority report and outlining their proposals for Indian constitutional reforms. The fact that the policy of uncompromising opposition to the new constitution has the inspiring support of Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Socialist president of the Congress, should make it certain that British socialists can do no less."

Democracy has certain rights and privileges of which it is rightly jealous, adds Commander Young. It has also, however, certain responsibilities. If British democracy remains much longer neglectful of the last, it will soon find itself robbed of the former. Surely now is the time to adopt a policy of honesty and commonsense with regard to India and to our other Imperial problems. "Rome fell," wrote Mr. Bernard Shaw in the prologue to "Caesar and Cleopatra," "because her people became too small for the Empire; beware lest ye too, by your negligence and self-satisfaction, bring down upon your Empire a just punishment for your sins."

After drawing attention of the editor of the "Daily Herald" to the Labour Party's resolution on India, Commander Young says: "Seeing that what is virtually a plebiscite of the Indian people has supported Congress in opposition to a Constitution which was disapproved by the four Labour members of the Joint Committee, I am not little shocked to see our 'Daily Herald' in its leading article of today, expressing "disappointment" at the refusal of Congress to form Governments in the six Indian provinces where it has a majority."

The Commander concludes his letter to the "Daily Herald" by expressing the hope "that when the crisis comes to a head, on April, 1st, we shall not find you advising the Labour Movement to be disloyal to a conference decision but loyal rather to the "National" Government which "must go on."

In a letter addressed to the "Times" Commander Young writes:

"When you wrote in your leading article "Shirking Responsibility" on March 29 that Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru and those of like mind have never disguised their intention of ending rather than amending the new India Constitution" you must surely have intended your readers to think that the Congress Party are in a position to choose between these alternatives. You must know that unless, and until, this new Indian Constitution is ended it will be impossible for Nehru, or anyone else in India, to amend it.

"The Congress Party have consistently declared from the outset that the Constitution would not satisfy the demands of the Indian people; it fought the election on that issue and it obtained a majority in six provinces. It can hardly be termed "shirking responsibility" if the Party now proposes to abide by the plebiscite wherever it has decided to reject the Constitution in favour of one framed by a Constitution Assembly and based on the sovereignty of the people of India. After all, any healthy democracy should demand loyalty to election pledges.

"As for the Congress Party's policy being one, as you write, "of more negation," it is necessary only to read the speeches of Nehru to realise how very positive it is—is it not that fact, indeed, which causes so much consternation in certain quarters of Britain?

"To suggest, moreover, that in this country no substantial body of opinion is likely to support that policy implies an assumption, for which I can find no grounds, that the Labour Movement does not consider itself bound by its Conference decision of 1933—reaffirmed by the late Mr. Arthur Henderson at the Party Conference of 1934, which runs as follows: "The conference reaffirms the policy of self-determination and self-government for India accepted at previous party conference and declares that the party, whether in Opposition or in Office, will continue to do its utmost to promote the work of Constitution-making on a basis of equality with, and in consultation and conference with, all sections of the Indian people until the Indian peoples enjoy a form of Government in harmony with their national aspirations." The fact that the Socialist President of the Congress allows no threats or flattery to shake his uncompromising opposition to a Constitution in the framing of which the people of India have had no say or part will doubtless inspire British socialists to do no less."

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 7 POINTS DOWN

Gold Firm But Silver And Other Commodities Easy

BOMBAY, April 23

On Friday cross rates ruled steady.

NEW YORK COTTON EASY

New York cotton was easy on lack of support and poor textile demand.

SILVER DULL

London gold was firm but silver was dull.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat was easy on general liquidation. Base metals were also easy on profit taking.

SECURITIES QUIET BUT STEADY

The London Stock Exchange at first displayed some activity but later became quieter in absence of better demand. Giltedged securities kept quiet but steady.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, April 23

Previous closing	13.26
To-day's opening	13.19
Diefference	—08
To-day's closing	13.19
Difference	—0.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, April 23

Previous closing	7.39
To-day's opening	
Difference	
To-day's closing	7.26
Difference	—13

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 231 3
July August	Rs. 237-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 23

Cotton was somewhat depressed as a result of the Secretary of Agricultures' statement with regard to the possibility of the abandonment of the production control while less buoyancy of textiles further checked buying.

Trading in May commenced at 13.18 i.e. 8 points lower than previous closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and some local and foreign selling with May liquidation but thereafter the market steadied although no important demand was noticeable.

New York cotton finally closed at 13.19 with a decline of 7 points for May delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 23

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (13.48/13.48) 13.18/13.17
July (13.48/13.47) 13.21/13.19
October (13.23/13.21) 12.94/12.94

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 23

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.37) 7.29
American July (7.42) 7.33
Egyptian March (11.35) 11.25
Egyptian May (11.45) 11.35

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 23

Broach cotton for July August moved between Rs. 237-12 and Rs. 236-14 at night. The rate at 10 p.m. closed at Rs. 237-8. Broach April May was Rs. 5 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 23

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Indian Pekoe nigher (1-6 1/2) 1-6 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/2) 1-1 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3

JUTE

New Crop April May (£21 1/8 paid and buyers) £21 5/16 sellers
Dunlop May (£25 sellers) £25 sellers
Lightning May (£23 sellers) £23 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (11 5/16 value) 11 buyers
Forward July September (11 9/16 paid and value) 11 5/16 paid and value

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers
Linseed Calcuta April May (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata April May (£13 3/16 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£15 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 23

Liverpool wheat weak with May at 115 and July at 112. Prices declined on general liquidation influenced by lower outside cables and lack of support but subsequently the market reacted on reports that Germany was enquiring for Karachi wheat with fairly good business passing.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 23

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.17 1/2. Prices eased on scattered commission house selling and liquidation influenced by lower outside [illegible]

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 23

Previous closing	4 93 25/32
To-day's opening	4.93 9/16
To-day's closing	4.93 1/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 23

Previous closing	4.94
To-day's opening	4.93.56
To-day's closing	4.93.12

FRANC RATE

London, April 23

Previous closing	111.41
To-day's opening	111.31
To-day's closing	111.15

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 23

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.93.78 and then eased to 4.93.56 on lack of support.

The srteling dollar cross rate closed at 4.93 1/16

Franc opened at 111.31 and then advanced to 111.18 on better demand with a steady tone.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 111.15

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.404) 8.395
New York on Bombay (37.30) 37.36
London on Milan (93.37) 93.80
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/2) 0 92 3/4
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1 2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-3

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£269 1/4 buyers £269 1/2 sellers. Steady) £259 1/2 buyers £261 1/2 sellers. Weak.
Lead (£22 7/8 buyers £23 sellers. Weak) unquoted
Electrolytic Copper (£64 to £66) £65 to £66 1/2
Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 23

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"Market dull on poor support. India bought at the decline."

LONDON SILVER

	London, April 23 Previous closing Prices.	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 5/16d.	20 3/16d.
Forward	20 3/8d.	20 1/4d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 23

Gold Bars Fine per ounce £7-0-7 1/2) £7-0-8 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 23

Silver ready	52 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	50 7 3
Silver 2nd settlement	52 15 3
Gold ready	34 14 6
Gold 1st settlement	34 14 3
Gold 2nd settlement	34 11 9
Sovereign	22 3 3

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 23

Liverpool wheat May closed at 112 3/4 as against the previous closing at 117 3/4

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 23

Wheat May	5 11 4
Wheat September	5 11 3
Linseed May	7 15 6
Linseed September	8 4 3

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

Bombay, April 23

The market was closed to-day.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 23

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper closed at 1 p.m. at Rs. 95-2-6

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	95	3	6
Highest	95	3	0
Lowest	95	1	0
Closing	95	2	

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 23

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £90 3/4 as against the previous closing at £89 3/4

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 23 2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £98
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£90) £90
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114) £114
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109) £109

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 5/8) £77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 3/4) £102 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 3/4
5 per cent Funding Loan (£111 1/2) £111 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 3/8) £103 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 1/4) £110 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 23 2-30 p.m.

Markets generally after being steady to firm were rather undecided owing to the lack of fresh support but giltedgeds and kaffirs were firmer.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-1 1/2) 16-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 80-10 1/2
Hydro Electric (£9 3/4) £9 3/4
Musical Industries (22-0) 22-0
Princhin Johnson (46-6) 46-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (39-0) 39-0
Woolworth Ordinary (76-3) 76-10 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£95 1/2) £94 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (33-6) 33-6
Unilever Ordinary (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Ford Motors (30-0) 30-0
Cables and Wireless (£7) £6 3/4
British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3
Carreas A (£8 1/4) £8 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (153-1 1/2) 153-1 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (34-0) 34-4 1/2
Distillers (112 1/2) 111 1/2
Bredfords Dyers (£10) £10
British Celanese (£9 £9
J and P Coates Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (33-0) 33-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-6) 12-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (30-6) 30-6
Inter Nickels (64-10 1/2) 64-1 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (71-6) 72-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0) 20-0
Donaro Tea (51-3) 51-3
Empire of India (32-6) 31-3

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (42-10 1/2) 42-6
Gula Kelampong (55-0) 55-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (41 9) 41-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11) £11

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 55-0
Burma Corporation (17-9) 17-9
Rio Tintos (£23) £22 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (70-0) 71-9
Rand Mines (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£13 1/2) £13 1/2
Gedule New (£9 1/8) £9 1/8
New Modders (£30) £30
Sub Nigel (£11) £11
Spring Mines Split Shares (33-9) 35-0
Union Corporation (£9 £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£53 3/4) £53 3/4
Anglo Iranian (113-9) 113-9
Burma Oil (108 1/8) 108 1/8
Musical Eagle (23-6) 23-6
Shell Transport (108-1 1/2) 107-6
Royal Dutch (£46 3/4) £46 3/4

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£59 1/2) £59 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£30 1/8) £30 1/8
L N E R Defd (£5) £4 3/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£24) £24
London Paris 5 per cent (£122 3/4) £127
London Transport 'C' Stock (£87) £87 5/8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 23

The following were to-day's opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 51 1/8) dol 59 7/8
N Y Copper Mining (dol 56 1/8) dol 57 1/4
U S Steel Common dol 116 1/8) do 113 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 145 1/4) unquoted

BETTER SENTIMENT IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Giltedged Securities Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 23

On the Stock Exchange the Chancellor's promise to enquire into possible inequalities in the national defence contribution scheme imparted a better sentiment, but the reluctance of dealers to extend commitments prior to the week end resulted in quiet markets. Giltedged securities and homerails finished firm.

In commodities wheat dropped sharply owing to more favourable reports of the north American crop. Cotton eased in sympathy with New York. Rubber and basemetals were also down.

Wall Street opened irregularly lower.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, April 23

Although the undertone continued to be steady, business in jutes was very much restricted. Howrahs were nominally quoted round 57 in the early part, but towards close were easier and closed round 45/8. In coals moderate business was put through. Teas were neglected. Speculative shares in miscellaneous opened firm, but eased off slightly, others remaining more or less unchanged. Government securities maintained better. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: Three per cent loan 1951/54 101/3; three and half per cent G P 95/4 small lots; three and half per cent loan 1947/50 106/8; four per cent loan 1960/70 110/12; five per cent loan 1945/55 120/6; five and half per cent loan 1938/40 104/14

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan ordy 82; Howrah Amta 117 small lot

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur 17/4; Kesoram 7

Coals: Amalgamated 27/8; Bengal 332, Bokaro and Ramgur 18; Burrakur 18/4; Churulia 20/10; Deoli 7/4; East Indian 20/8; Mundulpore 7; New Manbhoom 45/8 small lots; Raneegunge 38/8; Standard 36/4; Union 18/4; Equitable 36/4 small odd lot; New Beerbhoom 15/7; Samla 2/15; Talcher 2/6

Jutes: Agarpara 21/8; Barnagore 149; Champdany 162 small lot; Dalhousie 325; Hukumchand pref 108; Howran 55/8; Lansdowne 170 small lot; Nuddea 50/12; Auckland 184; Bally 179 small lots; Clive 27/4; India 360; Northbrook 42/8.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 12/8; Consolidated Tin 7/8; Indian Copper 3/12; Rhodesia Copper 5/2; Tavoy Tin 4/4; Bengal Telephone ordy 20/15; Patna Electric 18/5; Rawalpindi Electric 25/12; small lots; Shahjahanpur Electric 10/4; Burn and Co ordy 325; Hukumchand Electric 10/10; Indian Steels and Wire Products defd 500; Indian Iron and Steel 47; Saran Engineering 9/12. Bararee Coke 18/4; British India Corporation 3/15; Dunlop Rubber ordy 22; do second pref 102/8; Macfarlane defd 3; British Burma Petrol 6/4, Moola Oil 2/3; Bengal Paper ordy 103; India paper pulp 168.

Debentures: Three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 100/7 small lot—A. P.

POSITION OF BANKS

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India Act, as at the close of business on Friday, the 16th April 1937.

	Bombay, April 23
(i) Demand Liabilities—	
(a) In India	192,58,10,000
(b) In Burma	5 55,79,000
(ii) Time Liabilities—	
(a) In India	100,49,43,000
(b) In Burma	5 16,73,000
(iii) Cash—	
(1) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank notes—	
(a) In India	5,04,42,000
(b) In Burma	10,21,000
(2) Burma notes—	
(a) In India	—
(b) In Burma	25,31,000
(3) Rupee Coin—	
(a) In India	43,87,000
(b) In Burma	1,02,000
(4) Subsidiary Coin—	
(a) In India	19,11,000
(b) In Burma	50,000
(iv) Balance with the Reserve Bank	24,87,40,000
(v) Advances—	
(a) In India	17,46,75,000
(b) In Burma	6,86,86,000
(vi) Bills discounted—	
(a) In India	7,91,42,000
(b) In Burma	42,31,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of April 23

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .017 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.6 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.2 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.8 degrees 1.9 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 79.8 degrees 3.1 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 77 per cent

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED APRIL 23

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-466 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.81 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

BHAGVAD GEETA PATHSHALA

Shastree Vaijnath Laxman Athavale will conduct public classes at Madhav Baug Bhagvad Geeta Pathshala Upper Hall on Sunday the 25th instant from 8-45 to 10 a.m. (B.T.) on 'Upanishads'

IMPROVEMENTS COMMITTEE

There will be no meeting of the Improvements Committee on Tuesday the 27th April 1937.

AN INDIAN DOCTOR IN SPAIN

(From Our Correspondent).

PARIS, April 16.

(By Air Mail).

"Arriving Paris to-night. Leaving to-morrow for Spain."

This unexpected and laconic tele-gram informed us of Dr. Atal's presence in Paris.

Last year, we had met him at Mrs. Nehru's bedside, where he proved to be not only a most able doctor, but that untiringly devoted and ever-smiling friend who knows how to surround a patient with an atmosphere of confidence and cheerfulness.

To-day, as he greeted us on the Place de l'Opera, he hardly looked his former self, in a somewhat severe Khaki uniform. But the kind, bright smile was there; and while rushing from the Spanish Embassy to the Red-Cross Office, or from the hotel to the station, we managed to have a little chat.

"Well," said Dr. Atal, "I was just on the point of sailing back to India, when I learnt how much the Spanish people were in need of medical aid, and I thought I should like to do my bit. We are always talking of our sympathy for Spain, but, more often than not, this remains platonic.

"I do not think I could fight: the idea of killing somebody is repellent to me;—but I can nurse and cure.

"So, I postponed my return to India and joined the Spanish Medical Aid Society, an international organisation with branches in Paris and London. And here I am, going to-night already, hoping to do some useful work wherever I am sent."

Simple, unostentatious words: but spoken with the ring of genuine enthusiasm and sincerity, with that determination which leads to brave and concrete achievements.

And while we stood on the platform, waving good-bye to the train bound for the Spanish front, we rejoiced at the thought that India's sympathy for Spain had found such a true messenger.

BOMBAY COCHINITES TO MEET.

A mass meeting of all Cochinites residing in the City of Bombay and Suburbs irrespective of caste, creed, colour, community or sex will be held on Sunday, at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the K. P. Hall, 10th Road, Khar, to protest against the proclamation of the Cochin Durbar regarding Temple Entry question. All Cochinites residing in the City of Bombay and Suburbs are earnestly requested to attend without fail. Mr. K. G. Menon, M.A., Ph.D., the Organising Secretary of the Civil Liberties Union, Bombay, will preside.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY.

The Second Annual General Meeting of the Social Workers' Society will be held on Sunday at the Hall of the Adult Education Association, 6, Ravelin Street, Fort, and the Social Gathering of the Society will be on the same day at 6 p.m.

"AT HOME TO PATILS.

Friends, office Staff and the Agents of the Great Social Life and General Assurance Ltd. gave a tea party to Rto Sahib P. I. Patil, the Managing Agents and V. H. Patil, one of the directors of the above company at 9 a.m. on Friday on the eve of their departure to England in the premises of the Branch office, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Mr. G. A. Godambe. B.A., LL.B., presided.

Mr. B. J. Chaudhari, the Branch Manager of the Company spoke a few words in Marathi wishing Rao Sahib and Mr. V. H. Patil bon voyage and safe return from England, and assured them that the insurance work would be carried with greater zeal in their absence.

PROF. RANADE'S CONCERT

Professor Ranade of the Shastriya Ganesh Sangit Shala of Dadar, with his party, will give a musical performance at the Ramkrishna Mission Library Khar, on Sunday at 6 p.m.

TO CONGRATULATE DR. DHRUVA

A public meeting has been convened, under the auspices of Forbes Gujarati Sabha (365, Sabha Mandir, Vithalbhai Road, Bombay 4) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday to congratulate Acharya Anandshanker B. Dhruva for getting a Degree of Doctor of Letters from the Benares Hindu University.

KANARA BROTHERHOOD

An extraordinary general meeting of the Kanara Brotherhood, Bombay, will be held in the offices of the Brotherhood, 302B, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon, on Sunday the 25th at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

MALARIA PARASITES

The following is a list of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito was detected breeding during the week ending 17th April:—

Nesbit Road Low Level Nos. 2-4 (Well)
Sewri Station Road No. 138 (Ranjitsingh's quarry works) (Quarry Holes).

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 23

Scindia Steam ss Silkworth of 2961 reg tons Captain J S Gemmell arrived from Bassen via Rangoon and Colombo with cargo of rice

Volkart Bros ss Silvery of 2626 reg tons Captain W H Miller arrived from Colombo with general cargo

B I S N ss Vita of 1955 reg tons Captain F Harrison arrived from Karachi via Cutch Mandvi Port Okha and Porebunder with passengers and general and specie cargo

B I S N ss Naringa of 4118 reg tons Captain C P Parkes arrived from Bassein via Rangoon Colombo Tuticorin Cochin Calicut Badagra Tellicherry and Cannanore with passenger rice and general cargo

DEPARTURES

L Edwards ss Wolfsburg of 2026 reg tons Captain K Bohland sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo

B I S N ss Surada of 3382 reg tons Captain D A Bell sailed for Karachi via Bhavnagar and Kathiawar Coast Ports with local and same bottom cargo

LOADING

The following steamers booked for loading on 23-4-37

S S Celebes Maru (O S K) for Karachi Khoramshahr Basrah Baghdad Singapore and China Japan Ports

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, April 23

ALEXANDRA DOCK

3 Toyama Maru 4386 Karachi 27-4 N Y K
5 Silvery 2626 Karachi 24-4 Volkart Bros
7 City of Hongkong 6071 Karachi 24-4 K Nixon
8 Yoshida Maru 3386 Kundia 22-4 N Y K
9 Silksworth 2961 Bassein 27-4 Scindia S N
13 Takliwa 3742 Durban 28-4 M M
16 Strathmore 14144 London 24-4 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 24-4 M M
15 Hashemi 298 Malabar Coast 24-4 S Hassum

PRINCES DOCK

4 Pashe 3196 Rangoon 24-4 T Morrison
H Lalita 283 M Coast 24-4 Malabar Steamship
N/O Alipore 2241 N E N E M M (P & O)

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Corfu 29-4-37 P and O
Chitral 6-5-37 P and O
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Bangalore 25-4 M M
Viceroy of India 13-5 P and O
Malola 20-5 P and O
Lahore 4-5-37 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

Heslone 1-5-37 J Finlay
City of Melbourne 4-5-37 K Nixon
Tarantia 8-5-37 Grahams Trading Co

FROM HULL

Kabinga 20-4-37 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Trenenfels 20-4 L Edwards
Kuhfels 4-5-37 L Edwards

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancamano 28-4-37 L Triestino
Monte Piano 18-4-37 L Triestino

FROM NEW YORK

City of Auckland 3-5-37 E E Campbell
Steel Ranger 3-5-37 M M

FROM DURBAN

Kenya 1-5-37 M M

FROM OSLO

Tungsha 23-4 L Edwards

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Celebes Maru 29-4-37 O S K
Alipore 20-4-37 P and O
Kurohime Maru 29-4-37 O S K
Kidderpore 20-4 P and O
Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino
Fukuyo Maru 26-4 O S K
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K
Hayahashi Maru 18-5-37 N Y K
Montai Maru 10-5-37 N Y K

FROM SYDNEY

Comorin 24-4 P and O
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O

FROM BASRA

Varsowa 24-4 M M
Varela 1-5-37 M M
Chantala 29-4-37 M M
Bankura 8-5-37 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Jehangir 29-4-37 Turner Morrison

FROM KARACHI

Yoshida Maru 30-4-37 N Y K

FROM RANGOON

Hatarana 26-4-37 M M
Gamaria 27-4-37 M M
Gambada 30-4-37 M M
Gandara 26-4-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalapadma 24-4-37 S S N

FROM CALCUTTA

Ormara 28-4-37 M M
Barala 2-5-37 M M
Vasna 8-5-37 M M

FROM AKYAB

Howra 30-4-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 15-5-37 P and O
Strathmore 24-3-37 P & O
Comorin 24-3-37 P & O
Kaiser-i-Hind 1-5/37 P and O
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Venice 19-4-37 Killick

FOR SYDNEY

Chitral 6-5-37 P and O

FOR HAMBURG

Trentenfels 22-4-37 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 27-4-37 L Triestino

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 30-4-337 E E Campbell
City of Rangoon 24-4 E E Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Tatjin Maru 23-4-37 O S K
Borneo Maru 10-4-37 O S K
Conte Biancamano 28-4 L Triestino
Bangalore 27-4-37 P and O
Corfu 29-4-37 P and O
Yoshida Maru 7-5-37 N Y K
Tango Maru 15-5-37 N Y K

FOR BASRA

Vasna 22-4-37 M M
Barpeta 28-4-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Kenya 12-5-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 24-4-37 M M
Wolfsburg 23-4-37 L Edwards
Toyama Maru 24-4-37 N Y K
Yoshida Maru No. 1 21-4-37 N Y K

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Taigin Maru 21-4-37
S S Toyama Maru 21-4-37
S S Shwedagon 21-4-37
S S Wolfsburg 21-4-37
S S Atlanta City (boats American cotton) 22-4-37
S S Yoshida Maru (boats American cotton) 22-4-37
S S Bamora (boats) 22-4-37
S S Vita 23-4-37
S S Bhadravati 22-4-37
S S Dayavati 23-4-37

EXPORTS

S S Strathmore for London: 36 bundles lambskin with fur I F Levy; 32 bales lamb skin for fur H A Aminoff, 12 cases bristles D Abraham; 570 bags groundnut oil cake H Maganlal; 36 bales lamb skins Cox and Kings

S S Bangalore for Nagoya: 100 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros

For Yokohama: 100 bales cotton raw Langley

For Kobe: 50 bales cotton raw N Nagashi; 100 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 100 bales cotton raw Kotak; 150 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading. 100 bales cotton raw M Amersey; 100 bales cotton raw A Khimji; 100 bales cotton raw A Podar

For Nagasaki: 100 bales cotton raw N Nagashi

S S Kaiser-i-Hind for London: 25 cases condiments Poonjiaji; 113 bags gum N Muljee; 15 bags bees wax Blackwood Bryson

For Marseilles: 16 bags bees wax Amin and Sons

S S City of Hongkong for Dunkerk: 38 bales hemp raw T Dawoodbhai

S S Silvery for New York: 383 bags gum B Jaffer; 60 bales cotton hosiery cuttings Patel Co; 40 coils manilla rope Patel Co

For Philadelphia: 27 bales wool raw C Lister; 16 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham; 180 casks w/s goat skins D Abraham

For Baltimore: 100 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas

S S City of Rangoon for Philadelphia: 40 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham

S S Toyoma Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw H Nensey; 40 tons iron scrap A Popatlal

For Nagoya: 100 bales cotton raw K K Kaisha

For Osaka: 200 bales cotton raw K K Kaisha; 60 tons iron scrap A Popatlal.

IMPORTS

S S Daimichi Maru Agents M B Kacha and Co from Nagoya: 155 bales cotton p goods; 416 cases rayon yarn; 338 cases porcelainware; 15 cases glassware; 120 cases white tiles; 18 cases majohica tiles; 39 cases wall clocks; 91 cases glazed earthen tiles; 20 cases earthenware

From Osaka: 119 bales cotton p goods, 303 cases rayon yarn; 50 cases satin cloth plain; 43 cases rayon and cotton mixture satin cloth; 86 cases printed rayon flat crape; 15 cases printed rayon georgette; 650 bags sulpher; 33 drums zinc chloride; 22 packages mosquito oil; 20 drums bichromats of soda; 155 cases bicycle parts; 625 cts glvd iron sheets; 100 coils glvd iron wire; 105 cases hardware; 14 cases chest woods; 570 kegs white zinc paint; 41 cases porcelain ware; 24 rolls plywood; 69 cases confectionery; 440 packages glassware; 28 cases cotton hosiery shirts; 20 cases pocket mirror; 40 cases ink; 48 bales porcelain broken tiles; 16 jottas clocks; 600 bags stearine acid; 700 bags double super phosphate; 500 bags super phosphate; 160 barrels coal pitch; 75 cases copper wire; 140 cases hardened fis hoil; 17 cases white cotton shirting; 100 cases copper circle; 28 cases brass rod; 127 coils glvd iron flexible wire rope; 120 bales straw board; 24 cases celluloid sheets; 15 cases rubber hand cloth; 50 bags dextrine; 25 cases playing cards; 25 cases arsenious; 100 drums Johns acetic acid; 100 cts hydrogen peroxide; 411 bales grey cotton shirting; 100 cases German silver circle; 1062 cases brass circle; 14 cases imitation leather; 26 cases cotton yarn; 36 cases rayon pe goods; 20 cases grey cotton heavy shirting; 30 bundles lunan chest wood; 44 cases celluloid bangles; 56 cases glass bangles; 26 cases rubber goods; 31 cases mercerized bleached cotton yarn; 13 bales grey cotton yarns; 27 cases motor goods; 69 cases glvd wire netting; 307 cases glass bottles; 33 cases lathes; 22 cases bobbins; 46 cases electric goods, 31 cases porcelain insulators; 15 cases horn buttons.

From Miike: 14 drums aniline dyes; 100 drums carbide of calcium

From Singapore:: 100 cases preserved pine apples

From Colombo: 46 h/chs tea

From Moji: 1141 bags soda ash; 430 drums aniline dyes; 232 bales simili paper; 50 cases veg wax

From Hongkong: 900 packages cassia; 15 packages hurricane lanterns; 11 packages glass bangles; 52 packages fire crackers; 100 bundles cassia tigma

From Shimi Azu: 147 cases Japan green tea

From Yokohama: 15 cases Japan thrown silk; 80 cases transparent paper; 100 bales raw silk; 20 cases komboshi; 200 cases grey mercerised cotton yarn; 150 bags rock sulphor; 600 drums caustic soda flake; 200 bags powdered sulphor; 490 cases beer; 36 drums caustic soda; 10 cases alarm clock

From Kobe: 90 cases cotton and rayon mixed pc goods; 17 cases celluloid goods, 92 cases porcelainware; 69 cases glassware; 156 cases glazed earthen tiles; 226 cases slates; 34 bags broken tiles; 56 cases weaving machine accessories; 40 cases art silk yarn; 62 cases toys; 19 cases cheap glass; 90 cases empty tin cans; 20 cases celluloid bangles, 85 bags magnesium carbonate; 70 cases buttons; 12 cases cotton drawers; 28 cases bobbin; 318 drums asphalt; 147 cases cotton ps goods; 155 cases rayon yarn; 124 cases rayon ps goods; 114 bales matting; 50 coils dire rope; 80 cases hardware; 16 cases rayon goods; 115 cases refined camphor; 14 bags rubber chemicals; 280 bags stone powder; 412 cases printing paper; 28 bales glue gelatine; 30 bales staple fibre yarn; 30 cases spun silk yarn; 720 bundles Momi case board, 102 bags magnesium carbonate; 14 cases cycle goods; 50 bundles star aniseeds, 317 cases cotton and art silk mixed shirtings; 20 cases silk and goods; 125 cases cotton and rayon mixed yarn.

Setback In U. S. A. Major Commodities

Cotton Prices Down By 20 Points

Some Abandonment Of New Deal's Programme

BOMBAY: April 22.

A setback in major commodities engendered a sympathetic fall on Wall Street, which in addition, was depressed by the absence of enthusiasm after rallies.

An interesting sidelight was the view that there was the possibility of renewed British accumulation of American Securities as an escape from the contentious growth of profits tax.

Caution was the watch word of traders on the New York Cotton market. Demand was slow with Mr. Wallace's intimation that much of the New Deal's ambitious farm programme would intimation that much of the New economy plan which was considered as mildly unsettling in connection with the new crop.

Prices on the Chicago wheat market fell on favourable crop and weather reports with pressure on the new crop on indications of further beneficial moisture.

The New York Cotton futures market opened steady but prices declined on moderate May and scattered liquidation with buyers disposed to await developments in connection with May notices on Tuesday. Later the market further declined more shortly on liquidation by recent buyers.

The market opened at a rise of 2 points with May 13.48 which was the highest level for the day. Prices kept on declining under increased selling and May was quoted 13.25 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 20 to 17 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 20 points at 13.86c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 17 to 22 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced 20 points at 13.52c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of 8 points with July 7.43. The market reacted on hedging and London liquidation on weakness of dollar. Later on there was trade calling and buying of near months against distants. The market closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points. Middling American Spot Cotton prices advanced 5 points at 7.58d per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian Cotton futures market was steady Sakels futures closed 3 points up and uppers gained 6 to 9 points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria Cotton futures market was quiet and irregular Sakels closed 2 to 5 points down while Ashmouni futures were 12 to 8 points up

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. May Highest (10 a.m.)	13.48 plus 02
N. Y. May Lowest (2-4 p.m.)	1' 25 –21
Liverpool July Highest	7.45 plus 10
Liverpool July Lowest	7 39 plus 0[illegible]

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Quiet Trading Market Trading sentiment Bearish but contracts in rather scarce supply. Market shows no decided trend.

New York.—Expect traders market for time being. Think we shall see lower prices to buy. Heavy rain in some sections. Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet and easy.

New York.—Near month liquidation by Wall Street and West Trade demand limited.

New York.—Market influenced by unsettled sentiment. Early reports from the belt favourable. Think we are in a trading area with purchases on dips preferable. Potential buying demand under the market. Delivery notices expected to be unimportant marketwise.

New York.—Yesterday's buyers sold to-day. Bears attacking market. Market affected by favourable crop news.

New York.—Secretary of Agriculture indicates need for economy likely to cause the abandonment of additional production control plans Spinners in different buyers. Yesterday's buyers sold to-day. New bullish factors are needed

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 22.

May	13.26—29
July	13.29—17
October	13.03—19
December	12.97—19
January	13.01—19
March	13.04—19
Middling Spot	13.86—29

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 22.

May	13.13—17
July	13.17—20
October	13.00—27
Middling Spot	13.52—20
11 a.m. Ranges:—	
May	13.42
July	13.4[illegible]
October	13 18
Noon Call.—	
May	13.37
July	13.35
October	13 14

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 22.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	6,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	3,000
Day's Exports to China and Japan	Nil

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, April 22.

Aprh	7.40 plus 09
May	7.39 plus 09
June	7.41 plus 08
July	7.43 plus 08
August	7.30 plus 07
September	7.36 plus 05
October	7.33 plus 04
November	7.27 plus 04
December	7.27 plus 09
January	7.18 plus 04
February	7.28 plus 04
March	7.28 plus 04
April	7.28 plus 04
Middling Spot	7.58 plus 08
10-12 a.m. quotations,—	
May	7.39
July	7.43

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 22.

F.G.F SAKELLARIDIS.—	
April	11.40
May	11.45
July	11.55
September	11.70
F.G.F. Spot	12.00

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, April 22.

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	6.19
Fine (good staple)	6.25
Superfine (good staple)	6.40
OOMRA.—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	6.10
Superfine (No 1 staple)	6.15
Choice (No 1 staple)	6.30
BENGAL—	
Good	5.04
Fully Good	5.14
Fine	5.29

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 23.

April	276.30	—10
June	268.50	—290
July	265.00	—230
August	262.00	—300
October	190.00	—310

LONDON SEEDS.

London, April 22.

Linseed, La Plata Hull C. I. F. April sellers	£13/3/3
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. April-May sellers	£14/15/0
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. April-May sellers	£15/10/0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C I. F. April-May sellers	£14/15/0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. April-May sellers	£14/7/6

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, April 22.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May-July sellers	47/3
Wheat Barletta Russo May June sellers	47/6
Wheat South Australian April sellers	46/3

LINSEED OIL.

London, April 22.

Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. May sellers	29/3
Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. June-Aug. sellers	29/4 1/2

LONDON RUBBER.

London, April 22.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. sellers	11 7/16

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, April 22.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	9

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 22.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 237; Highest Lowest 235 1/4; Closing 235 3/4

Broach July-Aug. Op. 242 3/4; Highest 243 1/4; Lowest 241 1/4; Closing 241 3/4.

Broach A-M. 1938 Op. 245 3/4; Highest 247 1/4; Lowest 245 1/4; Closing 246 1/4

Oomra May Op. 227; Highest 227; Lowest 224 3/4; Closing 225 1/4.

Oomra July Op. 228; Highest 228; Lowest 226; Closing 227.

Bengal May Op. 194, Highest 194; Lowest 193; Closing 193.

Bengal July Op. 194; Highest 194 1/2; Lowest 194; Closing 194 1/2.

Bengal D-J. Op. 187; Highest 187 1/4; Lowest 187; Closing 187 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach July-August (21-5-37) Rs. 8.

T/Mandi for Broach July-August (30-6-37) Rs. 13 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach April-May (31-3-38) Rs. 32 1/2.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 21st April	9,465
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	2,493,100
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	2,233,212
Increase	259,888

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, April 23.

June	78.90	—90
July	79 80	—100

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 23.

Following a sharp decline of 20 points in New York Cotton futures the local market opened to-day at Rs. 239 for Broach J/A. delivery and declined to Rs. 238/4 on nervous unloading Later on the market was steady at Rs. 238/8. In view of uncertain situation in America, local operators are feeling shy to increase their risks. It appears that the U.S.A. Government is against any speculative activity and repeated official announcements are checking enthusiasm. The future of cotton prices entirely depends upon crop and weather news.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 7 points and later on was 8 points down. The local market was quiet but steady and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	252 0 0
Broach J/A	237 12 [illegible]
New Broach A/M	241 8 [illegible]
Oomra May	221 8 0
Oomra July	223 [illegible] 0
Bengal May	189 12 0
Bengal July	191 4 [illegible]
New Bengal D/J	183 12 0

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 23

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M	850	10400

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 23

	Extra	Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	...	196	193	190	187
Punjab	...	196	193	190	187
Oomra No. 3	231	228	225	222	...
C P No. 1	244	241	238	235	...
C P No. 2	235	232	229	226	...
Broach No. 2	...	239	237	234	231
Punjab Ame	...	247	245	242	239
Surat	...	298	296	293	290
Rajpipla	...	293	291	288	285
Navsari	...	308	306	303	300

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, April 23

100 Kotak and Co Nandura 21 off
139 Kotak and Co Pusad 22 off
57 Kotak and Co Arvi 30 off
66 Kotak and Co Ellichpur 215
100 Japan T and Co Akola 7 1/2 off
100 Japan T and Co Bengal 6 on
100 Japan T and Co Basim 217 1/2
38 Japan T and Co Nandgaon Surti 218
212 S Junjhnuvala Ellichpur 223 3/4
151 New Kaisharehind Mill Chicha watni 235
100 Moon Mill Amod 228
20 Thakarshi Moolji Aurangabad old 230

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 23

Bengal Superfine	197/98
Bengal Fine	192/94
Bengal F G	...
C P 1	229/30
C P 2	220/22
Arvi	220/22
Ellichpur	220/22
Berar	217/22
Khamgaon	217/22
Mulkapur	212/17
Khandesh	210/14
Jalna/Sailu	210/13
Burwah Sanavad	215/20
Mathia	196/99
Broach Fine	235/39
Punjab American	235/43
Sind N T	298/303
Punjab 289F	318/23
Jagadia Ankleshwar	283/88
Km-Kosamba	288/93
Surat	291/95
Navsari	301/03
Kampala	425/76

Indian Cotton Figures

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, April 23

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year
Khandesh	...	202,981
Central India	253	319,707
Barsi and Nagar	48	164,336
Hyderabad Gaorani	82	94,721
Berar	2,219	538,179
Central Provinces	183	110,534
Total Oomras	2,785	1,430,321
Dholera	2,250	80,446
N W Provinces	49	9,130
Rajputana	831	79,409
Sind Punjab	1,512	302,359
Broach	1,563	278,070
Coompta and Dharwar	685	31,671
Westerns Northerns	91	27,269
Cocoanada	...	136
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	193	7,053
Persian	...	14
American	...	8,290
Egyptian and African	908	249,577
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	42
Total	10,867	2,503,967

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 15th April

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	1,245	346,243
Japan and China	1,679	1,064,245
Coast Ports	1,000	20,186
Up-country by Rail	...	185,692
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	12,503
Total	3,924	1,628,869

Cotton Teji-Mandi

Bombay, April 23

Broach J/A—	
Monthly	8 4 0
Difference Rs. 5	2 8 0
Difference Rs. 10	1 4 0
Broach J/A—	14 8 0
Teji on Rs. 270	1 4 0
Mandi on Rs. 225	2 8 0
Broach A/M	33 0 0
Teji on Rs. 275	7 8 0

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, April 22

SAKELS—	
May 21.30	—02
July 20.95	—05
ASHMOUNI—	
April 18.48	plus 12
June 17.71	plus 08
GIZA—	
May 21.42	plus 08

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 23

Yesterday London gold prices declined 6d to £7-0-7 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 12 points at 111.21. Dollar-Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.93 25/32 at New York London silver prices declined 3/16d. to 15/16d There was little general selling. India bought at the decline and business was small Later on the market was dull There were small sellers at fixed rates but buyers were at 1/16th under fixed price. New York silver prices were unchanged while Montreal futures were 10 to 25 points down.

The local market was quiet but steady with a limited turnover. Silver prices fluctuated between Rs. 50/8 and Rs. 50/5 and later steadied at Rs. 50/6. Gold market was steady with small enquiry

	Rs. a. p.
GOLD.—	
Ready	[illegible] 13 [illegible]
Chaitra	34 13 6
Vaishakh	34 11 0
SILVER—	
Ready	52 12 0
Chaitra	50 6 0
Vaishakh	52 15 0

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 22.

Spot	20 5/16
Forward	20 [illegible]8

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 22.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7-0-7 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, April 22.

April	45.05 —25
May	44.85 —23
July	44 90 —15

LONDON METALS

London, April 22.

Copper	£50 0 0
Spelter	£25 18 9
Lead	£25 15 0
Tin	£264 15 0

Heavy short covering. Continental buying.

Bombay Metals

Bombay, April 23

London market—

Standard copper cash (buyers)	£60 12 6
Standard copper 3 months	£58 0 0
Electrolytic copper	£66 0 0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs 44 8 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 56 0 0

Tone: Steady.

WEATHER OVER U. S. A. COTTON BELT

Liverpool, April 23

Weather favourable. Slightly warmer. Light rains in the New Orleans districts. Forecast: Western. Belt partly cloudy, all balance of entire. Belt generally fair.

LINSEED & WHEATS

Bombay, April 23

Following easier Chicago advices, the local market was quiet. The U. S. A. crop is progressing favourably and weather conditions are also good There was some realising. London and Liverpool markets also fluctuated within a narrow range with restricted business.

Linseed May	8 0 9
Linseed September	8 5 0
Wheat May	5 11 9
Wheat September	5 11 6

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 22

April £14-17-6

Groundnut And Seeds

Bombay, April 23

To-day the local market remained entirely closed owing to Jain holiday. In view of delivery months being near the tendency is downward. Tejimandi premiums are as under:—

Groundnuts May	0 13 0
Groundnuts August	3 2 0
Castorseeds May	0 9 0
Castorseeds September	2 12 0
Cottonseed May	0 5 6
Cottonseed September	1 10 0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 22

May 117 3/4d.
July 114 3/4d.
October 106 1/4d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 22

May dol 1.32 1/2
July dol 1.18 1/2
September dol 1.16

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 23

Ready Javas Rs. 13-10-0
Shipment April June Rs. 4-13-0
Shipment July Sept Rs. 4-12-6
Shipment Oct Dec Rs. 4-13-0
Kesar Rs. 11-2-0
Saraya Rs. 10-13-0
Java Spot F. 5.65

New York Sugar

New York, April 22

July 2.52 —1
September 2.52 —1
December 2.52 —2
January 2.47 —2

London Sugar

London, April 22.

Constructive announcement expected in the next few days but believe that quota will be on large side. Market still heavily long and likely to meet selling on any advance.

London Rubber

London, April 22.

Prices advanced sharply on resumption of U.S.A. demand.

Oct-Dec.	11 5/8d.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 23

2 3/4 per cent	1948/52 99/14
3 per cent	1951/54 101/6
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 102/12
3 1/2 per cent	G P N Cash 95/2
3 1/2 per cent	1947/50 Loan 106
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 107
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 111
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 107/12
4 per cent	U P Bonds 97
5 per cent	1939/44 105/8
5 per cent	1940/43 108/4
5 1/2 per cent	1938/40 Loan 104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent	1945/55 120/4
4 per cent	1953/63 111/8
5 1/2 per cent	1938 Mysore 104/12
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent	B P T 1974 107
4 per cent	M Deb 1974 106
5 per cent	M Deb 1959 117
5 per cent	1954 129
6 per cent	K P T 1956 129
6 1/2 per cent	B I T 1937 101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 85/3 and after advancing to Rs. 85/4 declined to Rs. 95/1 Tone steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 23

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	271 3/8
Banks selling T T	269 3/8
Banks buying T T	267 1/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	332
Banks buying T T	347
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from June)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/2
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/4
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/4
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 3/8
CROSS RATE—	
New York London	
22nd instant	4.93 3/4
Japan London—	
23rd instant	1/[illegible]
Hongkong London—	
23rd instant	1/3
Shanghai London—	
23rd instant	1/2 1/2
Java London—	
23rd instant	8.99 1/2
London Paris	
22nd instant	111.21
London Belgium	
22nd instant	29.23 3/4
London Switzerland	
22nd instant	21.58 3/4
London Berlin	
22nd instant	12.28 3/4
London Stockholm	
22nd instant	19.39 3/4
London New York	
22nd instant	4.94
London Amsterdam	
22nd instant	9.02 1/8
London Italy	
22nd instant	93.31
Tone of Sterling Exchange	Quiet.
Gold—	
21st instant	£7-1-1
22nd instant	£7-0-7 1/2
Silver London Ready—	
21st instant	20 1/2
22nd instant	20 5/16
Silver London Forward—	
21st instant	20 9/16
22nd instant	20 3/8
Silver New York Ready	
21st instant	45
22nd instant	45
London Discounts 3 Months	
21st instant	9/16 p.c.
22nd instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Months	
21st instant	11/16 p.c.
22nd instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1 p.c.
3 months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 months	1 1/4 p.c.

Tone:—Steady.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, April 22.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	77 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	89 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	102 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	106 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	112 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	97 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	102 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	103 3/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, April 22.

London Discount rate unchanged.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, April 22.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.94
Paris	111.21
Berlin	12.28 3/4
Madrid	nominal 86.00
Amsterdam	9.02 1/8
Brussels	29.23 3/4
Milan	93.81
Berne	21.58 3/4
Prague	141.62

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, April 22.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£77 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£89 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent cent 1950/55	£109 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£77 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£102 3/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£103 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£111 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£110 3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A and China	£15 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg.	£119 1/2
National Bank of India	£41 5/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

Short Covering In Steel Shares

New Greats In Better Demand

NARROW TRADING SESSION

BOMBAY: April 23.

The sudden break witnessed on the local Stock Exchange yesterday at about the close, undermined general confidence and the market was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover.

Owing to Jain holiday, the market was open to-day for one hour and there was a fair amount of business to-day.

The market opened quiet, and improved few points, but renewed nervous selling depressed prices. Later on there was some covering which resulted in sharp rally and the market closed few points above yesterday's closing prices.

Tata Steel Dfrds. opened to-day at Rs. 1,410 against previous close at Rs. 1,430 and improved to Rs. 1,440. At this level there was some nervous unloading and prices eased off to Rs. 1,395.

Later on there was active short-covering and with scattered buying prices advanced to Rs. 1,665 and finally closed at Rs. 1,455.

Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened to-day at Rs. 309 and improved to Rs. 314 to decline to Rs. 305, but again advanced to Rs. 318 and closed at Rs. 317.

Among Cottons, New Greats fared well and closed at Rs. 225. Bombay Dyeings opened to-day at Rs. 885 in sympathy with weakness in cotton prices, but later on rallied to Rs. 897. Kohinoors closed at Rs. 300 and Simplex shares steadied at Rs. 91.

Cement shares fluctuated within a narrow range under restricted business. Hydro-Electrics were neglected, while Bombay-Burma shares opened at Rs. 647 and after declining to Rs. 640 closed at Rs. 652.

The tone of the market was unsettled, but in view of recent heavy liquidation, the technical position of the market is healthy and moderate rallies are not unlikely.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 23.

	Rs. as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	322 8
250 BOM. DYEING (Rs. 25)	895 0
100 CENTURY	197 8
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4.)	281 4
100 COLABA (nil)	167 8
100 Coorla	107 8
250 David	75 0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375 0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-7-0
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	138 12
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	218 2
1000 Hindustan (Rs 75)	1,725 0
100 Indore	55 0
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	100 0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	300 10
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	620 0
250 Madras United	11 0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100 0
250 Model	60 0
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118 12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	225 0
100 Oosmanshahi (Rs. 1)	55 8
100 Phoenix (10)	312 8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77 8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,300 0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-2)	91 4
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	248 12
100 Swan (nil)	110 0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300 0
100 Western	805 0
BANKS.	
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	109 4
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34 8
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,520 0
125-500 I. Conty. (Rs. 7-8)	375 0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	138 12
100 Reserve Bank	129 0
5 Union (As. 4)	5 10
CEMENTS	
100 Associated	163 0
10 BUNDI (As. 10)	40 8
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221 4
70 Gwalior (Rs. 4)	135 0
100 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	541 4
50 Katni Def (Rs. 83-8-9)	2,570 0
100 KATNI ORD (Rs. 10)	397 8
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	295 0
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	29 8
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	515 10
70 United (Rs. 5)	160 0
INSURANCE.	
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	171 4
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1670 0
10 Ajmer (As 4)	13 8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	151 9
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190 0
10 Broach	14 4
100 Karachi (4)	267 8
100 Poona (4)	285 0
100 Surat (Rs 6)	210 0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	180 0
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1487 8
RAILWAYS	
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	912 8
100 C. Province	94 4
100 Dhond Baramati	102 0
100 Gujarat	92 0
100 Mandra Bhon	97 8
100 Pachora Jamner	97 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101 0
500 Tapti Valley	763 12
MININGS	
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	54 8
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1455 0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	317 0
MISCELLANEOUS.	
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	307 8
50 B. SUGAR (Rs. 7)	173 12
200 B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 40)	900 0
250 B. STEAM (Rs. 15)	282 8
125 B. BURMA (Rs 12-9)	652 8
50 Do. Contry. (Rs. 6)	220 0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-15-6
50 B. TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	116 12
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8.)	12 0
2sh. Indian Copper	3 7
10 Indian I. and Steel	47 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, April 23.

Century (201/4) 196 195 200 195
Bom. Dyeing (901/4) 385 895 900 895 897
Kohinoor (301/4) 296 300
Central India (282/2) 281 282 280 281
New Great (218/2) 218 221 218 222 225
Simplex (90) 90 91 90 91
Swadeshi (248/12) 245 246 245 248
Bundi (41/4) 42 40/8 41/8
I. Cement (545) 542 540 538 541/4
Shahabad (518/12) 515 517 515
Tata Hydro (179/11) 179 180
Tata Power (1485) 1490 1487
Tram Ord. (151/14) 151
T. Steel Dfd. (1430) 1410 1405 1445 1395 1465 1440 1465 1455
T. Steel Ord. (311) 309 314 305 313 317 316 317
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (179) 178/8 179/4
Bellapur (178/12) 176 171 175 174 173
B. Steam (286/4) 282 277 282
B. Burma (650) 647 640 656 647 652

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 22.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following quotations from the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Doi.
Amr. Water Works Com.	21
Amr. Gas & Electric	36
Ame. Power & Light Com.	11
Ame. Power & Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	57
Electric Bond Common	22
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	17
Columbia Gas	14
United Corpn.	6
American Tel. & Tel.	168 1/4
Western Union Telg.	67 1/2
Great North Pfd. Rly.	53
New York Central Rly.	50
Northern Pacific Rly.	46
Southern Pacific Rly.	59
Union Pacific Rly.	147
Delaware & Hudson	18
Plymouth Oil	29
N. Y. N. Hartford H.R.R.	20
Republican Steel	42 1/4
United States Steel	114 1/4
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	17
Anaconda Copper Mining	5/
Int. Nickel of Canada	63 1/2
Chrysler	119
General Motors	66
Packard Motor	10
General Electric	55 1/2
Kelvinator	12
Mid Cont. Oil	31
St. Oil of N. J.	58
Socony	20
Chase Bank	57 1/2
National City Bank	50 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	705
Crucible Steel	71
Youngstown Sheet	92
United S. Smelting	92
Amerex	30 3/8

Brokers loans up 8 million dollars. Plymouth Oil earned 61 cents per share J/M. 1937. Market acted very well at the opening but closed somewhat lower because of easing of commodities. Turnover yesterday 1 1/4 million shares to-day 1180000 shares.

100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	147	8
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	50	0
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	650	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530	0
1,000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616	4
15 Scindia	26	10
30 PREMIER CON.	95	0
25 Tata Oil (nil)	20	0
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c Andhra Valley	1550	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	299	6
7 p.c. Bom Tram (TF)	84	0
5 p.c Centra. India (T.F.)	537	8
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T F.)	146	4
7½ p.c. Punjab Cement	15	0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	100	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150	0
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1550	0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st.	200	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	179	4
6 p.c Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101	0
6 p.c Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c Bom Telephone	51	4
7 p.c. Sholapur	80	12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

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JUPITER GENERAL
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J11

REGD. NO.. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, APRIL 24, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

Sensational Arrests At Dohad

Anti-Jamnadas Demonstration And Its Sequel

DOHAD, April 23.

Following a demonstration against Hon'ble Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, Bombay Government who arrived here this morning by Frontier Mail to tour the famine-stricken area in Panch-Mahal District, the police arrested six Congress workers.

Those arrested are Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya, a member of the All-India Congress Committee and the Secretary of the Gujarat Congress Socialist conference, Mr. Dinker Mehta, Ranchod Patel and three others.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Ag. General Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, has received the following telegram in Bombay from Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya, the Secretary of the Gujarat Congress Socialist Conference from Dohad:—

"Myself, Dinker Mehta, Ranchhod Patel and three others arrested. Two thousand people supported us in the Station demonstration against Jamnadas Mehta. Huge procession taken and meeting held in the morning. The Gujarat Congress Socialist Conference will be held on 25th despite anything."—United Press.

CITY OBSERVES HARTAL

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Chairman of the Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference and a Member of the A.I.C.S., was arrested this morning at the Dohad railway station, five minutes before the arrival of the train which brought Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, the Finance Minister to the Government of Bombay, to Dohad. There was a large crowd at the station which made demonstrations with black flags.

The Gujerat Socialist Conference is to be held from Sunday next. Even in the absence of the Chairman of the Reception Committee, the Conference will be held.

Soon after the arrest of Mr. Pandya, Messrs. Dinker Mehta, Secretary of the A.I.C.S. Party, Ranchhod Patel and Babu Patel, labour workers of the Ahmedabad Union, Ramanlal Sheth, Vice-President of the Kisan Sangh, and Chhotalal Desai, a socialist worker were also arrested. All of them have been taken to the police station. As a protest against the arrests, the people are closing their shops and observing hartal.

A public protest meeting will be held when Messrs. Harilal Shah, Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Gujerat Socialist conference, and Mr. Jaswant Thakar of Ahmedabad and others will address.—United Press.

WORKERS' MEETING IN DOHAD

Police Intervene

DOHAD, April 22.

The police authorities called upon the secretaries of the Reception Committee of the Second Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference and asked them not to hold to-day's public meeting in the Freelandganj railway colony, though it was a workers' meeting and such meetings were being held for the last seven years without any objection.—United Press.

MASANI LEAVES FOR DOHAD

BOMBAY, April 23.

In consequence of the arrest of six Congress Socialist workers including, Mr. Kamalashankar Pandya, the Chairman of the Reception Committee of the ensuing Gujarat Provincial Socialist Conference, Mr. M. R. Masani, Officiating Secretary of the All-India Congress Socialist Party left to-night for Dohad, to look to the necessary legal aid for the arrested persons and other arrangements of the Conference.—United Press.

BAN ON YAGNIK TO CONTINUE

BOMBAY, April 23.

In reply to an enquiry regarding the order passed by the Government of Bombay in February last year externing Mr. Indulal Yagnik, General Secretary, All-India Kisan Sangh from Panch Mahal, Broach, Surat and Kaira Districts and forbidding him either to attend or address public meetings in Ahmedabad District, Mr. Yagnik has now been informed by the Home Department of the newly constituted Government of Bombay to the effect that they are not prepared to rescind the order.

The order thus will continue to remain in force for an indefinite period.—United Press.

The "Bombay Chronicle" is anxious to assist the unemployed in finding suitable jobs. As a rule jobless persons are not in a position to spend even the smallest amount for advertisements. We offer insertion of a few selected Short Advts. in our TABULATED ADLET Columns entirely FREE, provided the applications are genuine and are approved by us. The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

PATNA HIGH COURT BOMB CASE

Assessors Find Accused Guilty: Judgment On Monday Next

PATNA: April 23.

The hearing in the Patna High Court Bomb Case concluded today before Rai Bahadur Shivaprika Chatterjee, Sessions Judge, Patna.

Anjinikumar, the only accused charged under Sections 3 and 5 of the Explosive Substances Act, stated that, after the close of the evidence, he placed the bomb at the High Court premises under the instigation of the C.I.D.'s, but he did not like it.

The assessors, however, opined that the accused was guilty under Sections 5 and 2 of the Act. Three assessors found him guilty under Section 3.

The judgment will be delivered on Monday next.—U.P.

DASKROLI PEASANTS' CONFERENCE

To Be Held In May To Establish Mass Contact

AHMEDABAD, April 23.

At a meeting of the Daskroi Taluka Congress Committee it was decided to hold a Peasants' Conference by the end of May. The object of the Conference is to establish mass contact and to educate the villagers in the democratic programme of the Congress.—United Press.

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Second Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference in Dohad and member of the A. I. C. C. who was arrested yesterday.

CONVERSION OF HARIJANS

Bihar Hindu Sabha Leaders Perturbed By Activities Of Missionaries

PATNA, April 23.

Hindu circles in Bihar are considerably perturbed at the alarming news that some hundred Harijans have been recently converted to Christianity in Peru and Sahar Thanas of Shahabad District. Reports indicate that intensive missionary activity is in evidence in those areas.

It is understood that Mr. Jagjivan Ram, M.L.A., President of the Bihar Provincial Depressed Classes League, is proceeding to these rural areas to study the conditions prevalent there. Some prominent members of the Bihar Provincial Hindu Sabha will also accompany him in his tour.—United Press.

PLIGHT OF YEOTMAL AGRICULTURISTS

Indiscriminate Coercion Alleged Against Revenue Officials

NAGPUR, April 23.

Mr. M. S. Aney, President of the Yeotmal District Association, has wired to the Revenue Minister, Central Provinces, explaining the miserable plight of the agriculturists of Yeotmal and Dharwar talukas owing to crop failure and low prices. He complains that, since the beginning of this year, the revenue authorities have taken coercive processes indiscriminately.

The Association fears that, unless the local Government intervenes and investigates the condition of the agriculturists the situation will become serious.

The Association is holding inquiries and will submit its report to the local Government for action.—United Press.

GANGSTERS' BOLD BID

Married Girl Abducted From Lahore Court Compound

LAHORE, April 23.

The American gangster method was employed to-day, when a Muslim girl was abducted in broad-day-light from the District Court compound in the presence of Police Officers and litigants in Court.

It is stated, Mrs. Kalsum a Muslim girl, who was living separated from her husband, came to the District Court in a 'tonga' to tender evidence in a case pending against her mother and her alleged paramour.

While she was still seated in the 'tonga', a lorry rushed in the Court precincts, when four people rushed out, and catching hold of the girl disappeared ere an alarm could be raised.

The police had not observed the number of the lorry and have circularised departmental information to all police stations in the city and the suburbs to find out the offenders.—United Press.

EXPARTE ORDERS MERELY ON POLICE REPORT

Krishak Leaders' Appeal Against Classification Among Criminals

COMILLA: April 22.

Maulvi Manomed Eradatulla, ex-Secretary of the Tipperah District Krishak Samity and a prominent Krishak leader of the district and six other members of the said Samity appeared before the Sub-Divisional Officer on April 20 and prayed for time to move the District Magistrate for setting aside the 'ex-pare' orders passed on them merely on the authority of police report. The Sub-Divisional Officer allowed time till May 10 next.

It may be remembered, Maulvi Mahomed Eradatullah, the ex-Secretary, and Munshi Neozali Behari, Munshi Hafizaur Rahaman, Munshi Azizur Rahaman, Samla Ali and Yusuf Ali, all members of the Samity, were served with notices directing them to appear before the S.D.O. of Comilla to register their names as persons liable to be dealt with under the provisions of the Criminal Tribes Act.

It may also be remembered that similar notices had been served on fifteen other members of the same Samity, besides the above-mentioned persons.—United Press.

Jairamdas For Allahabad

KARACHI, April 23.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram left Karachi this morning for Allahabad to attend the Working Committee meeting. Prof. Ghansham Jethanand, Leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly, who was invited for the meeting, is not attending the same in view of the Sind Assembly session commencing on April 27.—United Press.

Indira Nehru at Amsterdam in the Aeroplane that brought her recently to India

Miss Vidya Nehru, niece of Pandit Jawaharlal who arrived in Bombay on Thursday after obtaining a diploma in Teaching at Whiteland's College, London.

PRINCES AND FEDERATION

Representatives Of Major States To Confer In England Shortly

It is understood that representatives of the major Indian States will be meeting in England shortly to discuss the problems connected with Indian Federation and States entering the same. Special attention will be paid to the proposed additional clauses to the Instrument of Accession.

Some of the Prime Ministers of States, who are sailing to-day, will hold informal discussions on board the ship and hope to put concrete suggestions at the formal meeting in May. They will also consult their legal advisers before they inform the British Government of their demands.

M. YUNUS RESTORES COMMUNAL RELATIONS

Chief Minister's Intercession In Aurangabad Deadlock

PATNA: April 23.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. Yunus, Chief Minister of Bihar, returned to Patna this morning after visiting the places where clashes between Hindus and Muslims took place recently in the Patna and Gaya districts. The Chief Minister has succeeded in restoring amicable relationship between the two communities. At Aurangabad, where the Durga image had been lying unimmersed since October last, following a Hindu-Muslim clash and the restriction of the route of the Hindu procession imposed by the authorities the Hindus at the intercession of the Chief Minister yesterday afternoon took out the image in procession along the route and immersed the image without any untoward incident. The Chief Minister posted himself at the time of the procession in front of the mosque which was the scene of disturbance in last October.

After the procession had passed the mosque the Chief Minister visited the hospital, where people injured in the recent riot, both Hindus and Muslims, had been admitted and spoke sympathetically to each patient. The Chief Minister later inspected a Guard of Honour provided by the Armed Police and addressing them said that the stability of every Government and its safety ultimately depended on the military and the Police and that they should always remain faithful to their King and Country.—A. P.

Patna District Congress Cabinet

PATNA, April 23.

A Working Committee meeting of the Patna District Congress Committee will be held on April 30 in Sadaquat Ashram, Digha Ghat, to consider inter alia" the resignation of the members of the Working Committee, and disciplinary action against those suspended Congress members who worked against the Congress nominees in the last Provincial Assembly elections.—United Press.

BOMBAY LEAD TO SOCIALISTS

Collections To Be Made For Party Funds And Spanish Workers

BOMBAY, April 23.

Mr. M. R. Masani, Officiating General Secretary, All-India Congress Socialist Party has issued the following appeal in connection with the May Day Celebrations:

"The Executive Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party has given instructions for the sale of flags by members of the Party on May Day, 1st May in aid of Party's funds. I would remind all the Provincial parties of this decision and urge them to make collections on that day.

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party has decided that half the net proceeds collected in the city should go to Spanish people in their present fight against Fascist forces. I draw their attention to this because I feel that this is a very good idea which might well be copied by other provincial parties should they so desire.—United Press.

JAMADAR SHOT DEAD

Sequel To Quarrel Over Alleged Loan

AHMEDABAD, April 23.

Early yesterday morning a sound of revolver shots was heard near the Jamalpur Slaughter House when a crowd collected and found a Pathan Jamadar in the Slaughter House shot dead.

It is alleged a quarrel between the Jamadar and his Pathan subordinate over a loan of money excited the subordinate to draw out a revolver and shoot the Jamadar. The assailant escaped.—A. P.

CANAL WATER DISPUTE SEQUEL

SHEIKHUPURA, April 21.

The dispute over turn of canal water is said to have culminated in a serious fracas between two parties of Mohammedan Zemindars of Khangah Dogran, as a result of which one man was fatally injured and about half a dozen men sustained minor injuries.

The parties, it is reported, have been at daggers drawn for nearly half a century and have fought more than once during this period with tragic consequences.

The District Superintendent of Police inspected the spot with a posse of constables and is busy making inquiries.—United Press.

MINORITY RIGHTS

Amply Safeguarded By Congress

ALLAHABAD, April 23.

Doctor K. M. Ashraf, who is in charge of the Muslim Mass Contact Section of the A.I.C.C., authoritatively denies that any correspondence regarding terms whereon Muslims should join the Congress has passed between him and Maulana Ahmad Said of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema.

Dr. Ashraf believes that minority rights have already been amply and completely safeguarded in the Congress resolution on Fundamental Rights and, therefore, it is neither necessary nor advisable to talk about fresh pacts and undertakings, rocks on which all unity talks and conferences have foundered. In his opinion what is required is the widest possible publicity to the resolution on fundamental rights. This, he is confident, will completely satisfy all those honestly desiring to join the struggle for freedom and remove misunderstandings, which are being deliberately created by certain interested parties.—A.P.

CONGRESSMAN'S ELECTION PETITION.

RAWALPINDI, April 22.

It is understood that an election petition has been filed by the Congress candidate Sultan Ularafin, who was defeated in Hazara constituency, against Sir Abdul Qayam, Chief Minister of the Frontier Province.—A. P.

TRAGIC CLASH OVER WOMEN

Four Killed And 9 Injured In Faction Fight Among Baluchis

KARACHI, April 23.

Four persons were killed and nine seriously injured whereof two persons are lying in dangerous condition, in a free fight that ensued between two factions of 'Baluchis' at Sirwah in Shahdadkot district.

The dispute, it is reported, occurred on the question of women, which culminated in a veritable battle in which swords and lathis were freely used.

The police on receipt of the information appeared on the scene and arrested several persons.—United Press.

DAHEJ THAKUR JAILED

Alleged Branding Of Wife With Burning Cigarettes

AHMEDABAD, April 23.

The Thakore of Dahej, in Wagra Taluk, Broach District was sentenced by the Assistant Collector to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 500 for alleged torture of his wife.

The prosecution alleged that that the Thakore branded his wife with burning cigarettes all over her body and kept her confined in a house.—United Press.

KEEP OUT CASTE IN GOD'S TEMPLES

Ram Mandir For Chamars Opened At Burhanpur

(From A Correspondent)

KHANDWA April 23.

Temple opening ceremony was performed with great eclat in Chamar quarters at Burhanpur. The Chamars have constructed a Ram Mandir costing Rs. 5,000. Beohar Rajindra Singh M.L.A. and president, Mahakoshal Provincial Harijan Board, in his opening speech exhorted the audience to shed caste distinctions at least in worship of God and allow all Harijans to enter temples.

PATNA HIGH COURT BOMB CASE

PATNA, April 23.

The hearing in the Patna High Court Bomb Case concluded today before Rai Bahadur Shivaprika Chattarjee, Sessions Judge, Patna.

Anjani Kumar, the only accused charged under sections 3 and 5 of the Explosive Substances Act, stated that, after the close of the evidence, he placed the bomb at the High Court premises under the instigation of the men of C.I.D., but he did not like it.

The assessors, however, opined that the accused was guilty under sections 5 and 2 of the Act. Two of the three assessors found him guilty under section 3.

The judgment will be delivered on Monday next.—United Press.

The French aviatrix Madame Claire Roman and Mlle. Naudin left Le Bourget at 5-40 a.m. yesterday on an attempt at a new record flight to Pondicherry.

25 %

of our readers may not have noticed upto now that in our TABULATED ADLET Columns, we are offering for three insertions of the same advertisement 25 per cent

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Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.